

P1 (8 points): Express -34_{10} in the following binary formats. If it is not possible simply write **Not Possible**. Indicate how many bits are needed.

- Unsigned
- Sign & Magnitude
- 1's Compliment
- 2's Compliment

P2 (12 points): Perform the following operations on the numbers and indicate if overflow occurs for each operation. All numbers are 6 bits wide (stored in 2's complement). Show your work and all carry bits.

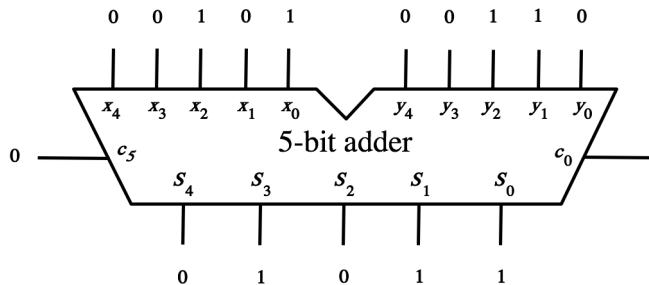
$\begin{array}{r} +000001 \\ 011000 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} +001110 \\ 110001 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} +111110 \\ 111010 \\ \hline \end{array}$
$\begin{array}{r} -010000 \\ 110111 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} -001011 \\ 101101 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} -101100 \\ 010100 \\ \hline \end{array}$

P3 (10 points) Draw the complete circuit diagram for a 2-bit ripple-carry adder. You are allowed to use 2-input and 3-input logical gates (of any type), but you can't use any higher-level abstractions (e.g., can't use half-adders or full-adders as black boxes in your circuit).

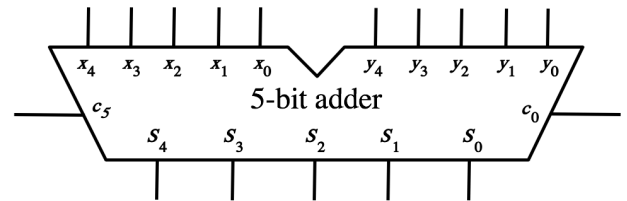
P4 (10 Points): You are given a 2-bit adder as a black box (say a microchip that you can't modify). The adder is too small for what you need to do and also does not compute an overflow bit. Draw a circuit that uses the 2-bit adder and any additional elements that you think are necessary to implement a 4-bit ripple-carry adder that also computes an overflow bit. Label all inputs, outputs and components.

P5 (15 Points): In all problems below, the binary numbers are in 2's complement representation. Assign either a 0 or a 1 to each input and output of the 5-bit adder such that it computes the given expression. The problem in a) is already solved.

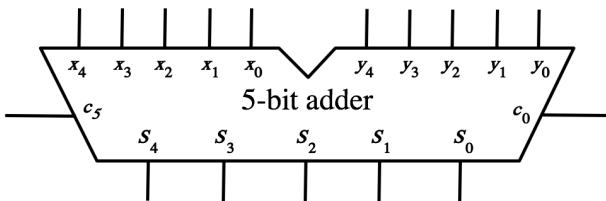
a) $(+5) + (+6) = +11$



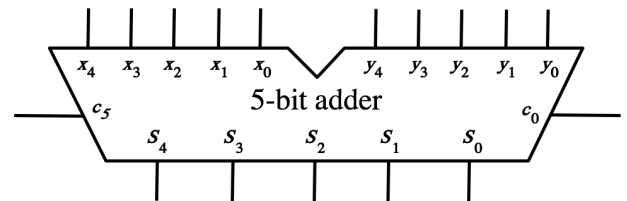
b) $(+8) + (+1) =$



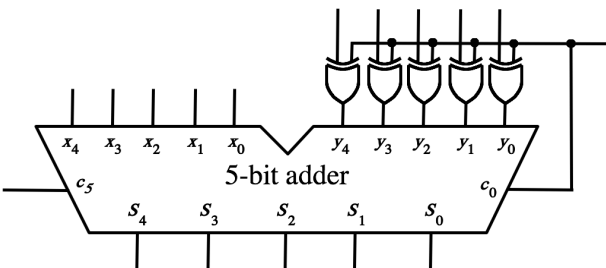
c) $(5) + (-15) =$



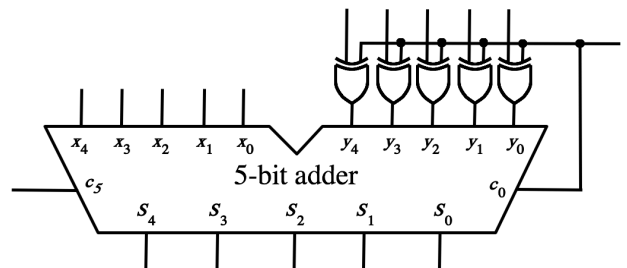
d) $(-12) + (-6) =$



e) $(+9) + (+10) =$



f) $(-10) - (-10) =$



P6 (15 Points): Perform the following multiplications using 2's complement binary numbers. Show all your work using **binary numbers**:

- a. $100_2 * 001_2$
- b. $1001_2 * 1111_2$
- c. $10101_2 * 01010_2$
- d. $-2_{10} * 7_{10}$
- e. $15_{10} * 9_{10}$

P7 (15 points): Convert the following numbers to IEEE 754 Single-Precision Floating Point format. Write your answer as a 32-bit number. Show your derivations.

- a) 52
- b) -23
- c) -81
- d) 96
- e) 111

P8 (15 points): Convert the following numbers from IEEE 754 Single-Precision Floating Point format to **decimal**. Show your derivations.

- a) $01000001110110000000000000000000_2$
- b) $11000010111000000000000000000000_2$
- c) $C2810000_{16}$
- d) 42860000_{16}
- e) $C0DE0000_{16}$