



CprE 281: Digital Logic

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<http://www.ece.iastate.edu/~alexs/classes/>

Assembly Language

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Iowa State University, Ames, IA
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Assembly Language

(for the i281 CPU)

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Intel 8086 Example

```
; _memcpy(dst, src, len)
; Copy a block of memory from one location to another.
;
; Entry stack parameters
;     [BP+6] = len, Number of bytes to copy
;     [BP+4] = src, Address of source data block
;     [BP+2] = dst, Address of target data block
;
; Return registers
;     AX = Zero
```

```
0000:1000                org     1000h           ; Start at 0000:1000h

0000:1000                _memcpy  proc
0000:1000 55              push    bp             ; Set up the call frame
0000:1001 89 E5             mov     bp,sp
0000:1003 06              push    es             ; Save ES
0000:1004 8B 4E 06         mov     cx,[bp+6]      ; Set CX = len
0000:1007 E3 11           jcxz   done           ; If len=0, return
0000:1009 8B 76 04         mov     si,[bp+4]      ; Set SI = src
0000:100C 8B 7E 02         mov     di,[bp+2]      ; Set DI = dst
0000:100F 1E             push    ds             ; Set ES = DS
0000:1010 07              pop     es

0000:1011 8A 04          loop    mov     al,[si] ; Load AL from [src]
0000:1013 88 05          loop    mov     [di],al ; Store AL to [dst]
0000:1015 46          loop    inc     si      ; Increment src
0000:1016 47          loop    inc     di      ; Increment dst
0000:1017 49          loop    dec     cx      ; Decrement len
0000:1018 75 F7          loop    jnz    loop     ; Repeat the loop

0000:101A 07          done    pop     es             ; Restore ES
0000:101B 5D          done    pop     bp             ; Restore previous call frame
0000:101C 29 C0          done    sub     ax,ax          ; Set AX = 0
0000:101E C3          done    ret              ; Return
0000:101F                end proc
```


Intel 8086 Example

Memory Address

```
; _memcpy(dst, src, len)
; Copy a block of memory from one location to another.
;
; Entry stack parameters
;     [BP+6] = len, Number of bytes to copy
;     [BP+4] = src, Address of source data block
;     [BP+2] = dst, Address of target data block
;
; Return registers
;     AX = Zero

0000:1000                org     1000h        ; Start at 0000:1000h

0000:1000                _memcpy  proc
0000:1000 55             push    bp            ; Set up the call frame
0000:1001 89 E5         mov     bp,sp
0000:1003 06             push    es            ; Save ES
0000:1004 8B 4E 06       mov     cx,[bp+6]     ; Set CX = len
0000:1007 E3 11         jcxz   done           ; If len=0, return
0000:1009 8B 76 04       mov     si,[bp+4]     ; Set SI = src
0000:100C 8B 7E 02       mov     di,[bp+2]     ; Set DI = dst
0000:100F 1E           push    ds            ; Set ES = DS
0000:1010 07           pop     es

0000:1011 8A 04         loop   mov     al,[si] ; Load AL from [src]
0000:1013 88 05         mov     [di],al      ; Store AL to [dst]
0000:1015 46           inc     si            ; Increment src
0000:1016 47           inc     di            ; Increment dst
0000:1017 49           dec     cx            ; Decrement len
0000:1018 75 F7         jnz    loop          ; Repeat the loop

0000:101A 07         done  pop     es            ; Restore ES
0000:101B 5D         pop     bp           ; Restore previous call frame
0000:101C 29 C0       sub     ax,ax        ; Set AX = 0
0000:101E C3         ret                    ; Return
0000:101F                end proc
```

Intel 8086 Example

```
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; Copy a block of memory from one location to another.
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;     [BP+2] = dst, Address of target data block
;
; Return registers
;     AX = Zero
```

Machine Language

```
0000:1000                org      1000h          ; Start at 0000:1000h

0000:1000  _memcpy  proc
0000:1000  55      push    bp           ; Set up the call frame
0000:1001  89 E5   mov     bp,sp
0000:1003  06      push    es           ; Save ES
0000:1004  8B 4E 06 mov     cx,[bp+6]     ; Set CX = len
0000:1007  E3 11   jcxz   done         ; If len=0, return
0000:1009  8B 76 04 mov     si,[bp+4]     ; Set SI = src
0000:100C  8B 7E 02 mov     di,[bp+2]     ; Set DI = dst
0000:100F  1E      push   ds           ; Set ES = DS
0000:1010  07      pop     es

0000:1011  8A 04   loop   mov     al,[si]   ; Load AL from [src]
0000:1013  88 05   mov     [di],al      ; Store AL to [dst]
0000:1015  46     inc     si           ; Increment src
0000:1016  47     inc     di           ; Increment dst
0000:1017  49     dec     cx           ; Decrement len
0000:1018  75 F7   jnz    loop         ; Repeat the loop

0000:101A  07     done  pop     es           ; Restore ES
0000:101B  5D     pop    bp           ; Restore previous call frame
0000:101C  29 C0   sub    ax,ax        ; Set AX = 0
0000:101E  C3     ret
0000:101F                end proc
```

Intel 8086 Example

```

; _memcpy(dst, src, len)
; Copy a block of memory from one location to another.
;
; Entry stack parameters
;     [BP+6] = len, Number of bytes to copy
;     [BP+4] = src, Address of source data block
;     [BP+2] = dst, Address of target data block
;
; Return registers
;     AX = Zero

```

Assembly Language

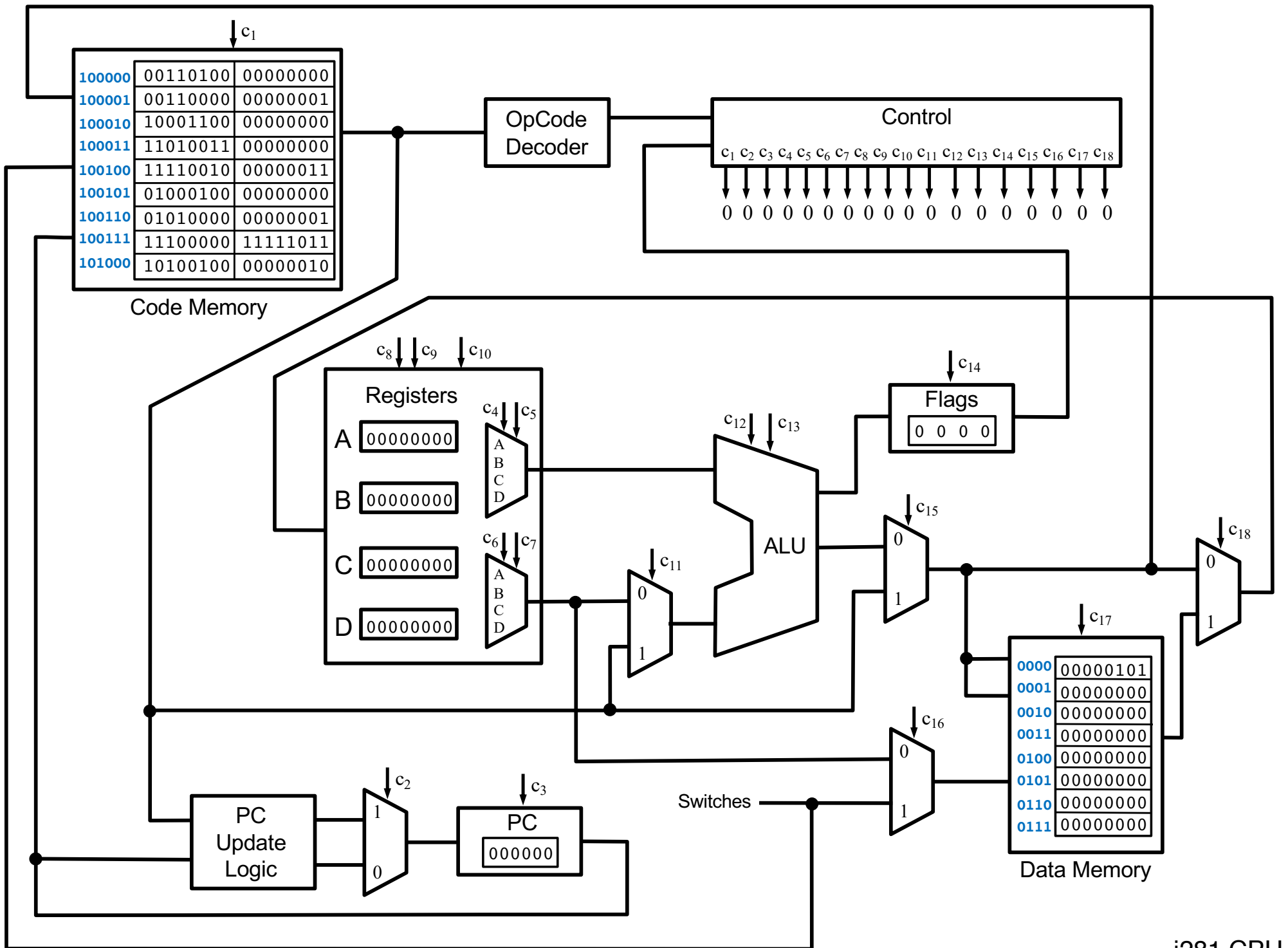
0000:1000		org	1000h	; Start at 0000:1000h
0000:1000		_memcpy	proc	
0000:1000	55		push	bp ; Set up the call frame
0000:1001	89 E5		mov	bp,sp
0000:1003	06		push	es ; Save ES
0000:1004	8B 4E 06		mov	cx,[bp+6] ; Set CX = len
0000:1007	E3 11		jcxz	done ; If len=0, return
0000:1009	8B 76 04		mov	si,[bp+4] ; Set SI = src
0000:100C	8B 7E 02		mov	di,[bp+2] ; Set DI = dst
0000:100F	1E		push	ds ; Set ES = DS
0000:1010	07		pop	es
0000:1011	8A 04	loop	mov	al,[si] ; Load AL from [src]
0000:1013	88 05		mov	[di],al ; Store AL to [dst]
0000:1015	46		inc	si ; Increment src
0000:1016	47		inc	di ; Increment dst
0000:1017	49		dec	cx ; Decrement len
0000:1018	75 F7		jnz	loop ; Repeat the loop
0000:101A	07	done	pop	es ; Restore ES
0000:101B	5D		pop	bp ; Restore previous call frame
0000:101C	29 C0		sub	ax,ax ; Set AX = 0
0000:101E	C3		ret	; Return
0000:101F			end	proc

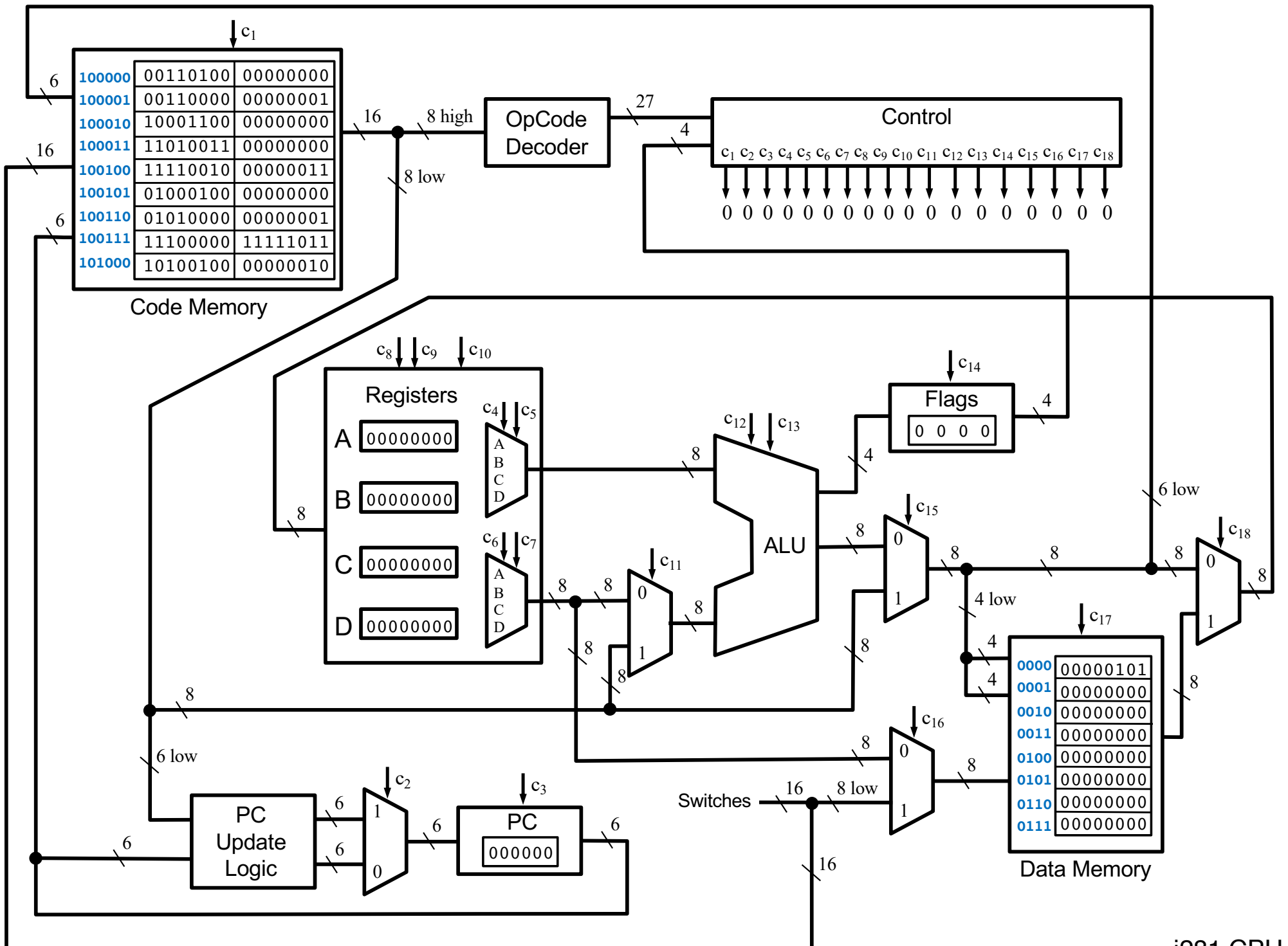
Intel 8086 Example

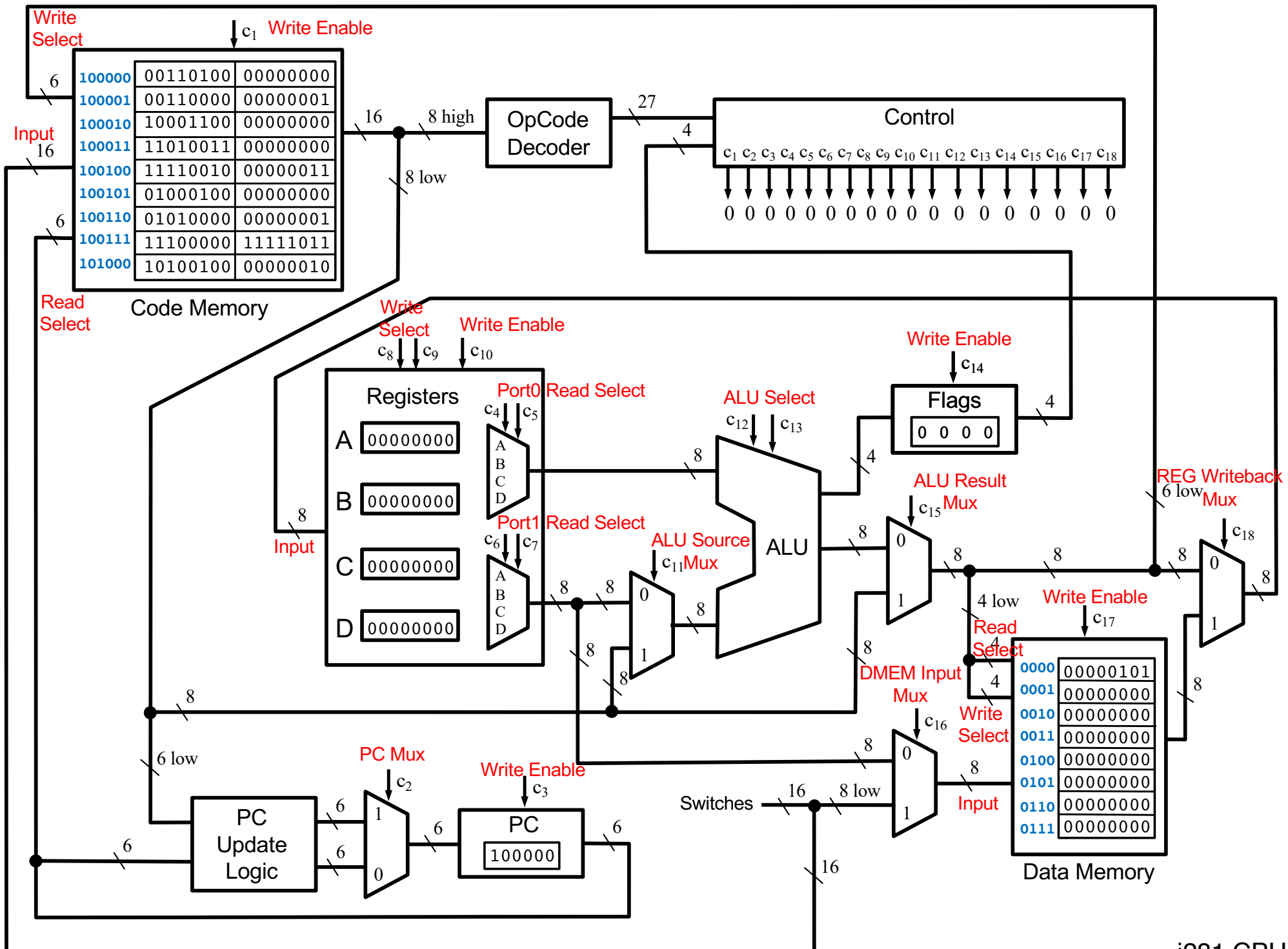
```
; _memcpy(dst, src, len)
; Copy a block of memory from one location to another.
;
; Entry stack parameters
;     [BP+6] = len, Number of bytes to copy
;     [BP+4] = src, Address of source data block
;     [BP+2] = dst, Address of target data block
;
; Return registers
;     AX = Zero
```

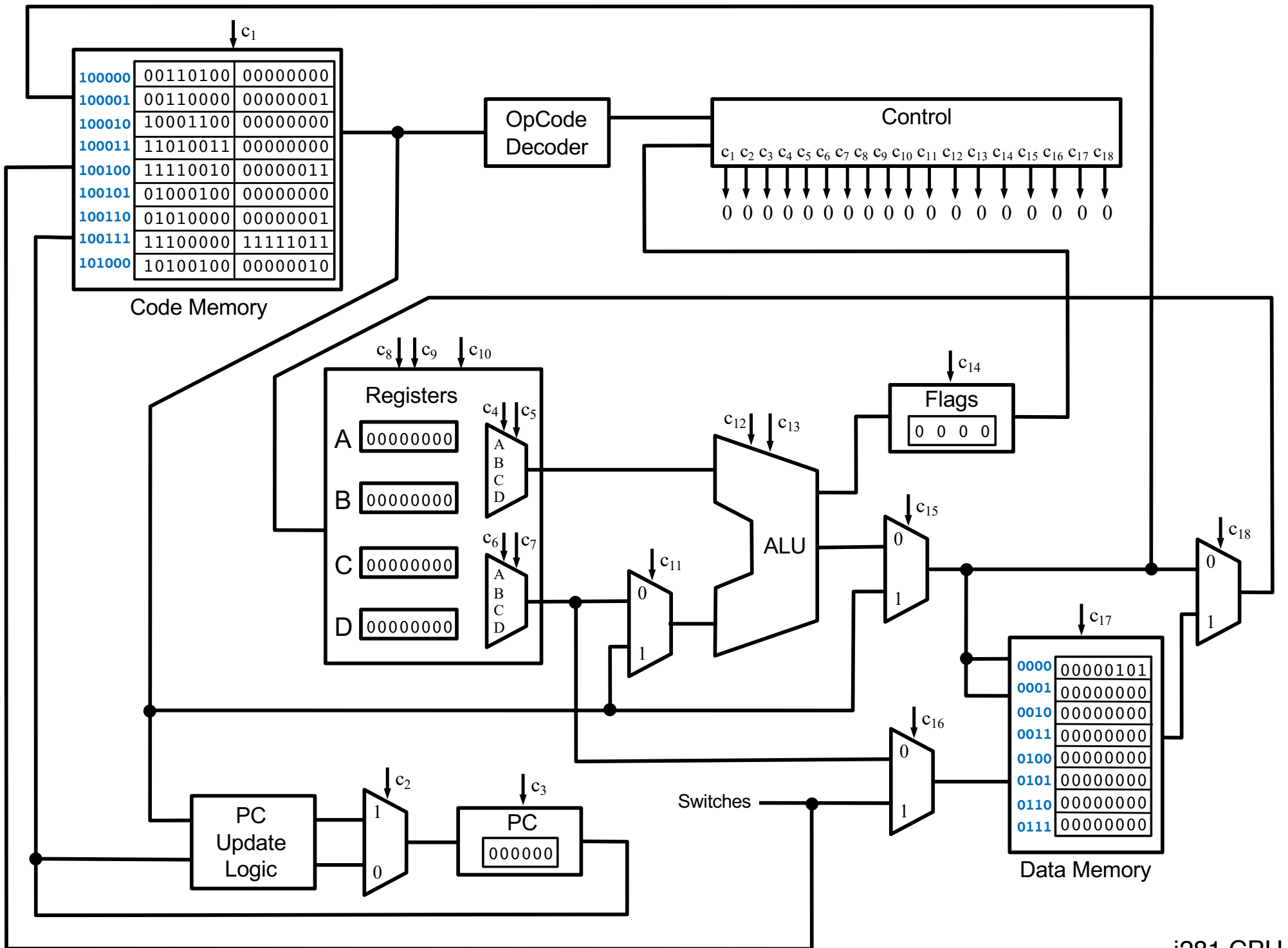
Address	Hex	Label	Instruction	Comments
0000:1000		org	1000h	; Start at 0000:1000h
0000:1000	55	_memcpy	proc	
0000:1000	89 E5		push bp	; Set up the call frame
0000:1001	89 E5		mov bp,sp	
0000:1003	06		push es	; Save ES
0000:1004	8B 4E 06		mov cx,[bp+6]	; Set CX = len
0000:1007	E3 11		jcxz done	; If len=0, return
0000:1009	8B 76 04		mov si,[bp+4]	; Set SI = src
0000:100C	8B 7E 02		mov di,[bp+2]	; Set DI = dst
0000:100F	1E		push ds	; Set ES = DS
0000:1010	07		pop es	
0000:1011	8A 04	loop	mov al,[si]	; Load AL from [src]
0000:1013	88 05		mov [di],al	; Store AL to [dst]
0000:1015	46		inc si	; Increment src
0000:1016	47		inc di	; Increment dst
0000:1017	49		dec cx	; Decrement len
0000:1018	75 F7		jnz loop	; Repeat the loop
0000:101A	07	done	pop es	; Restore ES
0000:101B	5D		pop bp	; Restore previous call frame
0000:101C	29 C0		sub ax,ax	; Set AX = 0
0000:101E	C3		ret	; Return
0000:101F			end proc	

i281 CPU Architecture









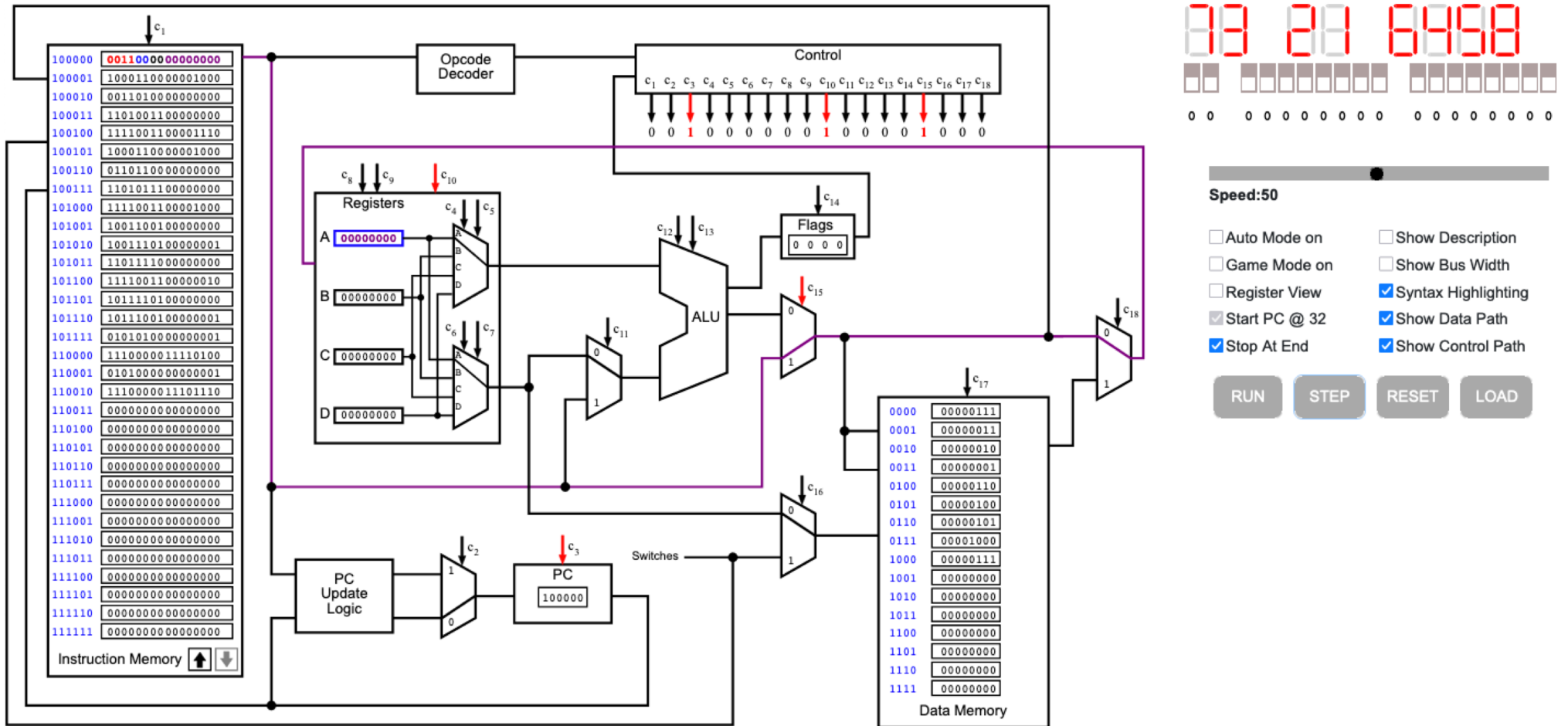
i281 Simulator

i281 Simulator

Current Instruction: **LOADI A, 0**

i281 CPU Running: **BubbleSort**

About



To try the simulator, go to the class web page and follow the link.

i281 Example:
Add the numbers from 1 to 5

i281 Example:
Add the numbers from 1 to 5
C Language v.s. Assembly Language

C Version

```
// C Version
//
// Add the numbers from 1 to 5 using a for loop.

int main()
{
    int N=5;
    int i, sum;

    sum=0;
    for(i=1; i<=N; i++)
        sum+=i;

    // printf("%d\n", sum);
}
```

i281 Assembly Version

.data

```
N      BYTE    5
i      BYTE    ?
sum    BYTE    ?
```

.code

```
      LOADI   B, 0      ; sum=0
      LOADI   A, 1      ; i=1
      LOAD    D, [N]    ; register_D=N
Loop:  CMP     A, D      ; i<=N ?
      BRG     End       ; exit if i>N
Add:   ADD    B, A      ; sum+=i
      ADDI   A, 1      ; i++
      JUMP   Loop      ; next iteration
End:   STORE  [sum], B  ; update the memory for sum
```

; Register allocation:

; A: i

; B: sum

; C: <not used>

; D: N

i281 Assembly Version

.data

```
N      BYTE    5
i      BYTE    ?
sum    BYTE    ?
```

.code

```
      LOADI   B, 0      ; sum=0
      LOADI   A, 1      ; i=1
      LOAD    D, [N]    ; register_D=N
Loop:  CMP     A, D      ; i<=N ?
      BRG     End      ; exit if i>N
Add:   ADD    B, A      ; sum+=i
      ADDI   A, 1      ; i++
      JUMP   Loop      ; next iteration
End:   STORE  [sum], B  ; update the memory for sum
```

; Register allocation:

; A: i

; B: sum

; C: <not used>

; D: N

Add the numbers from 1 to 5

```
// C Version
// using a for loop

int main()
{
    int N=5;
    int i, sum;

    sum=0;
    for(i=1; i<=N; i++) {
        sum+=i;
    }

    // printf("%d\n", sum);
}
```

```
; Assembly Version

.data
N        BYTE    5
i        BYTE    ?
sum      BYTE    ?

.code

        LOADI   B, 0        ; sum=0
        LOADI   A, 1        ; i=1
        LOAD    D, [N]      ; register_D=N
Loop:   CMP     A, D        ; i<=N ?
        BRG     End        ; exit if i>N
Add:    ADD     B, A        ; sum+=i
        ADDI   A, 1        ; i++
        JUMP   Loop        ; next iteration
End:    STORE   [sum], B    ; write B to sum
```

Add the numbers from 1 to 5

```
// C Version
// using a for loop

int main()
{
    int N=5;
    int i, sum;

    sum=0;
    for(i=1; i<=N; i++) {
        sum+=i;
    }

    // printf("%d\n", sum);
}
```

```
; Assembly Version

.data
N          BYTE    5
i          BYTE    ?
sum        BYTE    ?

.code

        LOADI    B, 0        ; sum=0
        LOADI    A, 1        ; i=1
        LOAD     D, [N]      ; register_D=N
Loop:   CMP      A, D        ; i<=N ?
        BRG      End        ; exit if i>N
Add:    ADD      B, A        ; sum+=i
        ADDI    A, 1        ; i++
        JUMP    Loop        ; next iteration
End:    STORE    [sum], B    ; write B to sum
```

Add the numbers from 1 to 5

```
// C Version
// using a for loop

int main()
{
    int N=5;
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    sum=0;
    for(i=1; i<=N; i++) {
        sum+=i;
    }

    // printf("%d\n", sum);
}
```

```
; Assembly Version

.data
N          BYTE    5
i          BYTE    ?
sum        BYTE    ?

.code

        LOADI   B, 0        ; sum=0
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        LOAD    D, [N]      ; register_D=N
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End:     STORE  [sum], B    ; write B to sum
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Add the numbers from 1 to 5

```
// C Version
// using a for loop

int main()
{
    int N=5;
    int i, sum;

    sum=0;
    for(i=1; i<=N; i++) {
        sum+=i;
    }

    // printf("%d\n", sum);
}
```

```
; Assembly Version

.data
N        BYTE    5
i        BYTE    ?
sum      BYTE    ?

.code

        LOADI   B, 0        ; sum=0
        LOADI   A, 1        ; i=1
        LOAD    D, [N]      ; register_D=N
Loop:   CMP     A, D        ; i<=N ?
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Add:    ADD     B, A        ; sum+=i
        ADDI   A, 1        ; i++
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End:    STORE   [sum], B    ; write B to sum
```

Add the numbers from 1 to 5

```
// C Version
// using a for loop

int main()
{
    int N=5;
    int i, sum;

    sum=0;
    for(i=1; i<=N; i++) {
        sum+=i;
    }

    // printf("%d\n", sum);
}
```

```
; Assembly Version

.data
N        BYTE    5
i        BYTE    ?
sum      BYTE    ?

.code

        LOADI  B, 0        ; sum=0
        LOADI  A, 1        ; i=1
        LOAD   D, [N]      ; register_D=N
Loop:   CMP    A, D        ; i<=N ?
        BRG   End        ; exit if i>N
Add:    ADD   B, A        ; sum+=i
        ADDI  A, 1        ; i++
        JUMP  Loop       ; next iteration
End:    STORE [sum], B    ; write B to sum
```

Add the numbers from 1 to 5

```
// C Version
// using a for loop

int main()
{
    int N=5;
    int i, sum;

    sum=0;
    for(i=1; i<=N; i++) {
        sum+=i;
    }

    // printf("%d\n", sum);
}
```

i=1

```
; Assembly Version

.data
N        BYTE    5
i        BYTE    ?
sum      BYTE    ?

.code

        LOADI   B, 0        ; sum=0
        LOADI  A, 1        ; i=1
        LOAD    D, [N]     ; register_D=N
Loop:   CMP     A, D        ; i<=N ?
        BRG    End        ; exit if i>N
Add:    ADD    B, A        ; sum+=i
        ADDI   A, 1        ; i++
        JUMP   Loop       ; next iteration
End:    STORE  [sum], B    ; write B to sum
```

Add the numbers from 1 to 5

```
// C Version
// using a for loop

int main()
{
    int N=5;
    int i, sum;

    sum=0;
    for(i=1; i<=N; i++) {
        sum+=i;
    }

    // printf("%d\n", sum);
}
```

This has no analog in the C version,
which is written in a high-level language.

```
; Assembly Version

.data
N        BYTE    5
i        BYTE    ?
sum      BYTE    ?

.code

        LOADI   B, 0        ; sum=0
        LOADI   A, 1        ; i=1
        LOAD    D, [N]      ; register_D=N
Loop:   CMP     A, D        ; i<=N ?
        BRG     End        ; exit if i>N
Add:    ADD    B, A        ; sum+=i
        ADDI   A, 1        ; i++
        JUMP   Loop       ; next iteration
End:    STORE  [sum], B    ; write B to sum
```

Load the value of N into register D.

Add the numbers from 1 to 5

```
// C Version
// using a for loop

int main()
{
    int N=5;
    int i, sum;

    sum=0;
    for(i=1; i<=N; i++) {
        sum+=i;
    }

    // printf("%d\n", sum);
}
```

```
; Assembly Version

.data
N        BYTE    5
i        BYTE    ?
sum      BYTE    ?

.code

        LOADI   B, 0        ; sum=0
        LOADI   A, 1        ; i=1
        LOAD    D, [N]      ; register_D=N
Loop:   CMP     A, D        ; i<=N ?
        BRG     End        ; exit if i>N
Add:    ADD     B, A        ; sum+=i
        ADDI   A, 1        ; i++
        JUMP   Loop        ; next iteration
End:    STORE  [sum], B    ; write B to sum
```


Add the numbers from 1 to 5

```
// C Version
// using a for loop

int main()
{
    int N=5;
    int i, sum;

    sum=0;
    for(i=1; i<=N; i++) {
        sum+=i;
    }

    // printf("%d\n", sum);
}
```

```
; Assembly Version

.data
N        BYTE    5
i        BYTE    ?
sum      BYTE    ?

.code

        LOADI   B, 0        ; sum=0
        LOADI   A, 1        ; i=1
        LOAD    D, [N]      ; register_D=N
Loop:   CMP     A, D        ; i<=N ?
        BRG     End        ; exit if i>N
Add:    ADD     B, A        ; sum+=i
        ADDI   A, 1        ; i++
        JUMP   Loop        ; next iteration
End:    STORE   [sum], B    ; write B to sum
```

Add the numbers from 1 to 5

```
// C Version
// using a for loop

int main()
{
    int N=5;
    int i, sum;

    sum=0;
    for(i=1; i<=N; i++) {
        sum+=i;
    }

    // printf("%d\n", sum);
}
```

```
; Assembly Version

.data
N        BYTE    5
i        BYTE    ?
sum      BYTE    ?

.code

        LOADI   B, 0        ; sum=0
        LOADI   A, 1        ; i=1
        LOAD    D, [N]      ; register_D=N
Loop:    CMP     A, D        ; i<=N ?
        BRG     End        ; exit if i>N
Add:     ADD    B, A        ; sum+=i
        ADDI   A, 1        ; i++
        JUMP   Loop        ; next iteration
End:     STORE  [sum], B    ; write B to sum
```

Add the numbers from 1 to 5

```
// C Version
// using a for loop

int main()
{
    int N=5;
    int i, sum;

    sum=0;
    for(i=1; i<=N; i++) {
        sum+=i;
    }

    // printf("%d\n", sum);
}
```

```
; Assembly Version

.data
N        BYTE    5
i        BYTE    ?
sum      BYTE    ?

.code

        LOADI   B, 0        ; sum=0
        LOADI   A, 1        ; i=1
        LOAD    D, [N]      ; register_D=N
Loop:   CMP     A, D        ; i<=N ?
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Add:    ADD     B, A        ; sum+=i
        ADDI   A, 1        ; i++
        JUMP   Loop        ; next iteration
End:    STORE  [sum], B    ; write B to sum
```

Add the numbers from 1 to 5

```
// C Version
// using a for loop

int main()
{
    int N=5;
    int i, sum;

    sum=0;
    for(i=1; i<=N; i++) {
        sum+=i;
    }

    // printf("%d\n", sum);
}
```

i=2

```
; Assembly Version

.data
N        BYTE    5
i        BYTE    ?
sum      BYTE    ?

.code

        LOADI   B, 0        ; sum=0
        LOADI   A, 1        ; i=1
        LOAD    D, [N]      ; register_D=N
Loop:   CMP     A, D        ; i<=N ?
        BRG     End        ; exit if i>N
Add:    ADD     B, A        ; sum+=i
        ADDI   A, 1        ; i++
        JUMP   Loop        ; next iteration
End:    STORE  [sum], B    ; write B to sum
```

Add the numbers from 1 to 5

```
// C Version
// using a for loop

int main()
{
    int N=5;
    int i, sum;

    sum=0;
    for(i=1; i<=N; i++) {
        sum+=i;
    }

    // printf("%d\n", sum);
}
```

```
; Assembly Version

.data
N        BYTE    5
i        BYTE    ?
sum      BYTE    ?

.code

        LOADI   B, 0        ; sum=0
        LOADI   A, 1        ; i=1
        LOAD    D, [N]      ; register_D=N
Loop:   CMP     A, D        ; i<=N ?
        BRG     End        ; exit if i>N
Add:    ADD     B, A        ; sum+=i
        ADDI   A, 1        ; i++
        JUMP   Loop        ; next iteration
End:    STORE  [sum], B    ; write B to sum
```

Add the numbers from 1 to 5

```
// C Version
// using a for loop

int main()
{
    int N=5;
    int i, sum;

    sum=0;
    for(i=1; i<=N; i++) {
        sum+=i;
    }

    // printf("%d\n", sum);
}
```

```
; Assembly Version

.data
N        BYTE    5
i        BYTE    ?
sum      BYTE    ?

.code

        LOADI   B, 0        ; sum=0
        LOADI   A, 1        ; i=1
        LOAD    D, [N]      ; register_D=N
Loop:   CMP     A, D        ; i<=N ?
        BRG     End        ; exit if i>N
Add:    ADD     B, A        ; sum+=i
        ADDI   A, 1        ; i++
        JUMP   Loop        ; next iteration
End:    STORE  [sum], B    ; write B to sum
```

Add the numbers from 1 to 5

```
// C Version
// using a for loop

int main()
{
    int N=5;
    int i, sum;

    sum=0;
    for(i=1; i<=N; i++) {
        sum+=i;
    }

    // printf("%d\n", sum);
}
```

```
; Assembly Version

.data
N        BYTE    5
i        BYTE    ?
sum      BYTE    ?

.code

        LOADI   B, 0        ; sum=0
        LOADI   A, 1        ; i=1
        LOAD    D, [N]      ; register_D=N
Loop:   CMP     A, D        ; i<=N ?
        BRG     End        ; exit if i>N
Add:    ADD     B, A        ; sum+=i
        ADDI   A, 1        ; i++
        JUMP   Loop        ; next iteration
End:    STORE   [sum], B    ; write B to sum
```

Add the numbers from 1 to 5

```
// C Version
// using a for loop

int main()
{
    int N=5;
    int i, sum;

    sum=0;
    for(i=1; i<=N; i++) {
        sum+=i;
    }

    // printf("%d\n", sum);
}
```

i=3

```
; Assembly Version

.data
N        BYTE    5
i        BYTE    ?
sum      BYTE    ?

.code

        LOADI   B, 0        ; sum=0
        LOADI   A, 1        ; i=1
        LOAD    D, [N]      ; register_D=N
Loop:   CMP     A, D        ; i<=N ?
        BRG     End        ; exit if i>N
Add:    ADD    B, A        ; sum+=i
        ADDI   A, 1        ; i++
        JUMP   Loop        ; next iteration
End:    STORE  [sum], B    ; write B to sum
```


Add the numbers from 1 to 5

```
// C Version
// using a for loop

int main()
{
    int N=5;
    int i, sum;

    sum=0;
    for(i=1; i<=N; i++) {
        sum+=i;
    }

    // printf("%d\n", sum);
}
```

```
; Assembly Version

.data
N        BYTE    5
i        BYTE    ?
sum      BYTE    ?

.code

        LOADI   B, 0        ; sum=0
        LOADI   A, 1        ; i=1
        LOAD    D, [N]      ; register_D=N
Loop:   CMP     A, D        ; i<=N ?
        BRG     End        ; exit if i>N
Add:    ADD     B, A        ; sum+=i
        ADDI   A, 1        ; i++
        JUMP   Loop        ; next iteration
End:    STORE  [sum], B    ; write B to sum
```

Add the numbers from 1 to 5

```
// C Version
// using a for loop

int main()
{
    int N=5;
    int i, sum;

    sum=0;
    for(i=1; i<=N; i++) {
        sum+=i;
    }

    // printf("%d\n", sum);
}
```

```
; Assembly Version

.data
N        BYTE    5
i        BYTE    ?
sum      BYTE    ?

.code

        LOADI   B, 0        ; sum=0
        LOADI   A, 1        ; i=1
        LOAD    D, [N]      ; register_D=N
Loop:   CMP     A, D        ; i<=N ?
        BRG     End        ; exit if i>N
Add:    ADD     B, A        ; sum+=i
        ADDI   A, 1        ; i++
        JUMP   Loop        ; next iteration
End:    STORE   [sum], B    ; write B to sum
```

Add the numbers from 1 to 5

```
// C Version
// using a for loop

int main()
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    int i, sum;

    sum=0;
    for(i=1; i<=N; i++) {
        sum+=i;
    }

    // printf("%d\n", sum);
}
```

```
; Assembly Version

.data
N        BYTE    5
i        BYTE    ?
sum      BYTE    ?

.code

        LOADI   B, 0        ; sum=0
        LOADI   A, 1        ; i=1
        LOAD    D, [N]      ; register_D=N
Loop:   CMP     A, D        ; i<=N ?
        BRG     End        ; exit if i>N
Add:    ADD     B, A        ; sum+=i
        ADDI   A, 1        ; i++
        JUMP   Loop        ; next iteration
End:    STORE   [sum], B    ; write B to sum
```

Add the numbers from 1 to 5

```
// C Version
// using a for loop

int main()
{
    int N=5;
    int i, sum;

    sum=0;
    for(i=1; i<=N; i++) {
        sum+=i;
    }

    // printf("%d\n", sum);
}
```

i=4

```
; Assembly Version

.data
N        BYTE    5
i        BYTE    ?
sum      BYTE    ?

.code

        LOADI   B, 0        ; sum=0
        LOADI   A, 1        ; i=1
        LOAD    D, [N]      ; register_D=N
Loop:   CMP     A, D        ; i<=N ?
        BRG    End        ; exit if i>N
Add:    ADD     B, A        ; sum+=i
        ADDI   A, 1        ; i++
        JUMP   Loop        ; next iteration
End:    STORE  [sum], B    ; write B to sum
```

Add the numbers from 1 to 5

```
// C Version
// using a for loop

int main()
{
    int N=5;
    int i, sum;

    sum=0;
    for(i=1; i<=N; i++) {
        sum+=i;
    }

    // printf("%d\n", sum);
}
```

```
; Assembly Version

.data
N        BYTE    5
i        BYTE    ?
sum      BYTE    ?

.code

        LOADI   B, 0        ; sum=0
        LOADI   A, 1        ; i=1
        LOAD    D, [N]      ; register_D=N
Loop:   CMP     A, D        ; i<=N ?
        BRG     End        ; exit if i>N
Add:    ADD     B, A        ; sum+=i
        ADDI   A, 1        ; i++
        JUMP   Loop        ; next iteration
End:    STORE   [sum], B    ; write B to sum
```

Add the numbers from 1 to 5

```
// C Version
// using a for loop

int main()
{
    int N=5;
    int i, sum;

    sum=0;
    for(i=1; i<=N; i++) {
        sum+=i;
    }

    // printf("%d\n", sum);
}
```

```
; Assembly Version

.data
N        BYTE    5
i        BYTE    ?
sum      BYTE    ?

.code

        LOADI   B, 0        ; sum=0
        LOADI   A, 1        ; i=1
        LOAD    D, [N]      ; register_D=N
Loop:   CMP     A, D        ; i<=N ?
        BRG     End        ; exit if i>N
Add:    ADD     B, A        ; sum+=i
        ADDI   A, 1        ; i++
        JUMP   Loop        ; next iteration
End:    STORE   [sum], B    ; write B to sum
```

Add the numbers from 1 to 5

```
// C Version
// using a for loop

int main()
{
    int N=5;
    int i, sum;

    sum=0;
    for(i=1; i<=N; i++) {
        sum+=i;
    }

    // printf("%d\n", sum);
}
```

```
; Assembly Version

.data
N        BYTE    5
i        BYTE    ?
sum      BYTE    ?

.code

        LOADI   B, 0        ; sum=0
        LOADI   A, 1        ; i=1
        LOAD    D, [N]      ; register_D=N
Loop:   CMP     A, D        ; i<=N ?
        BRG     End        ; exit if i>N
Add:    ADD     B, A        ; sum+=i
        ADDI   A, 1        ; i++
        JUMP   Loop        ; next iteration
End:    STORE   [sum], B    ; write B to sum
```

Add the numbers from 1 to 5

```
// C Version
// using a for loop

int main()
{
    int N=5;
    int i, sum;

    sum=0;
    for(i=1; i<=N; i++) {
        sum+=i;
    }

    // printf("%d\n", sum);
}
```

i=5

```
; Assembly Version

.data
N        BYTE    5
i        BYTE    ?
sum      BYTE    ?

.code

        LOADI   B, 0        ; sum=0
        LOADI   A, 1        ; i=1
        LOAD    D, [N]      ; register_D=N
Loop:   CMP     A, D        ; i<=N ?
        BRG     End        ; exit if i>N
Add:    ADD     B, A        ; sum+=i
        ADDI   A, 1        ; i++
        JUMP   Loop        ; next iteration
End:    STORE   [sum], B    ; write B to sum
```


Add the numbers from 1 to 5

```
// C Version
// using a for loop

int main()
{
    int N=5;
    int i, sum;

    sum=0;
    for(i=1; i<=N; i++) {
        sum+=i;
    }

    // printf("%d\n", sum);
}
```

```
; Assembly Version

.data
N        BYTE    5
i        BYTE    ?
sum      BYTE    ?

.code

        LOADI   B, 0        ; sum=0
        LOADI   A, 1        ; i=1
        LOAD    D, [N]      ; register_D=N
Loop:    CMP     A, D        ; i<=N ?
        BRG     End        ; exit if i>N
Add:     ADD    B, A        ; sum+=i
        ADDI   A, 1        ; i++
        JUMP   Loop        ; next iteration
End:     STORE  [sum], B    ; write B to sum
```

Add the numbers from 1 to 5

```
// C Version
// using a for loop

int main()
{
    int N=5;
    int i, sum;

    sum=0;
    for(i=1; i<=N; i++) {
        sum+=i;
    }

    // printf("%d\n", sum);
}
```

```
; Assembly Version

.data
N        BYTE    5
i        BYTE    ?
sum      BYTE    ?

.code

        LOADI   B, 0        ; sum=0
        LOADI   A, 1        ; i=1
        LOAD    D, [N]      ; register_D=N
Loop:   CMP     A, D        ; i<=N ?
        BRG     End        ; exit if i>N
Add:    ADD     B, A        ; sum+=i
        ADDI   A, 1        ; i++
        JUMP   Loop        ; next iteration
End:    STORE   [sum], B    ; write B to sum
```

Add the numbers from 1 to 5

```
// C Version
// using a for loop

int main()
{
    int N=5;
    int i, sum;

    sum=0;
    for(i=1; i<=N; i++) {
        sum+=i;
    }

    // printf("%d\n", sum);
}
```

```
; Assembly Version

.data
N        BYTE    5
i        BYTE    ?
sum      BYTE    ?

.code

        LOADI   B, 0        ; sum=0
        LOADI   A, 1        ; i=1
        LOAD    D, [N]      ; register_D=N
Loop:   CMP     A, D        ; i<=N ?
        BRG     End        ; exit if i>N
Add:    ADD     B, A        ; sum+=i
        ADDI   A, 1        ; i++
        JUMP   Loop        ; next iteration
End:    STORE   [sum], B    ; write B to sum
```

Add the numbers from 1 to 5

```
// C Version
// using a for loop

int main()
{
    int N=5;
    int i, sum;

    sum=0;
    for(i=1; i<=N; i++) {
        sum+=i;
    }

    // printf("%d\n", sum);
}
```

i=6

```
; Assembly Version

.data
N        BYTE    5
i        BYTE    ?
sum      BYTE    ?

.code

        LOADI   B, 0        ; sum=0
        LOADI   A, 1        ; i=1
        LOAD    D, [N]      ; register_D=N
Loop:   CMP     A, D        ; i<=N ?
        BRG     End        ; exit if i>N
Add:    ADD     B, A        ; sum+=i
        ADDI   A, 1        ; i++
        JUMP   Loop        ; next iteration
End:    STORE   [sum], B    ; write B to sum
```

Add the numbers from 1 to 5

```
// C Version
// using a for loop

int main()
{
    int N=5;
    int i, sum;

    sum=0;
    for(i=1; i<=N; i++) {
        sum+=i;
    }

    // printf("%d\n", sum);
}
```

```
; Assembly Version

.data
N        BYTE    5
i        BYTE    ?
sum      BYTE    ?

.code

        LOADI   B, 0        ; sum=0
        LOADI   A, 1        ; i=1
        LOAD    D, [N]      ; register_D=N
Loop:   CMP     A, D        ; i<=N ?
        BRG     End        ; exit if i>N
Add:    ADD     B, A        ; sum+=i
        ADDI   A, 1        ; i++
        JUMP   Loop        ; next iteration
End:    STORE  [sum], B    ; write B to sum
```

**i281 Example:
Add the numbers from 1 to 5**

Assembly Language v.s. Machine Language

i281 Assembly Code

.data

```
N          BYTE    5  
i          BYTE    ?  
sum       BYTE    ?
```

.code

```
          LOADI  B, 0          ; sum=0  
          LOADI  A, 1          ; i=1  
          LOAD   D, [N]        ; register_D=N  
Loop:    CMP    A, D          ; i<=N ?  
          BRG    End          ; exit if i>N  
Add:    ADD    B, A          ; sum+=i  
          ADDI   A, 1          ; i++  
          JUMP   Loop         ; next iteration  
End:    STORE  [sum], B     ; update the memory for sum
```

i281 Assembly Code

.data

```
N          BYTE    5  
i          BYTE    ?  
sum       BYTE    ?
```

.code

```
          LOADI  B, 0  
          LOADI  A, 1  
          LOAD   D, [N]  
Loop:    CMP    A, D  
          BRG    End  
Add:    ADD    B, A  
          ADDI   A, 1  
          JUMP   Loop  
End:    STORE  [sum], B
```


Mapping Assembly to Machine Code

.data

```
N      BYTE  5
i      BYTE  ?
sum    BYTE  ?
```

Data Memory:

```
00000101
00000000
00000000
```

.code

```
      LOADI  B, 0
      LOADI  A, 1
      LOAD   D, [N]
Loop:  CMP    A, D
      BRG    End
Add:   ADD   B, A
      ADDI  A, 1
      JUMP  Loop
End:   STORE [sum], B
```

Code Memory:

```
0011010000000000
0011000000000001
1000110000000000
1101001100000000
1111001000000011
0100010000000000
0101000000000001
1110000011111011
1010010000000010
```

Assembly Language

Machine Language

Mapping Assembly to Machine Code

.data

```
N      BYTE  5
i      BYTE  ?
sum    BYTE  ?
```

Data Memory:

```
0000 0101
0000 0000
0000 0000
```

.code

```
      LOADI  B, 0
      LOADI  A, 1
      LOAD   D, [N]
Loop:  CMP    A, D
      BRG    End
Add:   ADD   B, A
      ADDI  A, 1
      JUMP  Loop
End:   STORE [sum], B
```

Code Memory:

```
0011 0100 0000 0000
0011 0000 0000 0001
1000 1100 0000 0000
1101 0011 0000 0000
1111 0010 0000 0011
0100 0100 0000 0000
0101 0000 0000 0001
1110 0000 1111 1011
1010 0100 0000 0010
```

Assembly Language

Machine Language
in Binary

Mapping Assembly to Machine Code

.data

N **BYTE** **5**
i **BYTE** **?**
sum **BYTE** **?**

Data Memory:

0 **5**
0 **0**
0 **0**

.code

LOADI **B, 0**
 LOADI **A, 1**
 LOAD **D, [N]**
Loop: **CMP** **A, D**
 BRG **End**
Add: **ADD** **B, A**
 ADDI **A, 1**
 JUMP **Loop**
End: **STORE** **[sum], B**

Code Memory:

3 **4** **0** **0**
3 **0** **0** **1**
8 **C** **0** **0**
D **3** **0** **0**
F **2** **0** **3**
4 **4** **0** **0**
5 **0** **0** **1**
E **0** **F** **B**
A **4** **0** **2**

Assembly Language

Machine Language
in Binary

Mapping Assembly to Machine Code

.data

N **BYTE** **5**
i **BYTE** **?**
sum **BYTE** **?**

Data Memory:

05
00
00

.code

LOADI **B, 0**
 LOADI **A, 1**
 LOAD **D, [N]**
Loop: **CMP** **A, D**
 BRG **End**
Add: **ADD** **B, A**
 ADDI **A, 1**
 JUMP **Loop**
End: **STORE** **[sum], B**

Code Memory:

34 00
30 01
8C 00
D3 00
F2 03
44 00
50 01
E0 FB
A4 02

Assembly Language

Machine Language
in Hexadecimal

**i281 Example:
Add the numbers from 1 to 5**

Preview of OPCODEs

Mapping Assembly to Machine Code

.data

N **BYTE** **5**
i **BYTE** **?**
sum **BYTE** **?**

Data Memory:

00000101
00000000
00000000

.code

LOADI **B, 0**
 LOADI **A, 1**
 LOAD **D, [N]**
Loop: **CMP** **A, D**
 BRG **End**
Add: **ADD** **B, A**
 ADDI **A, 1**
 JUMP **Loop**
End: **STORE** **[sum], B**

Code Memory:

0011010000000000
0011000000000001
1000110000000000
1101001100000000
1111001000000011
0100010000000000
0101000000000001
1110000011111011
1010010000000010

Assembly Language

Machine Language

Mapping Assembly to Machine Code

.data

```
N      BYTE  5
i      BYTE  ?
sum    BYTE  ?
```

Data Memory:

```
00000101
00000000
00000000
```

.code

```
      LOADI  B, 0
      LOADI  A, 1
      LOAD   D, [N]
Loop:  CMP    A, D
      BRG    End
Add:   ADD   B, A
      ADDI  A, 1
      JUMP  Loop
End:   STORE [sum], B
```

Code Memory:

```
00110100_00000000
00110000_00000001
10001100_00000000
11010011_00000000
11110010_00000011
01000100_00000000
01010000_00000001
11100000_11111011
10100100_00000010
```

Assembly Language

Machine Language

Mapping Assembly to Machine Code

.data

```
N      BYTE  5
i      BYTE  ?
sum    BYTE  ?
```

Data Memory:

```
00000101
00000000
00000000
```

.code

```
      LOADI  B, 0
      LOADI  A, 1
      LOAD   D, [N]
Loop:  CMP    A, D
      BRG    End
Add:   ADD   B, A
      ADDI  A, 1
      JUMP  Loop
End:   STORE [sum], B
```

Code Memory:

```
0011_01_00_00000000
0011_00_00_00000001
1000_11_00_00000000
1101_00_11_00000000
1111_00_10_00000011
0100_01_00_00000000
0101_00_00_00000001
1110_00_00_11111011
1010_01_00_00000010
```

Assembly Language

Machine Language

Mapping Assembly to Machine Code

.data

```
N      BYTE  5
i      BYTE  ?
sum    BYTE  ?
```

Data Memory:

```
00000101
00000000
00000000
```

.code

```
      LOADI  B, 0
      LOADI  A, 1
      LOAD   D, [N]
Loop:  CMP    A, D
      BRG    End
Add:   ADD   B, A
      ADDI  A, 1
      JUMP  Loop
End:   STORE [sum], B
```

Code Memory:

```
0011_01_00_00000000
0011_00_00_00000001
1000_11_00_00000000
1101_00_11_00000000
1111_00_10_00000011
0100_01_00_00000000
0101_00_00_00000001
1110_00_00_11111011
1010_01_00_00000010
```

Mapping Assembly to Machine Code

.data

N **BYTE** **5**
i **BYTE** **?**
sum **BYTE** **?**

Data Memory:

00000101
00000000
00000000

.code

LOADI **B, 0**
 LOADI **A, 1**
 LOAD **D, [N]**
Loop: **CMP** **A, D**
 BRG **End**
Add: **ADD** **B, A**
 ADDI **A, 1**
 JUMP **Loop**
End: **STORE** **[sum], B**

Code Memory:

0011_01_00_00000000
0011_00_00_00000001
1000_11_00_00000000
1101_00_11_00000000
1111_00_10_00000011
0100_01_00_00000000
0101_00_00_00000001
1110_00_00_11111011
1010_01_00_00000010

Mapping Assembly to Machine Code

.data

```
N      BYTE  5
i      BYTE  ?
sum    BYTE  ?
```

Data Memory:

```
00000101
00000000
00000000
```

.code

```
      LOADI  B, 0
      LOADI  A, 1
      LOAD   D, [N]
Loop:  CMP    A, D
      BRG    End
Add:   ADD   B, A
      ADDI  A, 1
      JUMP  Loop
End:   STORE [sum], B
```

Code Memory:

```
0011_01_00_00000000
0011_00_00_00000001
1000_11_00_00000000
1101_00_11_00000000
1111_00_10_00000011
0100_01_00_00000000
0101_00_00_00000001
1110_00_00_11111011
1010_01_00_00000010
```

Mapping Assembly to Machine Code

.data

```
N      BYTE  5
i      BYTE  ?
sum    BYTE  ?
```

Data Memory:

```
00000101
00000000
00000000
```

.code

```
      LOADI  B, 0
      LOADI  A, 1
      LOAD   D, [N]
Loop:  CMP    A, D
      BRG    End
Add:   ADD   B, A
      ADDI  A, 1
      JUMP  Loop
End:   STORE [sum], B
```

Code Memory:

```
0011_01_00_00000000
0011_00_00_00000001
1000_11_00_00000000
1101_00_11_00000000
1111_00_10_00000011
0100_01_00_00000000
0101_00_00_00000001
1110_00_00_11111011
1010_01_00_00000010
```

OPCODE Mapping

.data

N **BYTE** **5**
i **BYTE** **?**
sum **BYTE** **?**

Data Memory:

00000101
00000000
00000000

.code

LOADI **B, 0**
 LOADI **A, 1**
 LOAD **D, [N]**
Loop: **CMP** **A, D**
 BRG **End**
Add: **ADD** **B, A**
 ADDI **A, 1**
 JUMP **Loop**
End: **STORE** **[sum], B**

Code Memory:

0011_01_00_00000000
0011_00_00_00000001
1000_11_00_00000000
1101_00_11_00000000
1111_00_10_00000011
0100_01_00_00000000
0101_00_00_00000001
1110_00_00_11111011
1010_01_00_00000010

OPCODE Mapping

.data

N **BYTE** **5**
i **BYTE** **?**
sum **BYTE** **?**

Data Memory:

00000101
00000000
00000000

.code

LOADI **B, 0**
 LOADI **A, 1**
 LOAD **D, [N]**
Loop: **CMP** **A, D**
 BRG **End**
Add: **ADD** **B, A**
 ADDI **A, 1**
 JUMP **Loop**
End: **STORE** **[sum], B**

Code Memory:

0011_01_00_00000000
0011_00_00_00000001
1000_11_00_00000000
1101_00_11_00000000
1111_00_10_00000011
0100_01_00_00000000
0101_00_00_00000001
1110_00_00_11111011
1010_01_00_00000010

Register Parameter Mapping

.data

N **BYTE** **5**
i **BYTE** **?**
sum **BYTE** **?**

Data Memory:

00000101
00000000
00000000

.code

LOADI **B**, **0**
 LOADI **A**, **1**
 LOAD **D**, [**N**]
Loop: **CMP** **A**, **D**
 BRG **End**
Add: **ADD** **B**, **A**
 ADDI **A**, **1**
 JUMP **Loop**
End: **STORE** [**sum**], **B**

Code Memory:

0011_01_00_00000000
0011_00_00_00000001
1000_11_00_00000000
1101_00_11_00000000
1111_00_10_00000011
0100_01_00_00000000
0101_00_00_00000001
1110_00_00_11111011
1010_01_00_00000010

Register Parameter Mapping

.data

N	BYTE	5
i	BYTE	?
sum	BYTE	?

Data Memory:

00000101
00000000
00000000

.code

	LOADI	B, 0
	LOADI	A, 1
	LOAD	D, [N]
Loop:	CMP	A, D
	BRG	End
Add:	ADD	B, A
	ADDI	A, 1
	JUMP	Loop
End:	STORE	[sum], B

Code Memory:

0011_01_00_00000000
0011_00_00_00000001
1000_11_00_00000000
1101_00_11_00000000
1111_00_10_00000011
0100_01_00_00000000
0101_00_00_00000001
1110_00_00_11111011
1010_01_00_00000010

Second Register Parameter Mapping

.data

N **BYTE** **5**
i **BYTE** **?**
sum **BYTE** **?**

Data Memory:

00000101
00000000
00000000

.code

LOADI **B**, **0**
 LOADI **A**, **1**
 LOAD **D**, [**N**]
Loop: **CMP** **A**, **D**
 BRG **End**
Add: **ADD** **B**, **A**
 ADDI **A**, **1**
 JUMP **Loop**
End: **STORE** [**sum**], **B**

Code Memory:

0011_01_00_00000000
0011_00_00_00000001
1000_11_00_00000000
1101_00_11_00000000
1111_00_10_00000011
0100_01_00_00000000
0101_00_00_00000001
1110_00_00_11111011
1010_01_00_00000010

Second Register Parameter Mapping

.data

N **BYTE** **5**
i **BYTE** **?**
sum **BYTE** **?**

Data Memory:

00000101
00000000
00000000

.code

LOADI **B**, **0**
 LOADI **A**, **1**
 LOAD **D**, [**N**]
Loop: **CMP** **A**, **D**
 BRG **End**
Add: **ADD** **B**, **A**
 ADDI **A**, **1**
 JUMP **Loop**
End: **STORE** [**sum**], **B**

Code Memory:

0011_01_00_00000000
0011_00_00_00000001
1000_11_00_00000000
1101_00_11_00000000
1111_00_10_00000011
0100_01_00_00000000
0101_00_00_00000001
1110_00_00_11111011
1010_01_00_00000010

Value / Address / Offset Mapping

.data

N	BYTE	5
i	BYTE	?
sum	BYTE	?

Data Memory:

00000101
00000000
00000000

.code

	LOADI	B, 0
	LOADI	A, 1
	LOAD	D, [N]
Loop:	CMP	A, D
	BRG	End
Add:	ADD	B, A
	ADDI	A, 1
	JUMP	Loop
End:	STORE	[sum], B

Code Memory:

0011_01_00_00000000
0011_00_00_00000001
1000_11_00_00000000
1101_00_11_00000000
1111_00_10_00000011
0100_01_00_00000000
0101_00_00_00000001
1110_00_00_11111011
1010_01_00_00000010

Value / Address / Offset Mapping

.data

N	BYTE	5
i	BYTE	?
sum	BYTE	?

Data Memory:

00000101
00000000
00000000

.code

	LOADI	B, 0
	LOADI	A, 1
	LOAD	D, [N]
Loop:	CMP	A, D
	BRG	End
Add:	ADD	B, A
	ADDI	A, 1
	JUMP	Loop
End:	STORE	[sum], B

Code Memory:

0011_01_00_00000000
0011_00_00_00000001
1000_11_00_00000000
1101_00_11_00000000
1111_00_10_00000011
0100_01_00_00000000
0101_00_00_00000001
1110_00_00_11111011
1010_01_00_00000010

“Don’t care” bits ...

.data

```
N      BYTE  5
i      BYTE  ?
sum    BYTE  ?
```

Data Memory:

```
00000101
00000000
00000000
```

.code

```
      LOADI B, 0
      LOADI A, 1
      LOAD  D, [N]
Loop: CMP   A, D
      BRG   End
Add: ADD   B, A
      ADDI  A, 1
      JUMP  Loop
End:  STORE [sum], B
```

Code Memory:

```
0011_01_dd_00000000
0011_00_dd_00000001
1000_11_dd_00000000
1101_00_11_dddddddd
1111_dd_10_00000011
0100_01_00_dddddddd
0101_00_dd_00000001
1110_dd_dd_11110111
1010_01_dd_00000010
```

... are mapped to 0 by the Assembler

.data

```
N      BYTE  5
i      BYTE  ?
sum    BYTE  ?
```

Data Memory:

```
00000101
00000000
00000000
```

.code

```
      LOADI B, 0
      LOADI A, 1
      LOAD  D, [N]
Loop: CMP   A, D
      BRG   End
Add: ADD   B, A
      ADDI  A, 1
      JUMP  Loop
End:  STORE [sum], B
```

Code Memory:

```
0011_01_00_00000000
0011_00_00_00000001
1000_11_00_00000000
1101_00_11_00000000
1111_00_10_00000011
0100_01_00_00000000
0101_00_00_00000001
1110_00_00_11111011
1010_01_00_00000010
```

Mapping Assembly to Machine Code

.data

N **BYTE** **5**
i **BYTE** **?**
sum **BYTE** **?**

Data Memory:

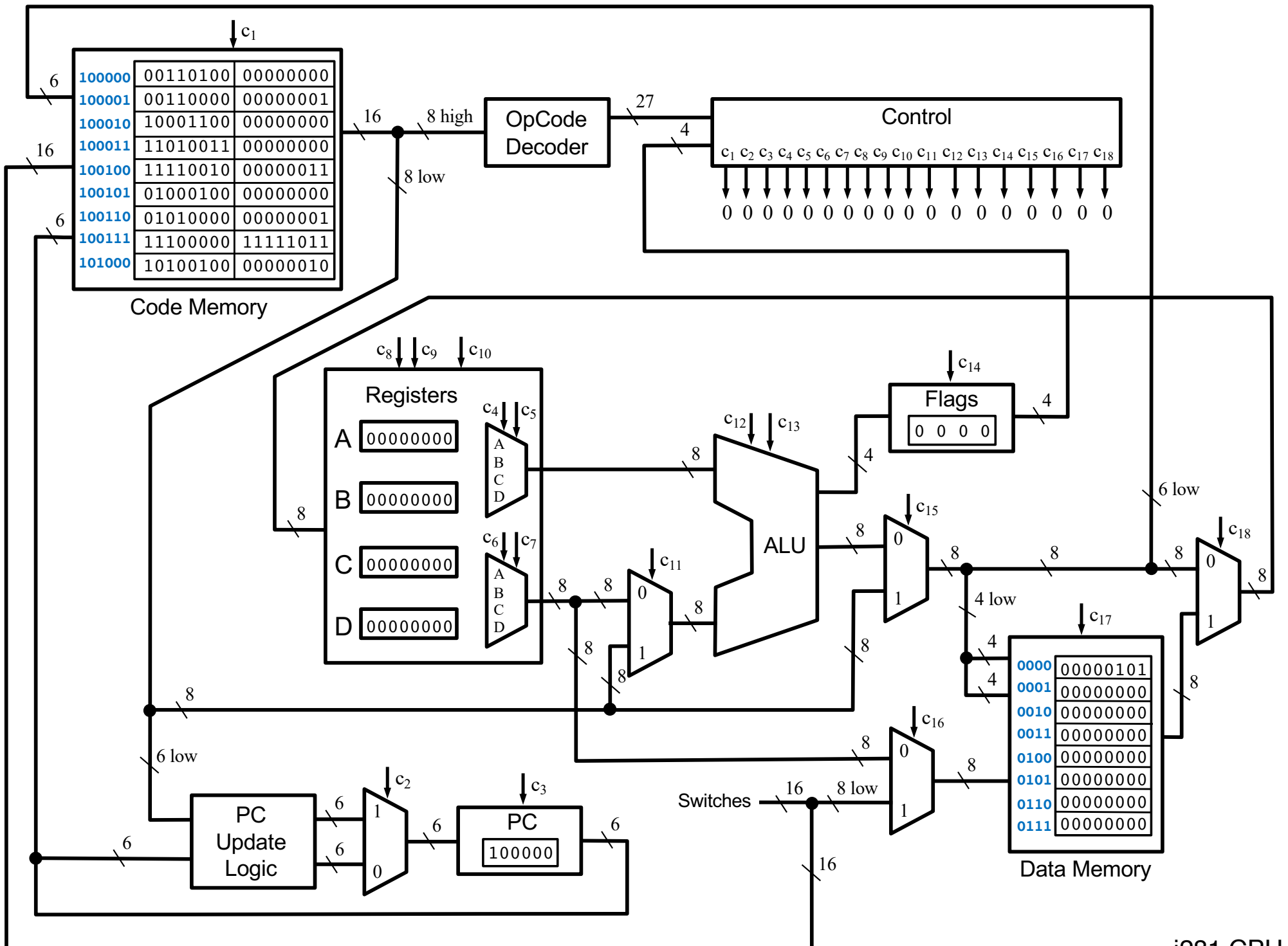
00000101
00000000
00000000

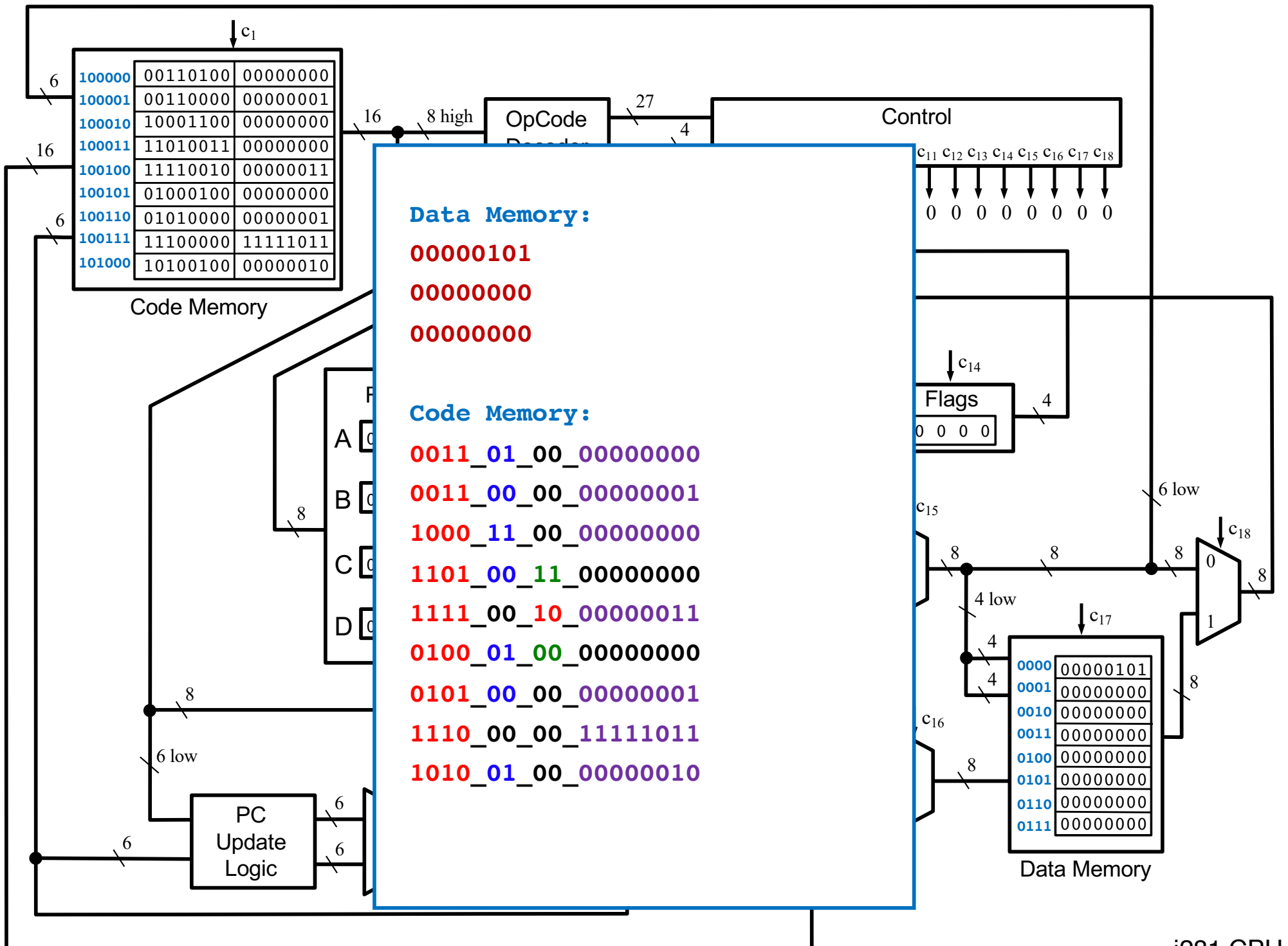
.code

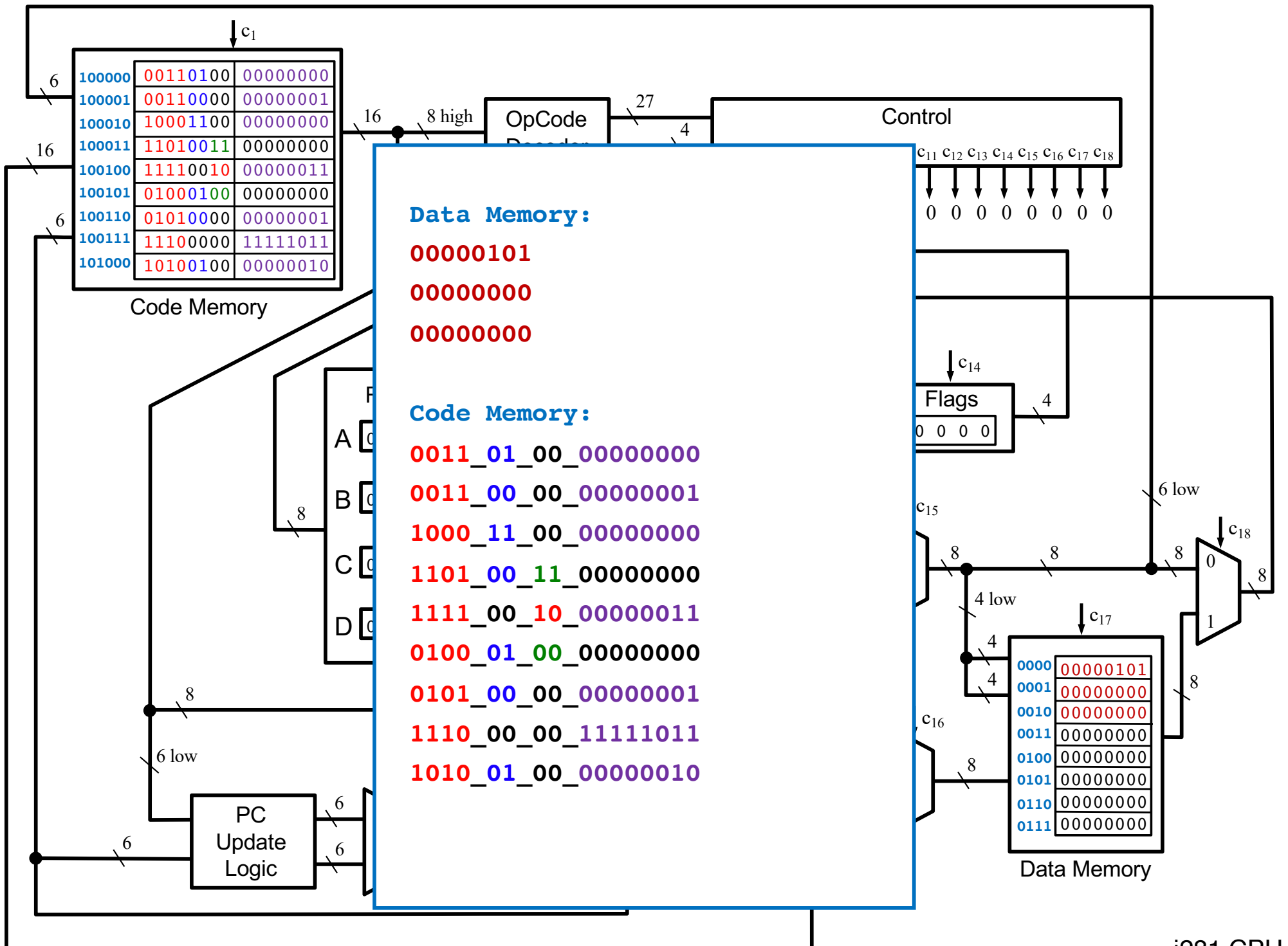
LOADI **B, 0**
 LOADI **A, 1**
 LOAD **D, [N]**
Loop: **CMP** **A, D**
 BRG **End**
Add: **ADD** **B, A**
 ADDI **A, 1**
 JUMP **Loop**
End: **STORE** **[sum], B**

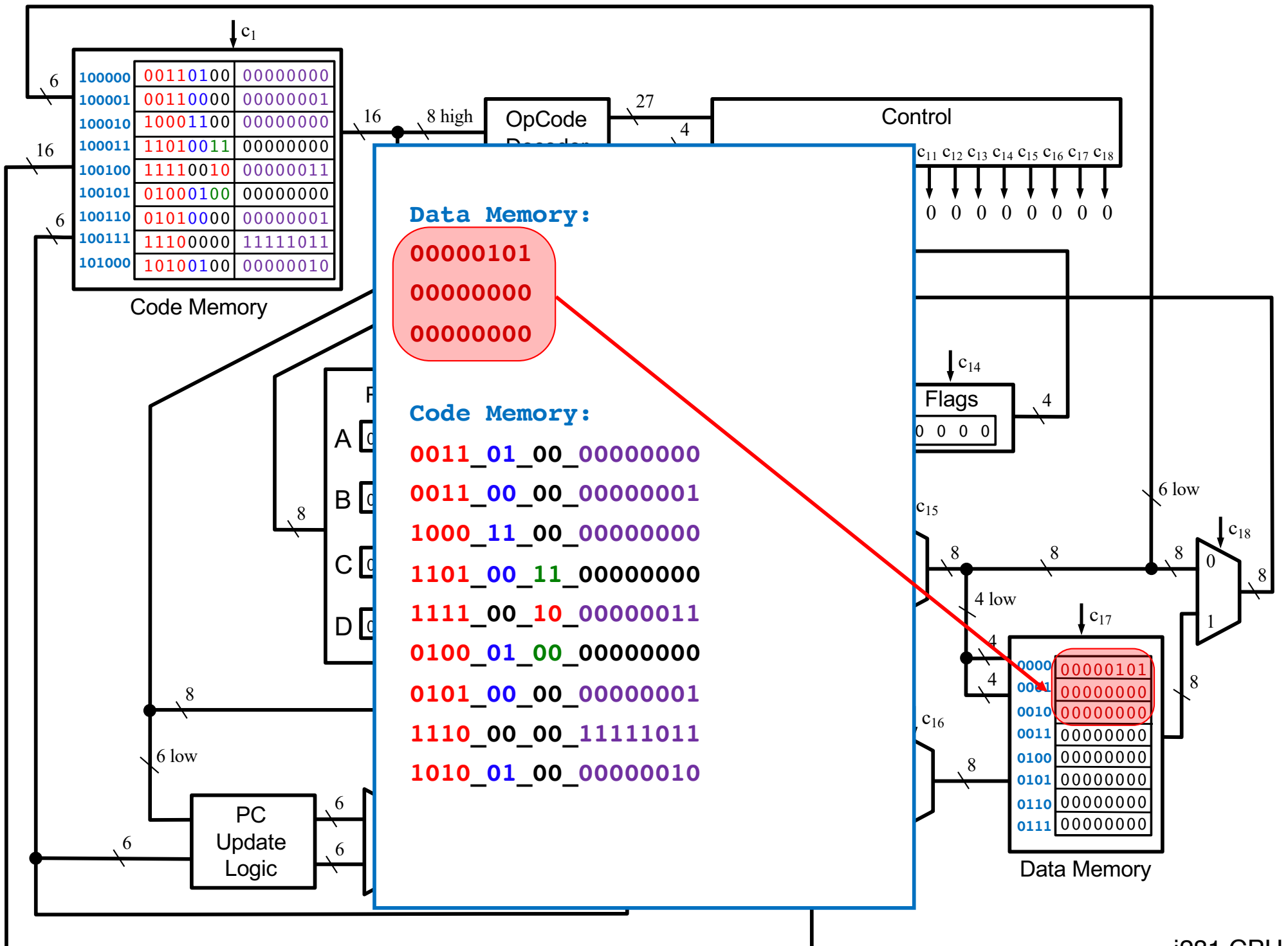
Code Memory:

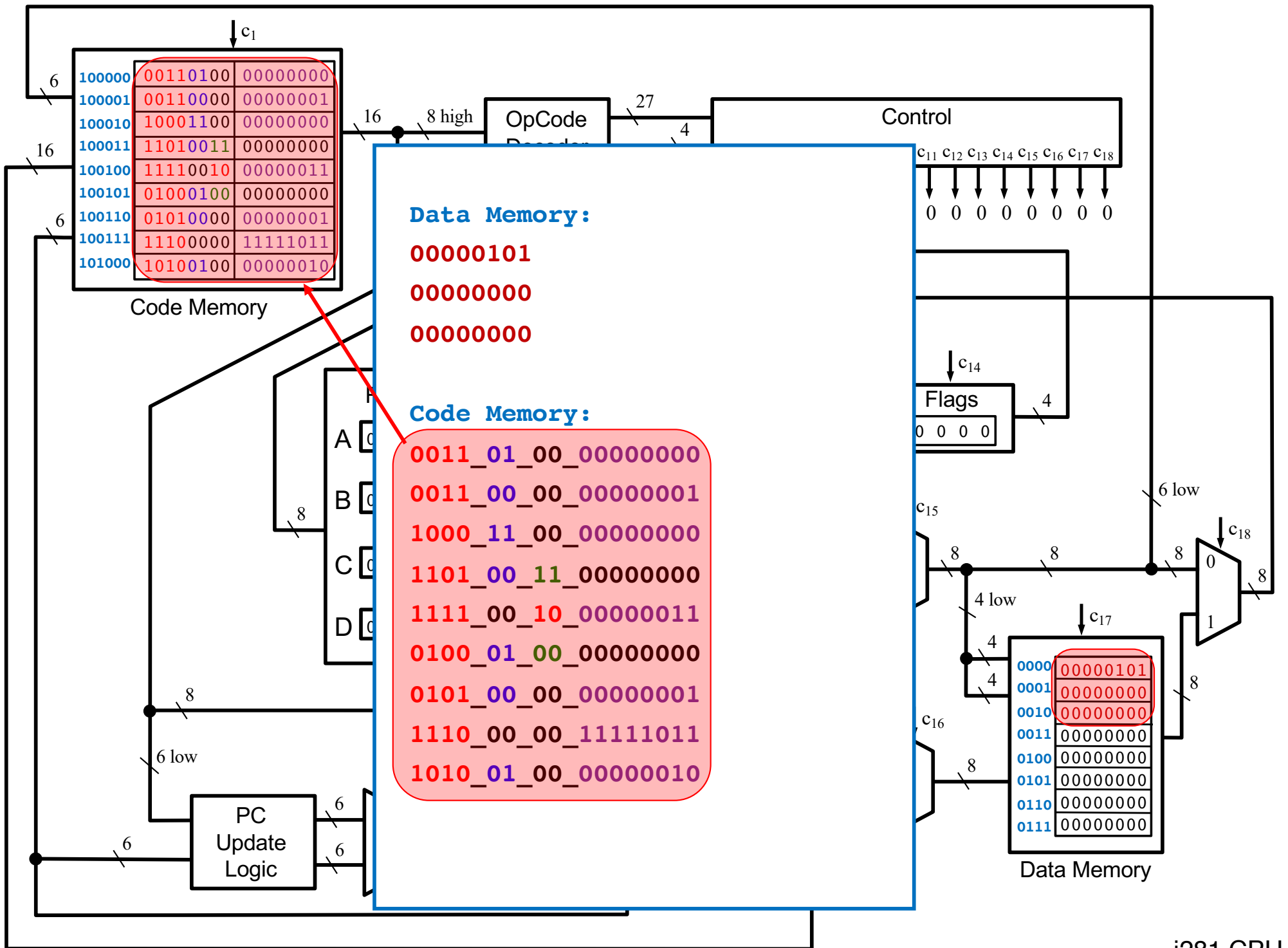
0011_01_00_00000000
0011_00_00_00000001
1000_11_00_00000000
1101_00_11_00000000
1111_00_10_00000011
0100_01_00_00000000
0101_00_00_00000001
1110_00_00_11111011
1010_01_00_00000010

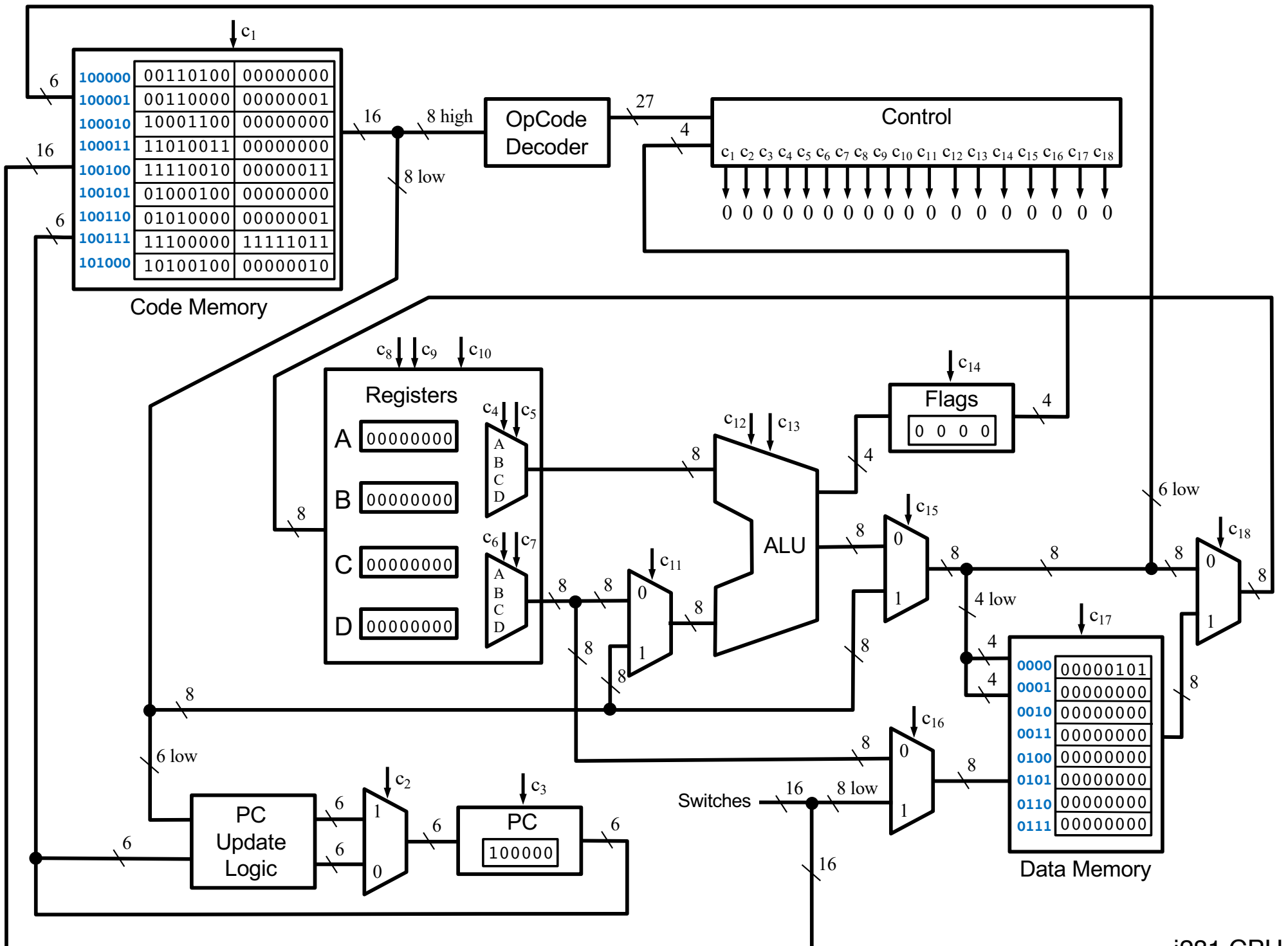












The Assembly Language Instructions

The i281 Assembly Instructions

NOOP	NO OPERATION
INPUTC	INPUT into Code memory
INPUTCF	INPUT into Code memory with offset
INPUTD	INPUT into Data memory
INPUTDF	INPUT into Data memory with offset
MOVE	MOVE the contents of one register into another
LOADI	LOAD Immediate value
LOADP	LOAD Pointer address
ADD	ADD two registers
ADDI	ADD an Immediate value to a register
SUB	SUBtract two registers
SUBI	SUBtract an Immediate value from a register
LOAD	LOAD from a data memory address into a register
LOADF	LOAD with an offset specified by another register
STORE	STORE a register into a data memory address
STOREF	STORE with an offset specified by another register
SHIFTL	SHIFT Left all bits in a register
SHIFTR	SHIFT Right all bits in a register
CMP	COMPare the values in two registers
JUMP	JUMP unconditionally to a specified address
BRE	BRanch if Equal
BRZ	BRanch if Zero
BRNE	BRanch if Not Equal
BRNZ	BRanch if Not Zero
BRG	BRanch if Greater
BRGE	BRanch if Greater than or Equal

The i281 Assembly Instructions

NOOP	NO OPERATION
INPUTC	INPUT into Code memory
INPUTCF	INPUT into Code memory with offset
INPUTD	INPUT into Data memory
INPUTDF	INPUT into Data memory with offset
MOVE	MOVE the contents of one register into another
LOADI	LOAD Immediate value
LOADP	LOAD Pointer address
ADD	ADD two registers
ADDI	ADD an Immediate value to a register
SUB	SUBtract two registers
SUBI	SUBtract an Immediate value from a register
LOAD	LOAD from a data memory address into a register
LOADF	LOAD with an offset specified by another register
STORE	STORE a register into a data memory address
STOREF	STORE with an offset specified by another register
SHIFTL	SHIFT Left all bits in a register
SHIFTR	SHIFT Right all bits in a register
CMP	COMPARE the values in two registers
JUMP	JUMP unconditionally to a specified address
BRE	BRanch if Equal
BRZ	BRanch if Zero
BRNE	BRanch if Not Equal
BRNZ	BRanch if Not Zero
BRG	BRanch if Greater
BRGE	BRanch if Greater than or Equal

The OPCODEs

There are only 26 OPCODEs

NOOP

INPUTC

INPUTCF

INPUTD

INPUTDF

MOVE

LOADI

LOADP

ADD

ADDI

SUB

SUBI

LOAD

LOADF

STORE

STOREF

SHIFTL

SHIFTR

CMP

JUMP

BRE

BRZ

BRNE

BRNZ

BRG

BRGE

There are only 26 OPCODEs

NOOP	ADD	SHIFTL
INPUTC	ADDI	SHIFTR
INPUTCF	SUB	CMP
INPUTD	SUBI	JUMP
INPUTDF	LOAD	BRE
MOVE	LOADF	BRZ
LOADI	STORE	BRNE
LOADP	STOREF	BRNZ
		BRG
		BRGE

All of these are available in the assembly language for this processor.
However, three pairs are aliased at the machine language level.

There are only ²⁵~~26~~ OPCODEs

NOOP

INPUTC

INPUTCF

INPUTD

INPUTDF

MOVE

LOADI

LOADP

these two
are aliased

ADD

ADDI

SUB

SUBI

LOAD

LOADF

STORE

STOREF

SHIFTL

SHIFTR

CMP

JUMP

BRE

BRZ

BRNE

BRNZ

BRG

BRGE

They have a different meaning in the assembly language, but the assembler maps them to the same machine language OPCODE.

There are only ²⁵~~26~~ OPCODEs

NOOP

INPUTC

INPUTCF

INPUTD

INPUTDF

MOVE

LOADI/LOADP

ADD

ADDI

SUB

SUBI

LOAD

LOADF

STORE

STOREF

SHIFTL

SHIFTR

CMP

JUMP

BRE

BRZ

BRNE

BRNZ

BRG

BRGE

There are only ²⁴~~26~~ OPCODES

NOOP
INPUTC
INPUTCF
INPUTD
INPUTDF
MOVE
LOADI/LOADP

ADD
ADDI
SUB
SUBI
LOAD
LOADF
STORE
STOREF

SHIFTL
SHIFTR
CMP
JUMP
BRE
BRZ
BRNE
BRNZ
BRG
BRGE

these two
are aliased

There are only ²³~~26~~ OPCODES

NOOP
INPUTC
INPUTCF
INPUTD
INPUTDF
MOVE
LOADI/LOADP

ADD
ADDI
SUB
SUBI
LOAD
LOADF
STORE
STOREF

SHIFTL
SHIFTR
CMP
JUMP
BRE
BRZ
BRNE
BRNZ
BRG
BRGE

these two
are aliased

these two
are aliased

There are only 23 OPCODES

NOOP

INPUTC

INPUTCF

INPUTD

INPUTDF

MOVE

LOADI/LOADP

ADD

ADDI

SUB

SUBI

LOAD

LOADF

STORE

STOREF

SHIFTL

SHIFTR

CMP

JUMP

BRE/BRZ

BRNE/BRNZ

BRG

BRGE

The OPCODEs

(Mapped to Machine Language)

The OPCODEs

NOOP

0	0	0	0	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

INPUTC

0	0	0	1	d	d	0	0	C	A	D	D	R	E	S	S
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

INPUTCF

0	0	0	1	R	X	0	1	C	A	D	D	R	E	S	S
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

INPUTD

0	0	0	1	d	d	1	0	D	A	D	D	R	E	S	S
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

INPUTDF

0	0	0	1	R	X	1	1	D	A	D	D	R	E	S	S
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

MOVE

0	0	1	0	R	X	R	Y	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LOADI/LOADP

0	0	1	1	R	X	d	d	I	M	M	E	D	V	A	L
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

The OPCODEs

ADD

0	1	0	0	R	X	R	Y	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

ADDI

0	1	0	1	R	X	d	d	I	M	M	E	D	V	A	L
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

SUB

0	1	1	0	R	X	R	Y	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

SUBI

0	1	1	1	R	X	d	d	I	M	M	E	D	V	A	L
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LOAD

1	0	0	0	R	X	d	d	D	A	D	D	R	E	S	S
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LOADF

1	0	0	1	R	X	R	Y	D	A	D	D	R	E	S	S
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

STORE

1	0	1	0	R	X	d	d	D	A	D	D	R	E	S	S
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

STOREF

1	0	1	1	R	X	R	Y	D	A	D	D	R	E	S	S
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

The OPCODEs

SHIFTL

1	1	0	0	R	X	d	0	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

SHIFTR

1	1	0	0	R	X	d	1	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

CMP

1	1	0	1	R	X	R	Y	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

JUMP

1	1	1	0	d	d	d	d	P	C	O	F	F	S	E	T
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

BRE/BRZ

1	1	1	1	d	d	0	0	P	C	O	F	F	S	E	T
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

BRNE/BRNZ

1	1	1	1	d	d	0	1	P	C	O	F	F	S	E	T
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

BRG

1	1	1	1	d	d	1	0	P	C	O	F	F	S	E	T
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

BRGE

1	1	1	1	d	d	1	1	P	C	O	F	F	S	E	T
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

The OPCODEs

(With More Details)

ADD

Full name:

ADD two registers

Description:

Add the values stored in two registers. The result of the addition is stored in the first register.

The flags are updated.

Assembly Example:

ADD A, C

Instruction Layout:

0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

ADD

Full name:

ADD two registers

		Register
0	0	A
0	1	B
1	0	C
1	1	D

Description:

Add the values stored in two registers. The result of the addition is stored in the first register.

The flags are updated.

Assembly Example:

ADD A, C

Instruction Layout:

0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

MOVE

Full name:

MOVE

Description:

Move (i.e., copy) the contents of the first register into the second register, overwriting the second register.

This is implemented as $B=A+0$. Thus, the mandatory zeros in the last 8 bits, which must go through the ALU.

The flags are not updated.

Assembly Example:

MOVE A, B

Instruction Layout:

0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

SUB

Full name:

SUBtract two registers

Description:

Subtract the values stored in two registers. This is done by subtracting the second register from the first register. The result of the subtraction is stored in the first register. The flags are updated.

Assembly Example:

```
SUB B, C
```

Instruction Layout:

0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

CMP

Full name:

CoMPare the values stored in two registers

Description:

Compare two registers by subtracting the second register from the first register. The result of the subtraction is not stored. Only the flags are updated.

Assembly Example:

CMP D, C

Instruction Layout:

1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

CMP

		Register
0	0	A
0	1	B
1	0	C
1	1	D

Full name:

CoMPare the values stored in two registers

Description:

Compare two registers by subtracting the second register from the first register. The result of the subtraction is not stored. Only the flags are updated.

Assembly Example:

CMP D, C

Instruction Layout:

1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

SHIFTL

Full name:

SHIFT Left

Description:

Shift left all bits in a register. The bit that is shifted out is stored in the carry flag. The LSB is set 0.

Update the flags based on the final value.

Assembly Example:

SHIFTL B

Instruction Layout:

1	1	0	0	0	1	d	0	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

SHIFTR

Full name:

SHIFT Right

Description:

Shift right all bits in a register. The bit that is shifted out is stored in the carry flag. The MSB is set 0.

Update the flags based on the final value.

Assembly Example:

SHIFTR C

Instruction Layout:

1	1	0	0	1	0	d	1	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

JUMP

Full name:

JUMP

Description:

Unconditional jump to the specified address, which is given as a label for some row of the assembly program, but converted to a PC offset in the machine code.

Assembly Example:

JUMP End

Instruction Layout:

1	1	1	0	d	d	d	d	P	C	O	F	F	S	E	T
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

BRE

Full name:

BRanch if Equal

Description:

Conditional jump to the specified address, which is given as a label for some row of the assembly program, but converted to a PC offset in the machine code.

Assembly Example:

BRE Start

Instruction Layout:

1	1	1	1	d	d	0	0	P	C	O	F	F	S	E	T
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

BRZ

Full name:

BRanch if Zero (identical to BRE)

Description:

Conditional jump to the specified address, which is given as a label for some row of the assembly program, but converted to a PC offset in the machine code.

Assembly Example:

BRZ Start

Instruction Layout:

1	1	1	1	d	d	0	0	P	C	O	F	F	S	E	T
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

BRNE

Full name:

BRanch if Not Equal

Description:

Conditional jump to the specified address, which is given as a label for some row of the assembly program, but converted to a PC offset in the machine code.

Assembly Example:

BRNE Loop

Instruction Layout:

1	1	1	1	d	d	0	1	P	C	O	F	F	S	E	T
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

BRNZ

Full name:

BRanch if Not Zero (identical to BRNE)

Description:

Conditional jump to the specified address, which is given as a label for some row of the assembly program, but converted to a PC offset in the machine code.

Assembly Example:

BRNZ Loop

Instruction Layout:

1	1	1	1	d	d	0	1	P	C	O	F	F	S	E	T
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

BRG

Full name:

BRanch if Greater

Description:

Conditional jump to the specified address, which is given as a label for some row of the assembly program, but converted to a PC offset in the machine code.

Assembly Example:

BRG InnerLoop

Instruction Layout:

1	1	1	1	d	d	1	0	P	C	O	F	F	S	E	T
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

BRGE

Full name:

BRanch if Greater

Description:

Conditional jump to the specified address, which is given as a label for some row of the assembly program, but converted to a PC offset in the machine code.

Assembly Example:

BRGE OuterLoop

Instruction Layout:

1	1	1	1	d	d	1	1	P	C	O	F	F	S	E	T
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

ADDI

Full name:

ADD an Immediate value to a register

Description:

Add the immediate value, which is stored in the last 8 bits of the instruction in the code memory, to the register.

The result of the addition is stored in the same register.

The flags are updated.

Assembly Example:

ADDI A, 3

Instruction Layout:

0	1	0	1	0	0	d	d	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

SUBI

Full name:

SUBtract an Immediate value from a register

Description:

Subtract the immediate value, which is stored in the last 8 bits of the instruction in the code memory, from the register. The result of the subtraction is stored in the same register. The flags are updated.

Assembly Example:

SUBI C, 5

Instruction Layout:

0	1	1	1	1	0	d	d	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LOADP

Full name:

LOAD a Pointer address into a register

Description:

Load the address of a data memory location into a register. The address is specified by the label for that memory cell, surrounded by curly brackets. The compiler computes the address and stores it in the last 8 bits of the instruction.

Assembly Example:

`.data`

`M BYTE 3 ; this is stored at address 0`

`N BYTE 5 ; this is stored at address 1`

`.code`

`LOADP A, {M}`

Instruction Layout:

0	0	1	1	0	0	d	d	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LOADP

Full name:

LOAD a Pointer address into a register

Description:

Load the address of a data memory location into a register. The address is specified by the label for that memory cell, surrounded by curly brackets. The compiler computes the address and stores it in the last 8 bits of the instruction.

Assembly Example:

`.data`

`M BYTE 3 ; this is stored at address 0`

`N BYTE 5 ; this is stored at address 1`

`.code`

`LOADP A, {M+1} ; +1 is an optional additive constant`

Instruction Layout:

0	0	1	1	0	0	d	d	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LOAD

Full name:

LOAD the value from a data memory address into a register

Description:

Load the contents of a data memory cell into a register. The address is specified by the label for that memory location, surrounded by square brackets. The compiler computes the address and stores it in the last 8 bits of the instruction.

Assembly Example:

.data

N BYTE 3 ; this is stored at address 0

array BYTE 4, 7, 1 ; this is stored at addresses 1, 2, 3

.code

LOAD C, [array]

Instruction Layout:

1	0	0	0	1	0	d	d	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LOAD

Full name:

LOAD the value from a data memory address into a register

Description:

Load the contents of a data memory cell into a register. The address is specified by the label for that memory location, surrounded by square brackets. The compiler computes the address and stores it in the last 8 bits of the instruction.

Assembly Example:

```
.data
```

```
    N    BYTE 3    ; this is stored at address 0
```

```
    array BYTE 4, 7, 1 ; this is stored at addresses 1, 2, 3
```

```
.code
```

```
    LOAD C, [array+2] ; +2 is an optional offset constant
```

Instruction Layout:

1	0	0	0	1	0	d	d	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LOADF

Full name:

LOAD but with an oFfset specified by another register

Description:

Load the contents of a data memory cell into a register. The address of the cell is specified by a label plus an offset value stored in a register, surrounded by square brackets. The compiler computes the address of the label and stores it in the last 8 bits of the instruction. The offset is added at runtime to compute the effective address from which the value is loaded.

Assembly Example:

.data

N BYTE 3 ; this is stored at address 0

array BYTE 4, 7, 1 ; this is stored at addresses 1, 2, 3

.code

LOADI B, 1

LOADF C, [array + B] ; this will load into C the value 7

Instruction Layout:

1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LOADF

Full name:

LOAD but with an offset specified by another register

Description:

Load the contents of a data memory cell into a register. The address of the cell is specified by a label plus an offset value stored in a register, surrounded by square brackets. The compiler computes the address of the label and stores it in the last 8 bits of the instruction. The offset is added at runtime to compute the effective address from which the value is loaded.

Assembly Example:

.data

N BYTE 3 ; this is stored at address 0

array BYTE 4, 7, 1 ; this is stored at addresses 1, 2, 3

.code

LOADI B, 1

LOADF C, [array + B + 1] ; this will load into C the value 1

Instruction Layout:

1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

STORE

Full name:

STORE a register value into a data memory location

Description:

Store the value of a register into a data memory cell. The address is specified by the label for that memory location, surrounded by square brackets. The compiler computes the address and stores it in the last 8 bits of the instruction.

Assembly Example:

.data

N BYTE 3 ; this is stored at address 0

array BYTE 4, 7, 1 ; this is stored at addresses 1, 2, 3

.code

LOADI D, 5 ; set register D to 5

STORE [array], D ; this will replace the 4 with 5 in array

Instruction Layout:

1	0	1	0	1	1	d	d	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

STORE

Full name:

STORE a register value into a data memory location

Description:

Store the value of a register into a data memory cell. The address is specified by the label for that memory location, surrounded by square brackets. The compiler computes the address and stores it in the last 8 bits of the instruction.

Assembly Example:

.data

N BYTE 3 ; this is stored at address 0

array BYTE 4, 7, 1 ; this is stored at addresses 1, 2, 3

.code

LOADI D, 5 ; set register D to 5

STORE [array+2], D ; this will replace the 1 with 5 in array

Instruction Layout:

1	0	1	0	1	1	d	d	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

STOREF

Full name:

STORE but with an offset specified by another register

Description:

Store the value of a register into a data memory cell. The address of the cell is specified by a label plus an offset value stored in a register, surrounded by square brackets. The compiler computes the address of the label and stores it in the last 8 bits of the instruction. The offset is added at runtime to compute the effective address at which the value is stored.

Assembly Example:

.data

array BYTE 4, 7, 8 ; this is stored at addresses 0, 1, 2

.code

LOADI B, 1 ; register B is set to 1

LOADI D, 6 ; register D is set to 6

STOREF [array + B], D ; this will replace the 7 with 6 in array

Instruction Layout:

1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

STOREF

Full name:

STORE but with an offset specified by another register

Description:

Store the value of a register into a data memory cell. The address of the cell is specified by a label plus an offset value stored in a register, surrounded by square brackets. The compiler computes the address of the label and stores it in the last 8 bits of the instruction. The offset is added at runtime to compute the effective address at which the value is stored.

Assembly Example:

.data

array BYTE 4, 7, 8 ; this is stored at addresses 0, 1, 2

.code

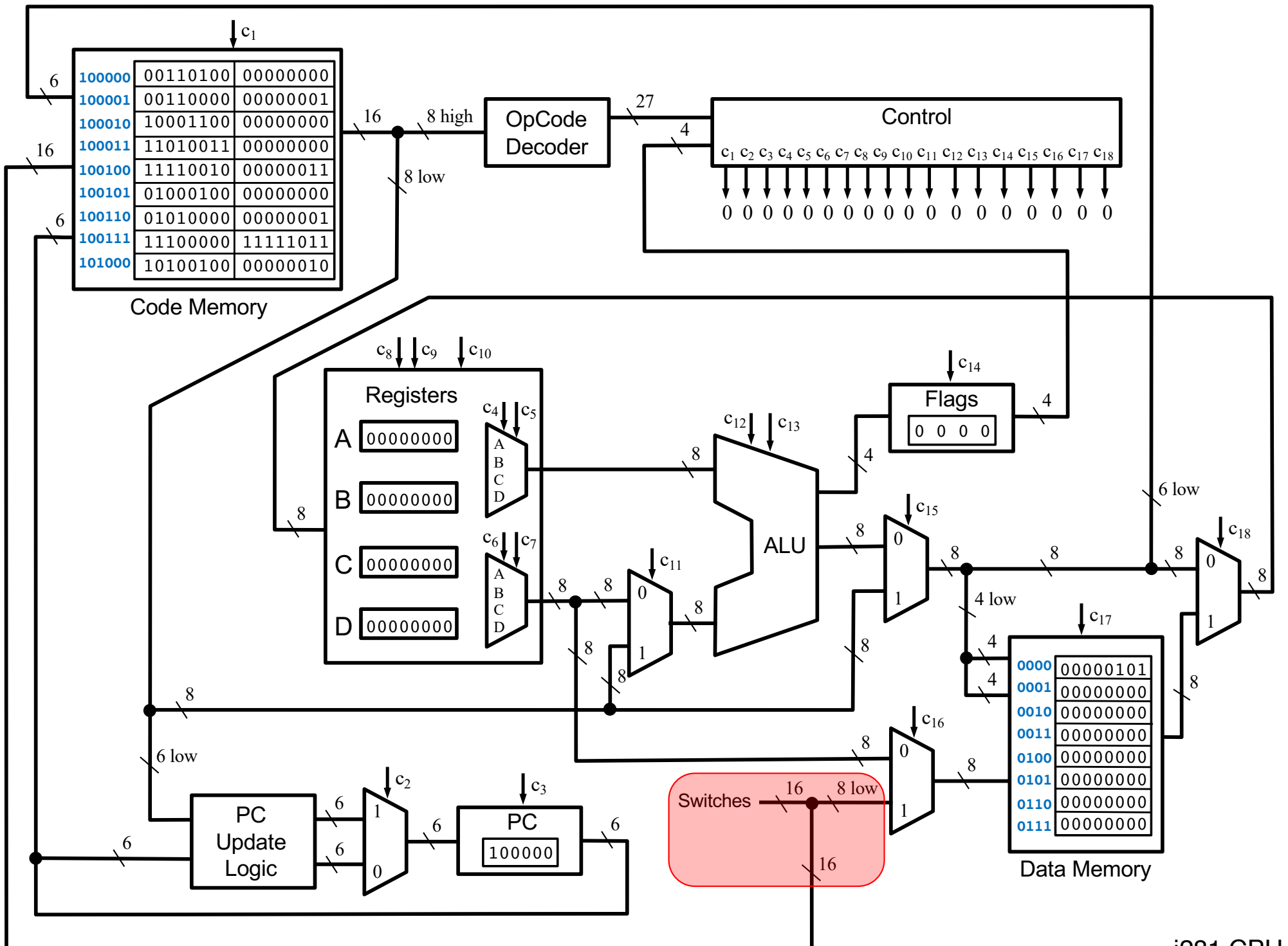
LOADI B, 1 ; register B is set to 1

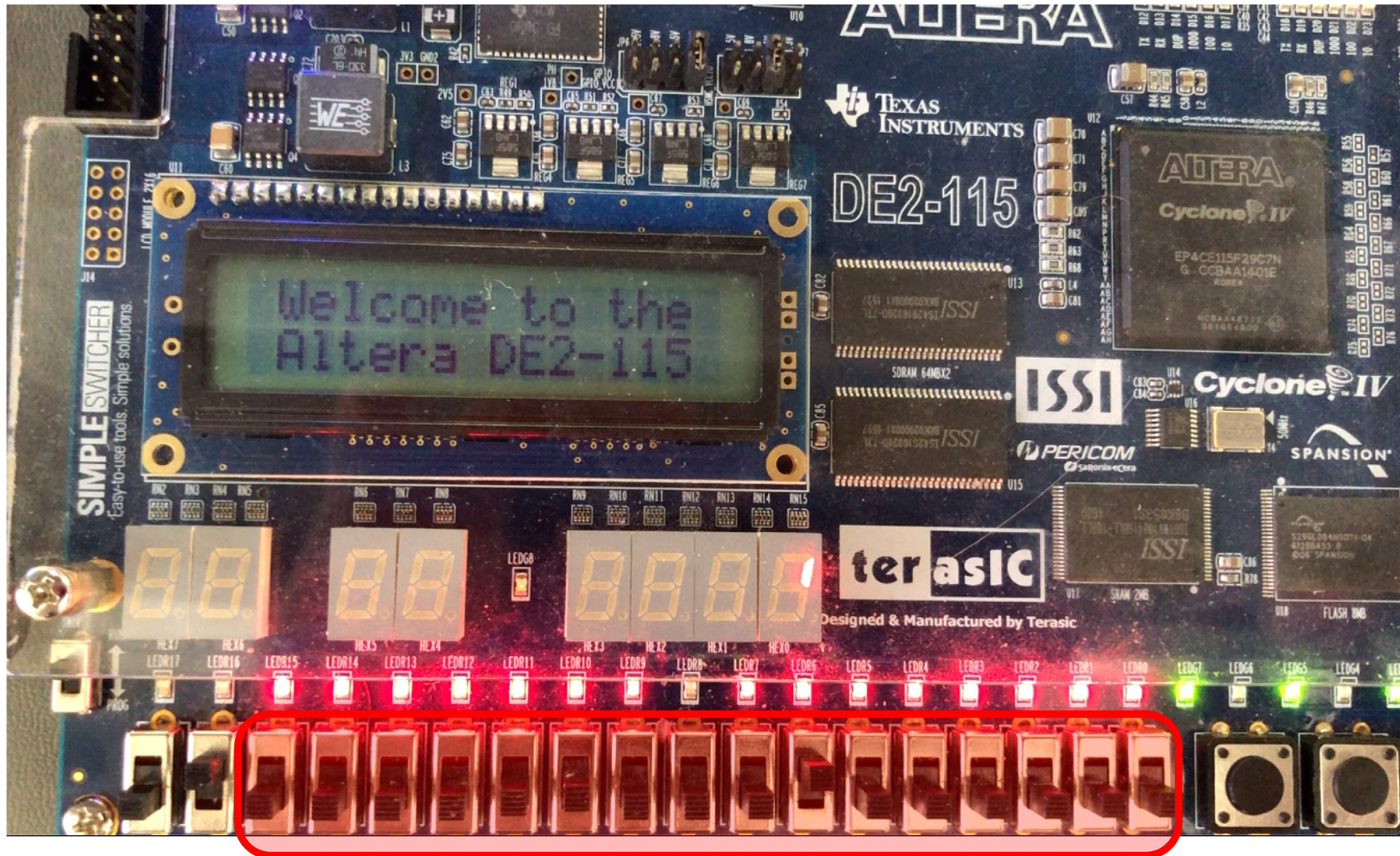
LOADI D, 6 ; register D is set to 6

STOREF [array + B +1], D ; this will replace the 8 with 6 in array

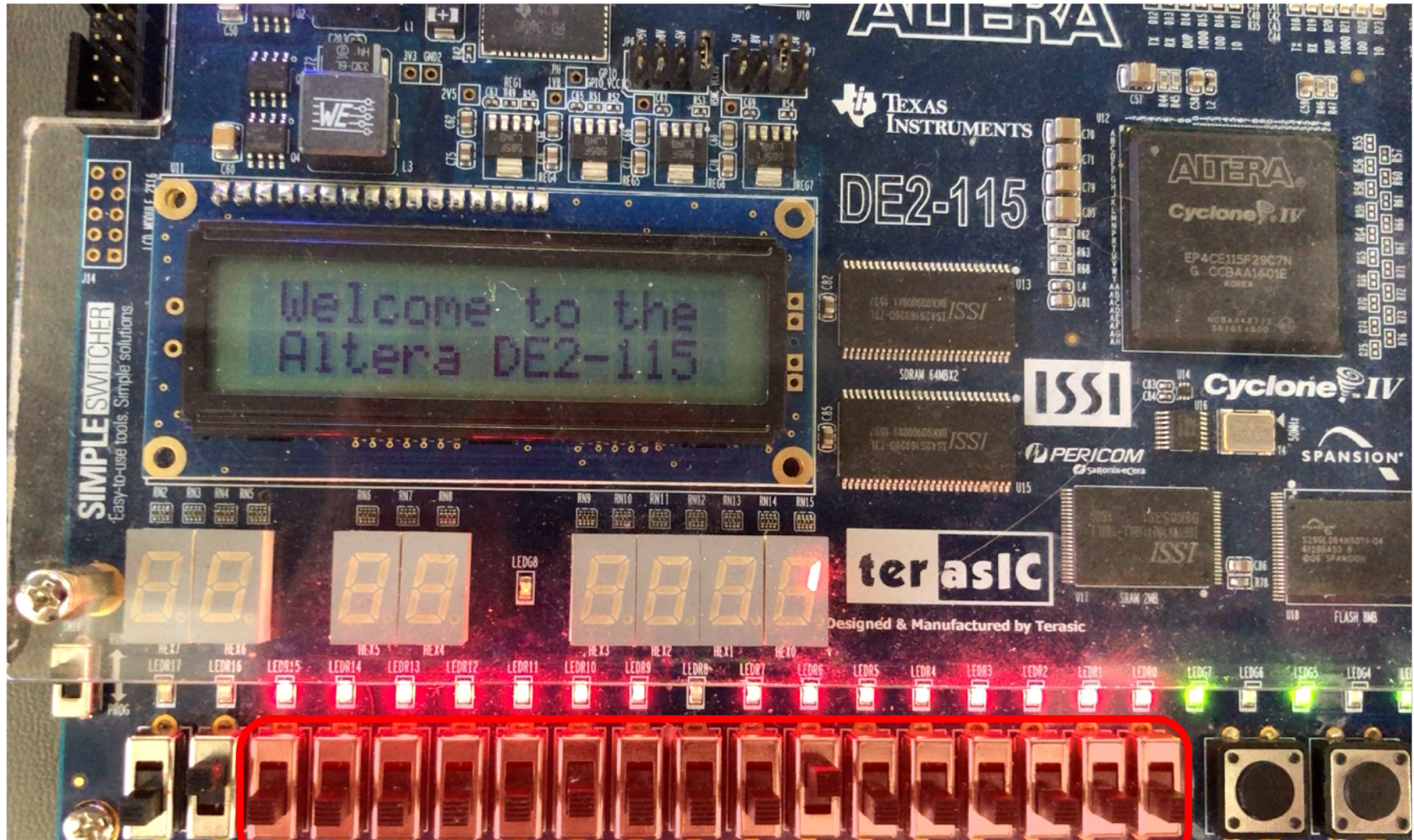
Instruction Layout:

1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

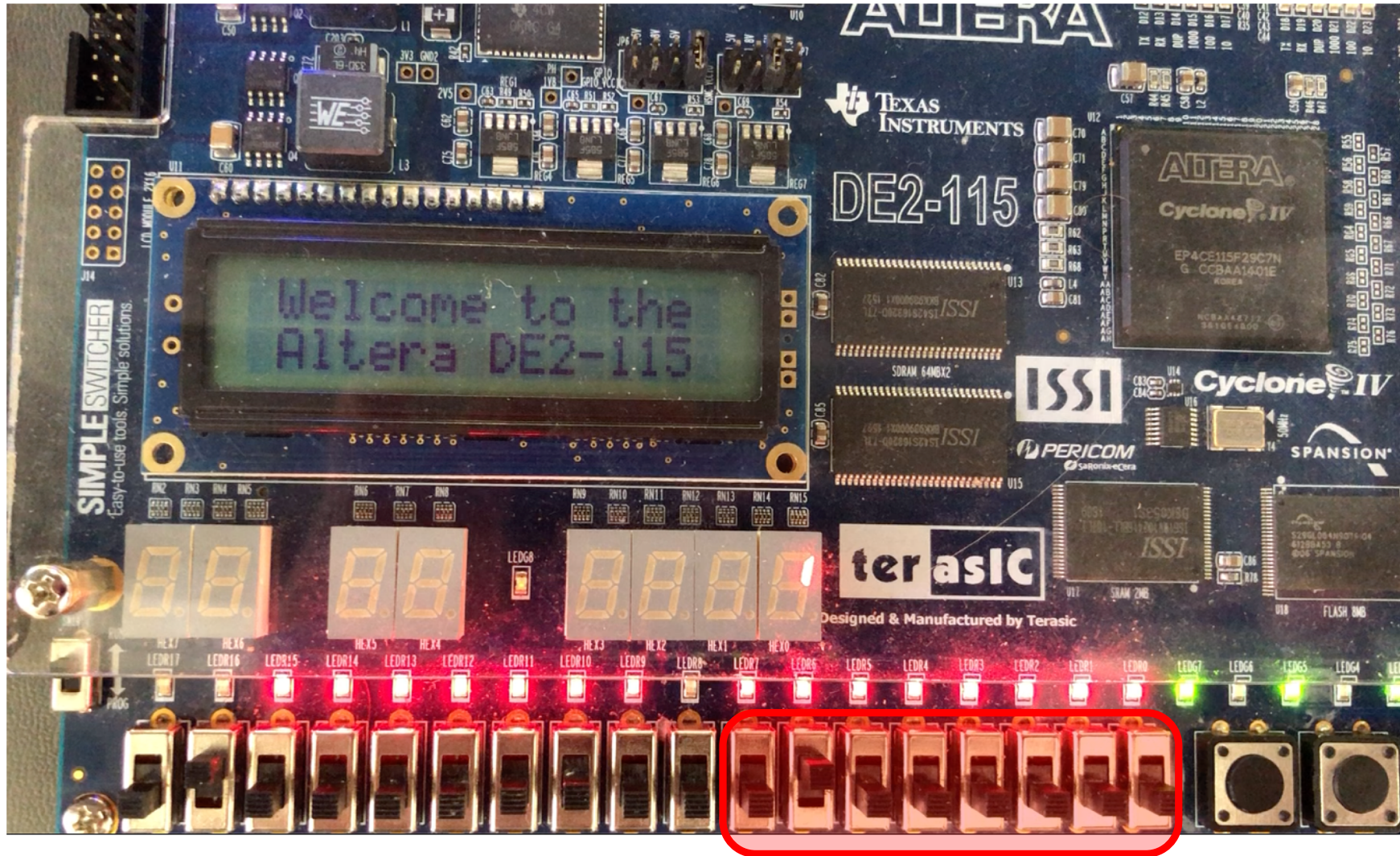




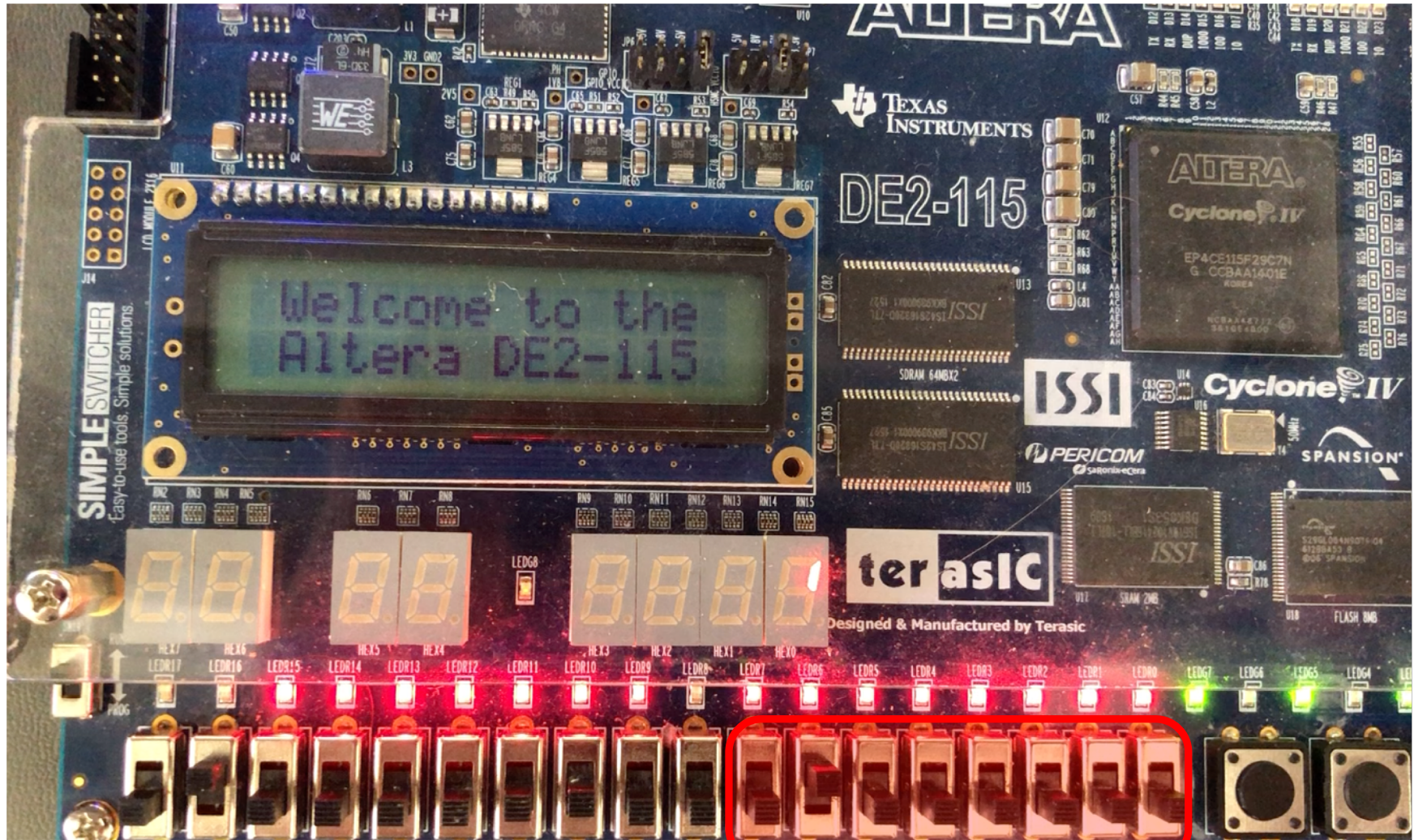
These 16 switches are used for input into the Code Memory.



0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0



These 8 switches are used for input into the Data Memory.



0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0

INPUTC

Full name:

INPUT into Code memory

Description:

Read a 16-bit value (from switches SW15-SW0) and store it in the code memory at the given address. The address is specified by the label for that memory location, surrounded by square brackets. The compiler computes the address and stores it in the last 8 bits of the instruction.

Assembly Example:

```
.data
```

```
zero BYTE ? ; this is stored at address 0 in DMEM
```

```
.code
```

```
INPUTC [zero+32] ; store the value @ address 32 in the CMEM  
; Hack to get around a compiler issue.  
; Currently the CMEM address can only be  
; given as a label to a DMEM location.
```

Instruction Layout:

0	0	0	1	d	d	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

INPUTCF

Full name:

INPUT into Code memory with offset

Description:

Read a 16-bit value (from switches SW15-SW0) and store it in the code memory at the given address. The address is specified by a label plus an offset value stored in a register, surrounded by square brackets. The compiler computes the address of the label and stores it in the last 8 bits of the instruction. The offset is added at runtime to compute the effective address at which the value is stored.

Assembly Example:

```
.data
```

```
zero BYTE ? ; this is stored at address 0 in DMEM
```

```
.code
```

```
LOADI D, 5
```

```
INPUTCF [zero + D] ; store the value @ address 5 in the CMEM
```

Instruction Layout:

0	0	0	1	d	d	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

INPUTCF

Full name:

INPUT into Code memory with offset

Description:

Read a 16-bit value (from switches SW15-SW0) and store it in the code memory at the given address. The address is specified by a label plus an offset value stored in a register, surrounded by square brackets. The compiler computes the address of the label and stores it in the last 8 bits of the instruction. The offset is added at runtime to compute the effective address at which the value is stored.

Assembly Example:

```
.data
```

```
zero BYTE ? ; this is stored at address 0 in DMEM
```

```
.code
```

```
LOADI D, 5
```

```
INPUTCF [zero + D + 32] ; store @ address 37 in the CMEM
```

Instruction Layout:

0	0	0	1	d	d	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

INPUTDF

Full name:

INPUT into Data memory with offset

Description:

Read an 8-bit value (from switches SW7-SW0) and store it in the data memory at the given address. The address is specified by the label for that memory location plus an offset value stored in a register, surrounded by square brackets. The compiler computes the address of the label and stores it in the last 8 bits of the instruction. The offset is added at runtime to compute the effective address at which the value from the switches is stored.

Assembly Example:

.data

M BYTE 1 ; this is stored at address 0 in DMEM

X BYTE ?,?,?,? ; this is at addresses 1, 2, 3, 4 in DMEM

.code

LOADI B, 2

INPUTDF [X + B] ; store the value @ address 3 in the DMEM

Instruction Layout:

0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

INPUTDF

Full name:

INPUT into Data memory with offset

Description:

Read an 8-bit value (from switches SW7-SW0) and store it in the data memory at the given address. The address is specified by the label for that memory location plus an offset value stored in a register, surrounded by square brackets. The compiler computes the address of the label and stores it in the last 8 bits of the instruction. The offset is added at runtime to compute the effective address at which the value from the switches is stored.

Assembly Example:

.data

M BYTE 1 ; this is stored at address 0 in DMEM

X BYTE ?,?,?,? ; this is at addresses 1, 2, 3, 4 in DMEM

.code

LOADI B, 2

INPUTDF [X + B + 1] ; store the value @ address 4 in the DMEM

Instruction Layout:

0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

**How many unique
assembly instructions are there?**

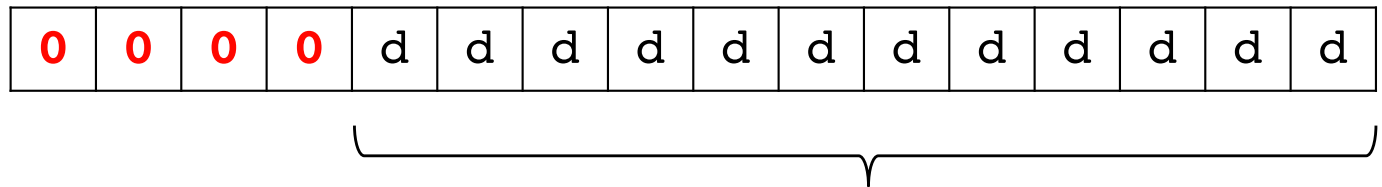
(examples for some of the instructions)

There is only one NOOP instruction

NOOP

There is only one NOOP instruction

NOOP



Because these 12 bits are don't cares, however, there are $2^{12} = 4096$ possible ways to map the assembly instruction NOOP to machine language.

The hardware ignores the don't care bits. So, any one of these 4096 mappings leads to a valid machine language command.

The compiler, however, maps all d bits to zero. Thus, mapping NOOP to 16 zeros.

There are 16 possible ADD instructions

ADD A, A

ADD A, B

ADD A, C

ADD A, D

ADD B, A

ADD B, B

ADD B, C

ADD B, D

ADD C, A

ADD C, B

ADD C, C

ADD C, D

ADD D, A

ADD D, B

ADD D, C

ADD D, D

There are 16 possible ADD instructions

ADD A, A

0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

ADD A, B

0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

ADD A, C

0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

ADD A, D

0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

ADD B, A

0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

ADD B, B

0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

ADD B, C

0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

ADD B, D

0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

There are 16 possible ADD instructions

ADD C, A

0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

ADD C, B

0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

ADD C, C

0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

ADD C, D

0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

ADD D, A

0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

ADD D, B

0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

ADD D, C

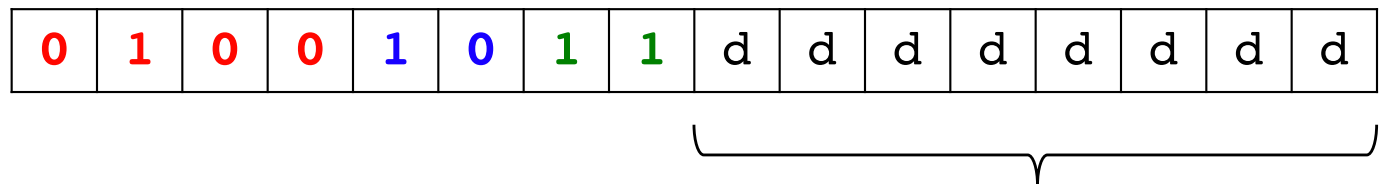
0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

ADD D, D

0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

The last 8 bits could be set to anything

ADD C, D



Because these 8 bits are don't cares, however, there are $2^8 = 256$ possible ways to map the assembly instruction ADD C,D to machine language.

The hardware ignores the don't care bits. So any one of these 256 mappings leads to a valid machine language command.

The compiler, however, maps all d bits to zero.

There are 16 possible SUB instructions

SUB A, A

SUB A, B

SUB A, C

SUB A, D

SUB B, A

SUB B, B

SUB B, C

SUB B, D

SUB C, A

SUB C, B

SUB C, C

SUB C, D

SUB D, A

SUB D, B

SUB D, C

SUB D, D

There are 16 possible SUB instructions

SUB A, A

0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

SUB A, B

0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

SUB A, C

0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

SUB A, D

0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

SUB B, A

0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

SUB B, B

0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

SUB B, C

0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

SUB B, D

0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

There are 16 possible SUB instructions

SUB C, A

0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

SUB C, B

0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

SUB C, C

0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

SUB C, D

0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

SUB D, A

0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

SUB D, B

0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

SUB D, C

0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

SUB D, D

0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

There are 4 possible SHIFTL instructions

SHIFTL A

SHIFTL B

SHIFTL C

SHIFTL D

There are 4 possible SHIFTL instructions

SHIFTL A

1	1	0	0	0	0	d	0	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

SHIFTL B

1	1	0	0	0	1	d	0	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

SHIFTL C

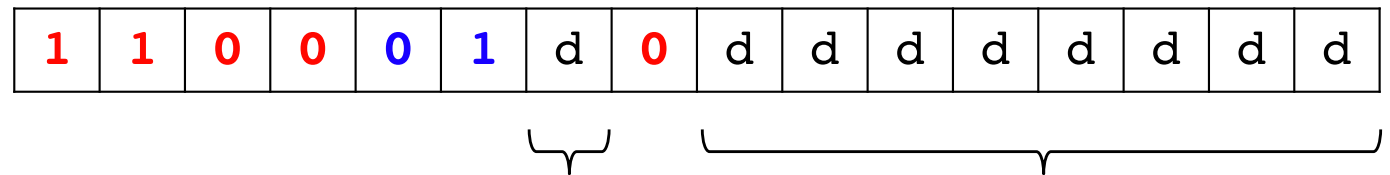
1	1	0	0	1	0	d	0	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

SHIFTL D

1	1	0	0	1	1	d	0	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

There are 4 possible SHIFTL instructions

SHIFTL B



Because these 9 bits are don't cares, however, there are $2^9 = 512$ possible ways to map the assembly instruction SHIFTL B to machine language.

The hardware ignores the don't care bits. So, any one of these 512 mappings leads to a valid machine language command.

The compiler, however, maps all d bits to zero.

There are 4 possible SHIFTR instructions

SHIFTR A

SHIFTR B

SHIFTR C

SHIFTR D

There are 4 possible SHIFTR instructions

SHIFTR A

1	1	0	0	0	0	d	1	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

SHIFTR B

1	1	0	0	0	1	d	1	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

SHIFTR C

1	1	0	0	1	0	d	1	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

SHIFTR D

1	1	0	0	1	1	d	1	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

There are many possible JUMP instructions (at the assembly language level)

JUMP Start

JUMP InnerLoop

JUMP OuterLoop

JUMP End

The second word must be an unique label. The number of possible commands depends on the maximum length of the label supported by the compiler.

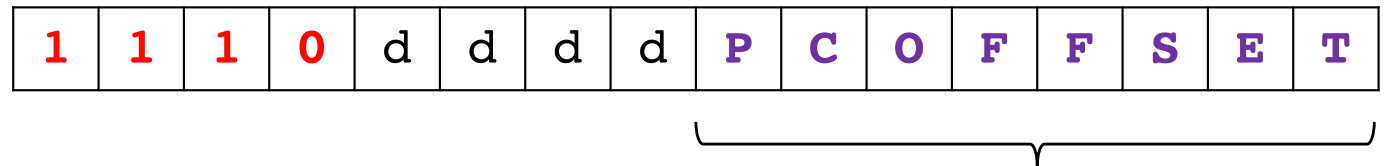
There are many possible JUMP instructions

JUMP Label

1	1	1	0	d	d	d	d	P	C	O	F	F	S	E	T
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

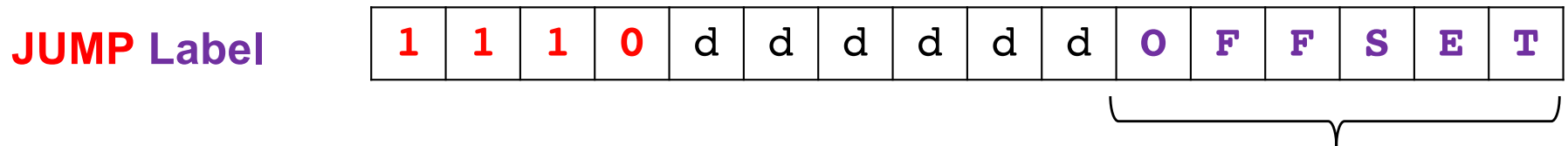
There are many possible JUMP instructions

JUMP Label



These 8 bits specify an offset for the program counter (PC).
The offset is encoded in 2's complement representation
and can be either positive or negative.

There are many possible JUMP instructions



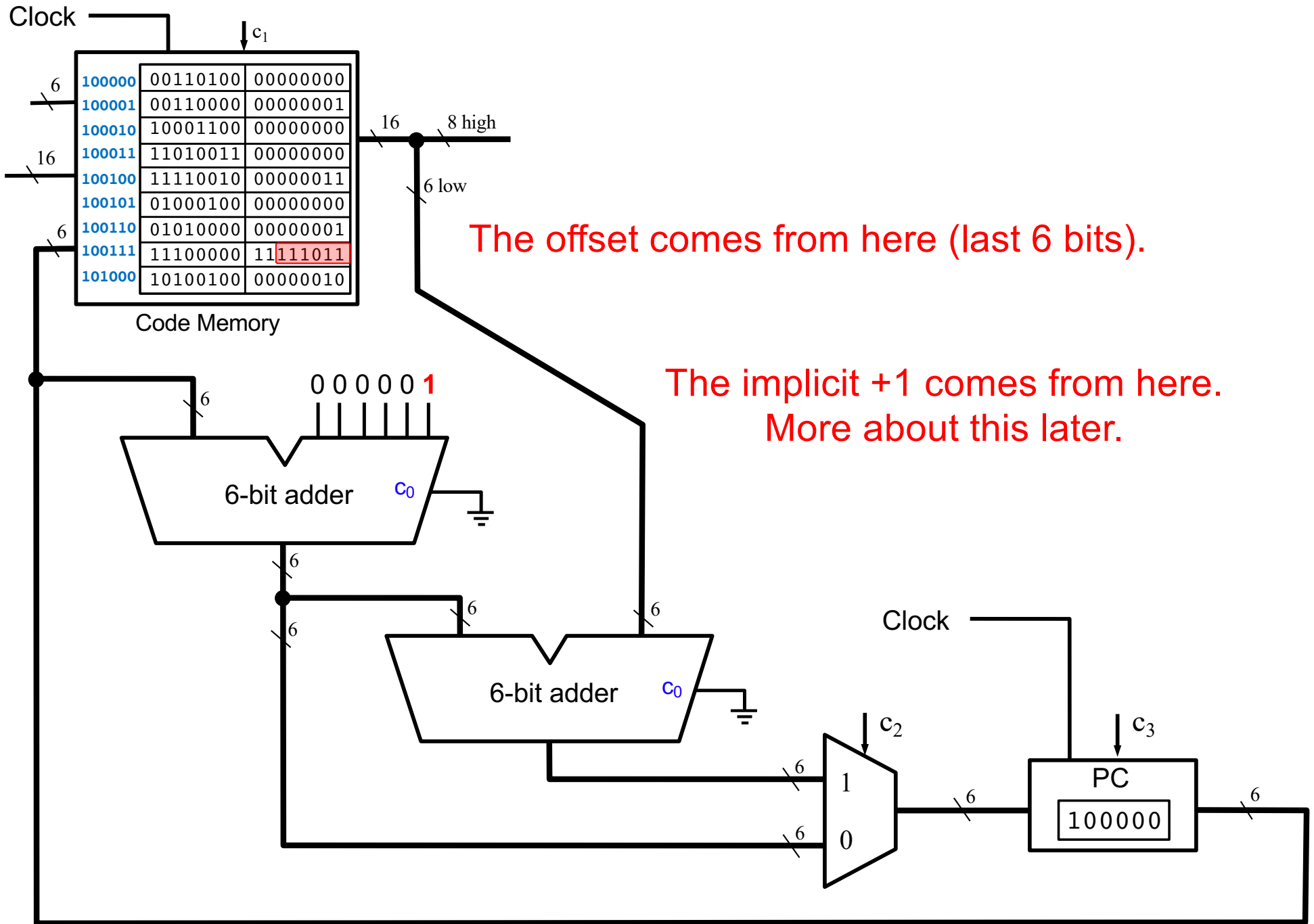
Because the code memory of the i281 CPU has space for only 64 instructions, however, the hardware uses only the last 6 bits.

That is, it uses 6-bit adders to compute addresses.

Therefore, the possible range of offset values ranges from -32 to +31.

However, due to an implicit +1 offset implemented by the hardware in the PC update logic, the actual effective range is -31 to +32.

The compiler emits 6-bit numbers that are then sign extended to 8-bit.



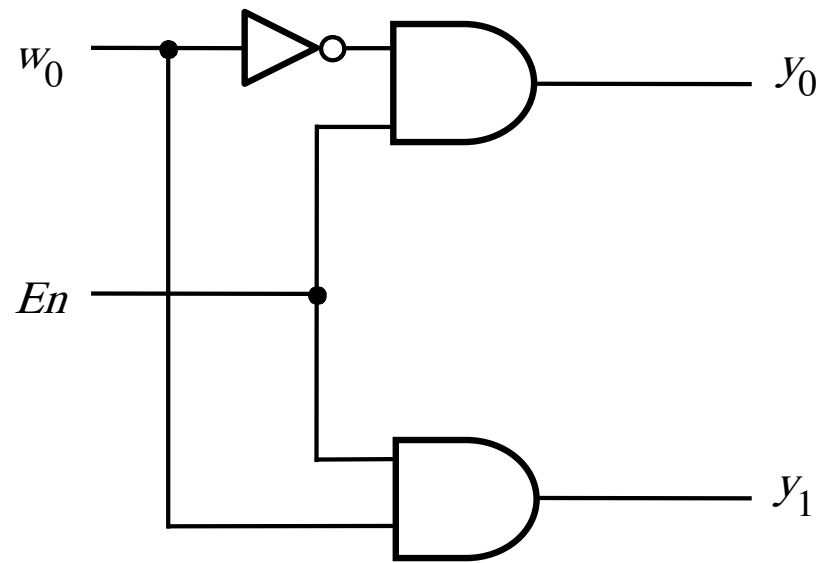
Possible Offsets with +1 Correction

0	11111111
1	00000000
2	00000001
3	00000010
4	00000011
5	00000100
6	00000101
7	00000110
8	00000111
9	00001000
10	00001001
11	00001010
12	00001011
13	00001100
14	00001101
15	00001110
16	00001111
17	00010000
18	00010001
19	00010010
20	00010011
21	00010100
22	00010101
23	00010110
24	00010111
25	00011000
26	00011001
27	00011010
28	00011011
29	00011100
30	00011101
31	00011110
32	00011111

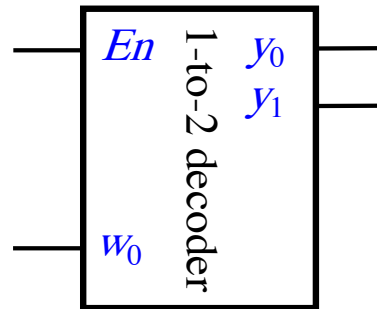
-1	11111110
-2	11111101
-3	11111100
-4	11111011
-5	11111010
-6	11111001
-7	11111000
-8	11110111
-9	11110110
-10	11110101
-11	11110100
-12	11110011
-13	11110010
-14	11110001
-15	11110000
-16	11101111
-17	11101110
-18	11101101
-19	11101100
-20	11101011
-21	11101010
-22	11101001
-23	11101000
-24	11100111
-25	11100110
-26	11100101
-27	11100100
-28	11100011
-29	11100010
-30	11100001
-31	11100000
-32	N/A

Quick Review: Decoders

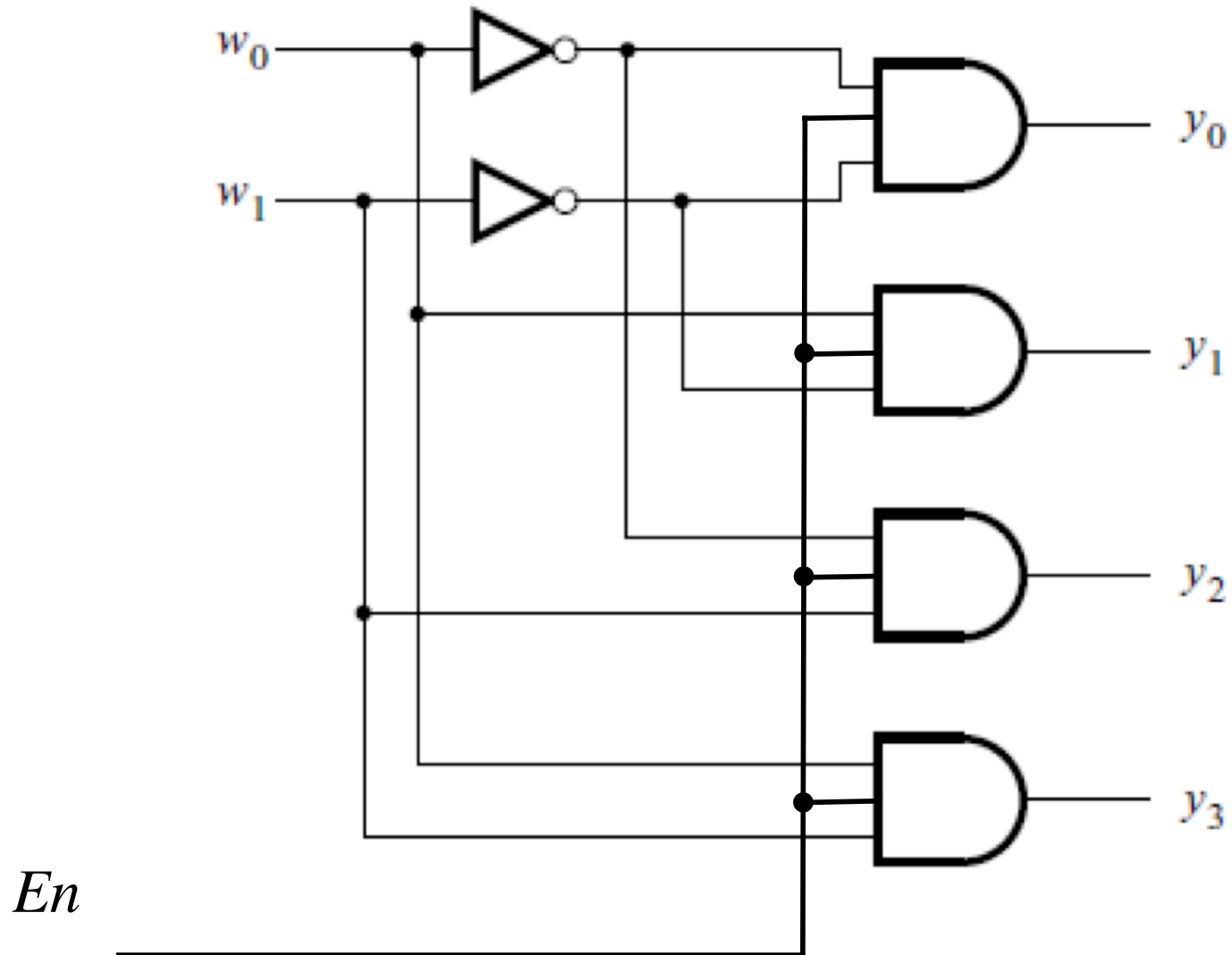
1-to-2 decoder



1-to-2 decoder

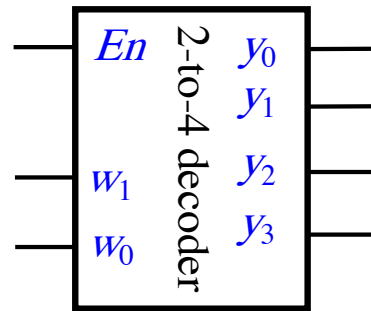


2-to-4 decoder

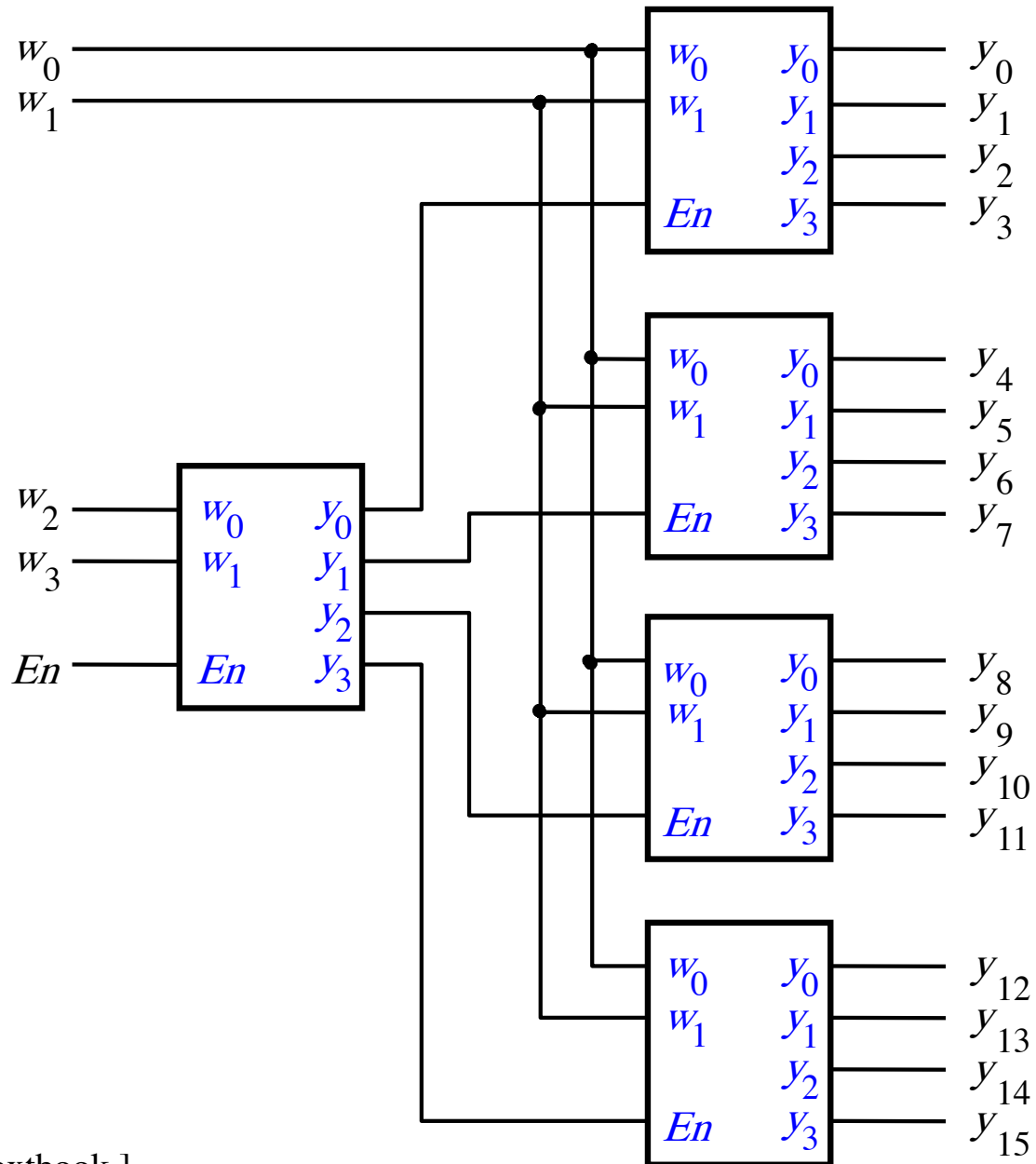


[Figure 4.14c from the textbook]

2-to-4 decoder

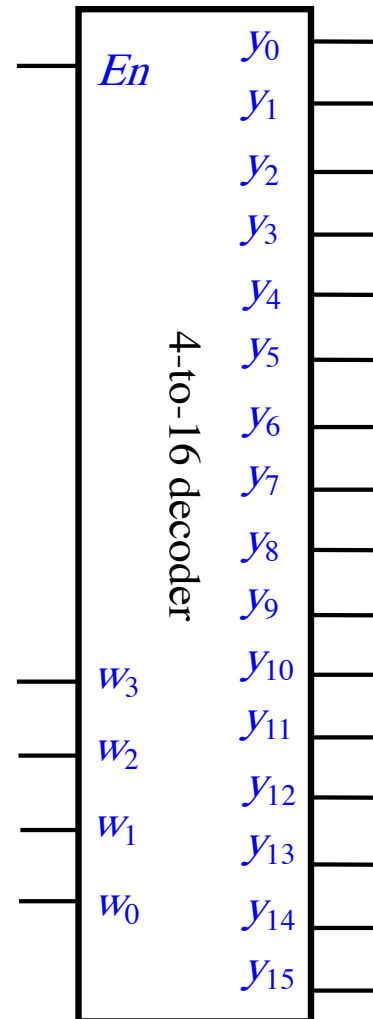


4-to-16 decoder built using a decoder tree

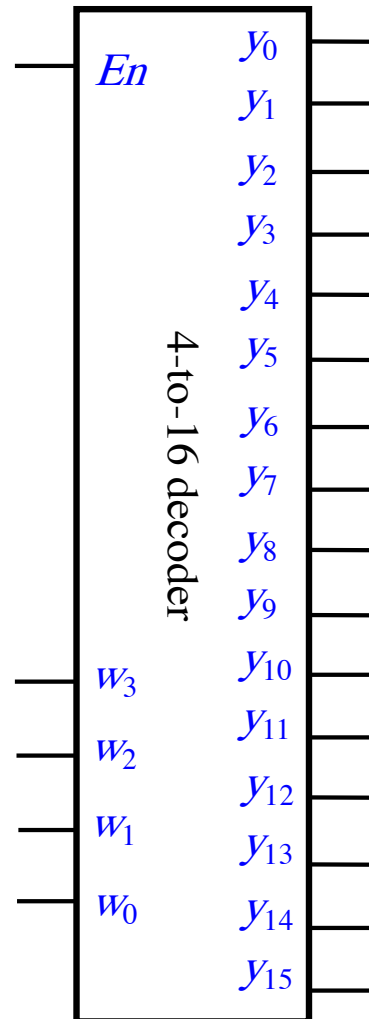


[Figure 4.16 from the textbook]

4-to-16 decoder



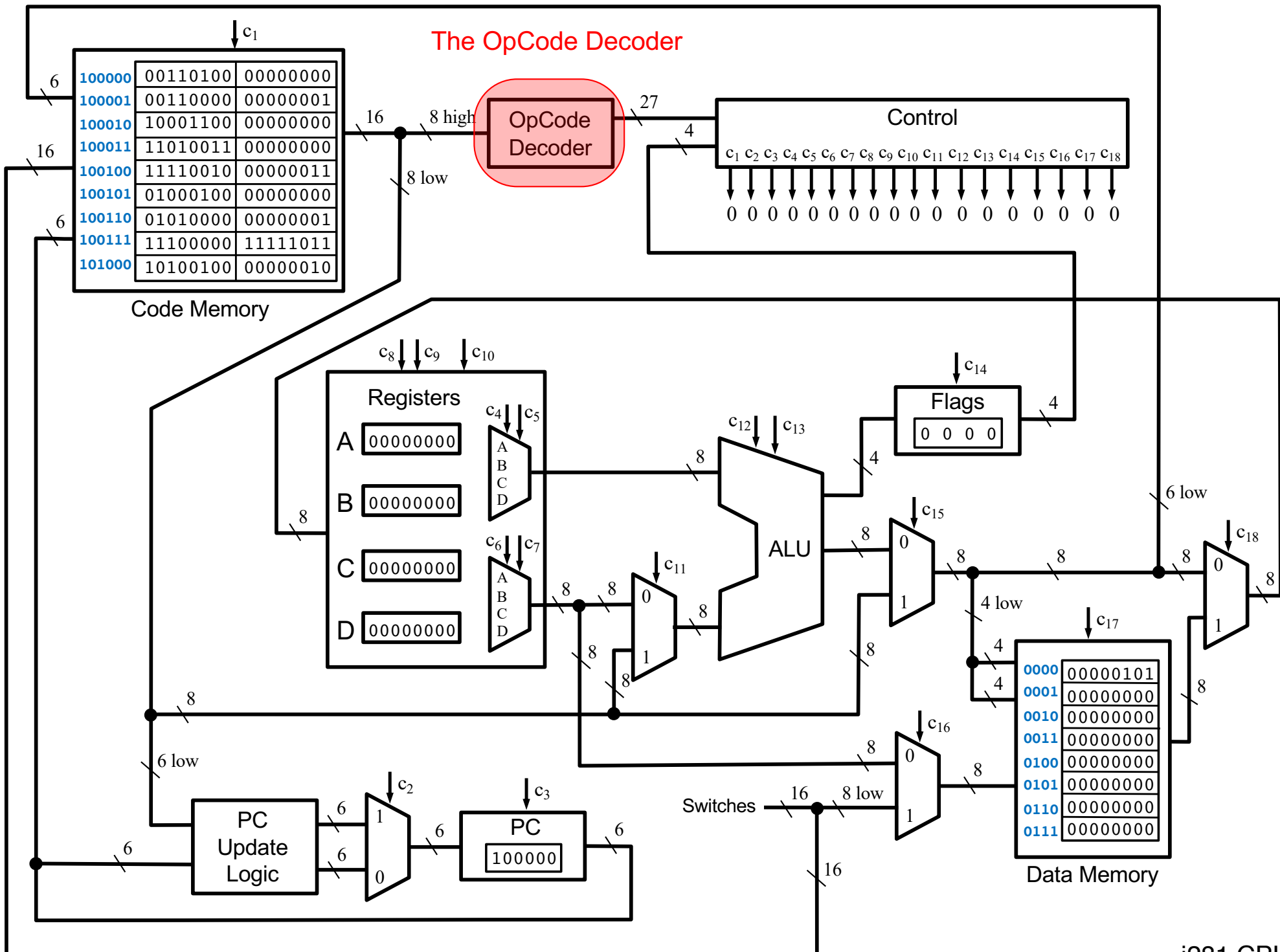
4-to-16 decoder

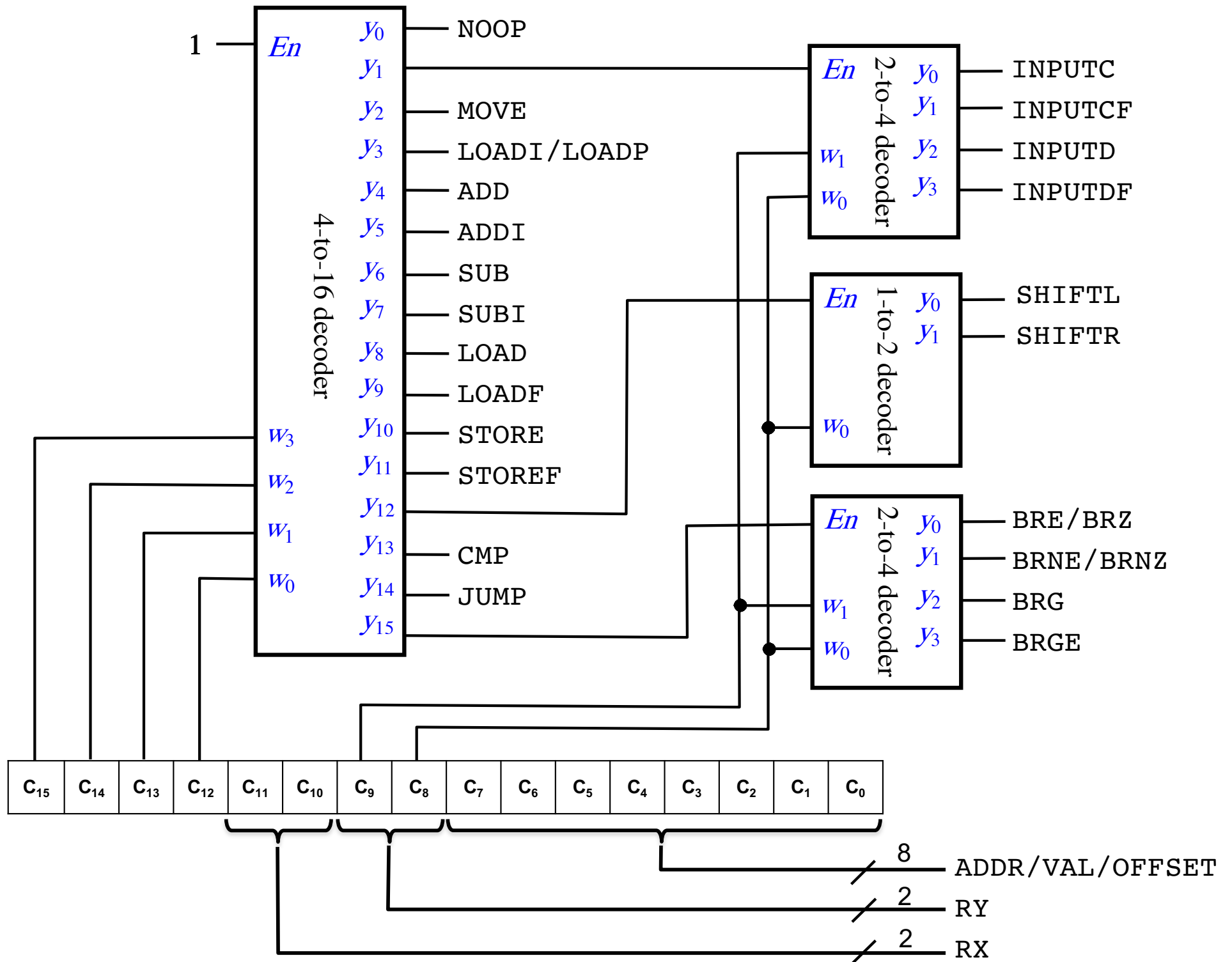


The outputs are one-hot encoded when $En=1$

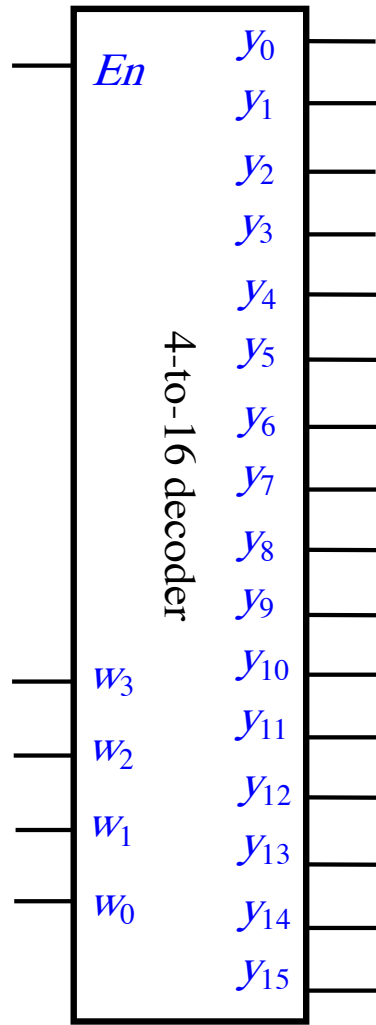
OPCODE Decoding Circuit

The OpCode Decoder

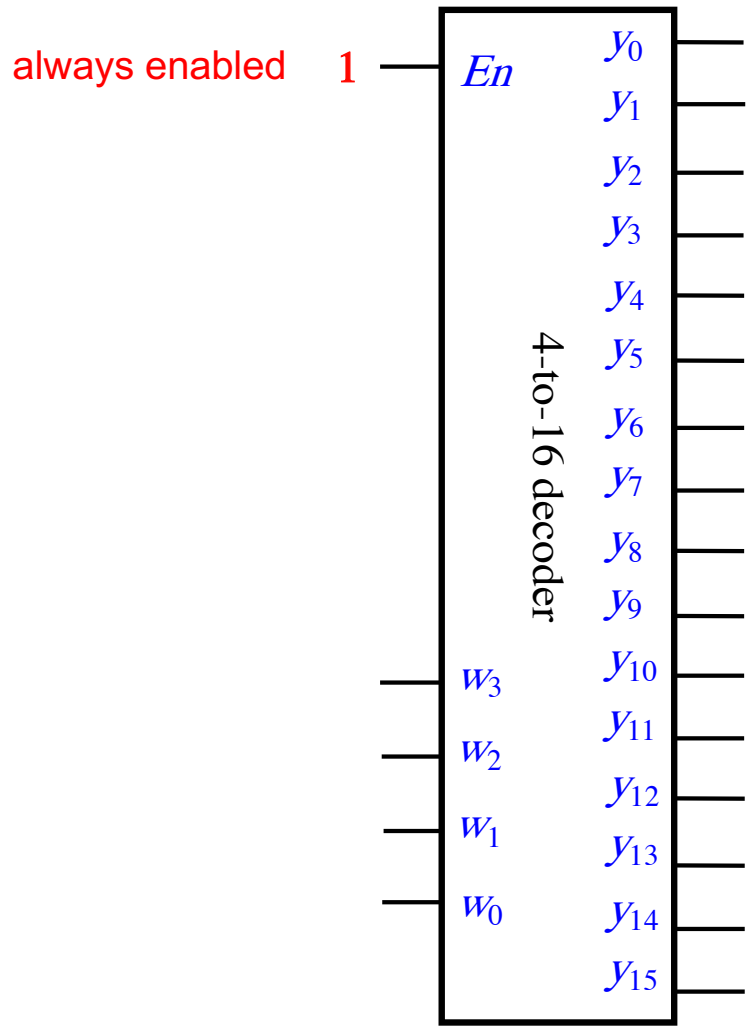




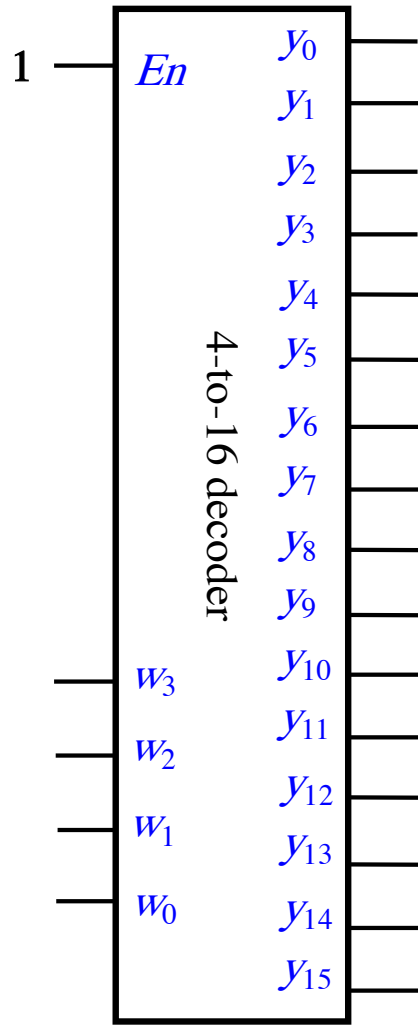
C_{15}	C_{14}	C_{13}	C_{12}	C_{11}	C_{10}	C_9	C_8	C_7	C_6	C_5	C_4	C_3	C_2	C_1	C_0
----------	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------



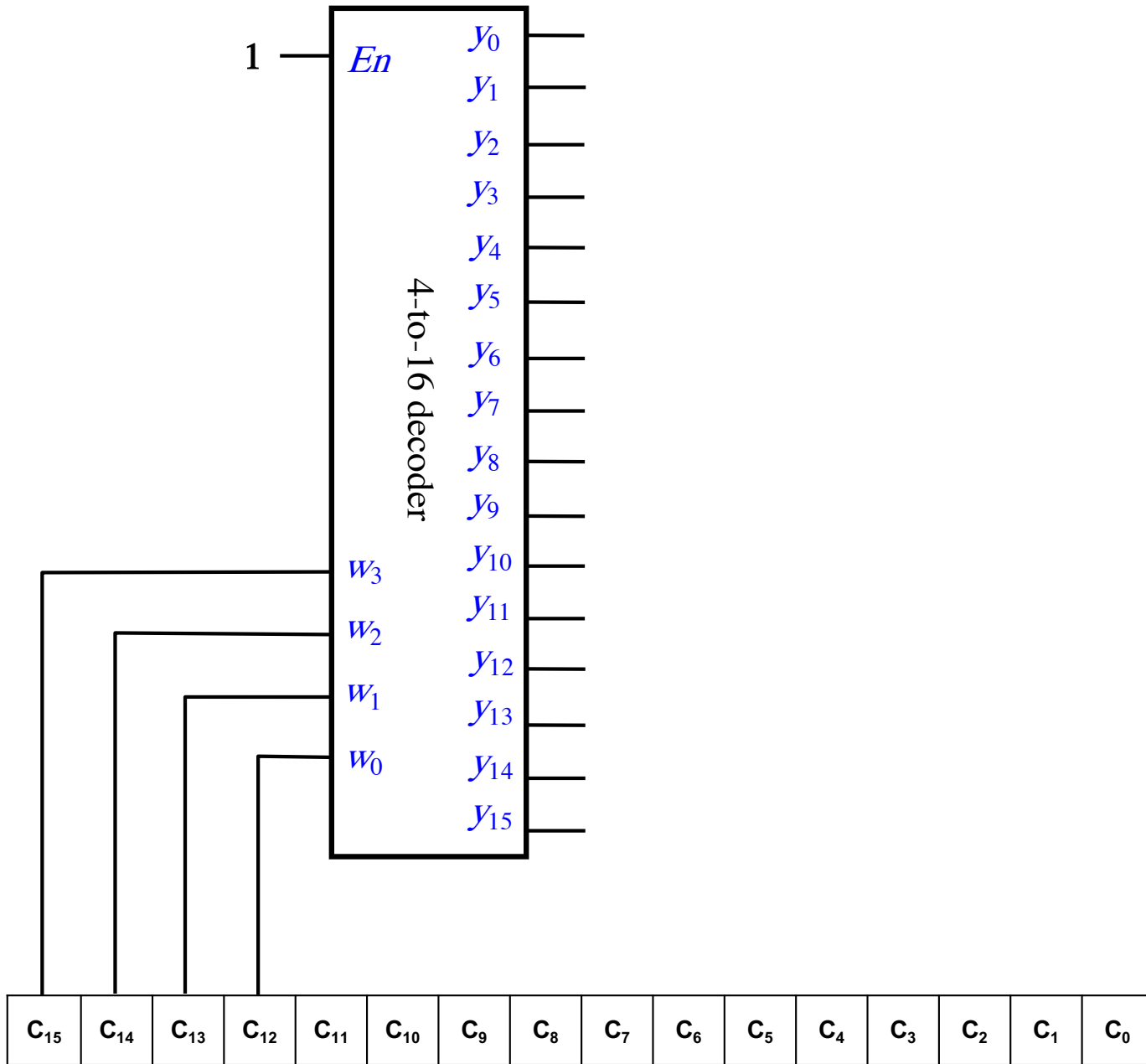
C_{15}	C_{14}	C_{13}	C_{12}	C_{11}	C_{10}	C_9	C_8	C_7	C_6	C_5	C_4	C_3	C_2	C_1	C_0
----------	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------

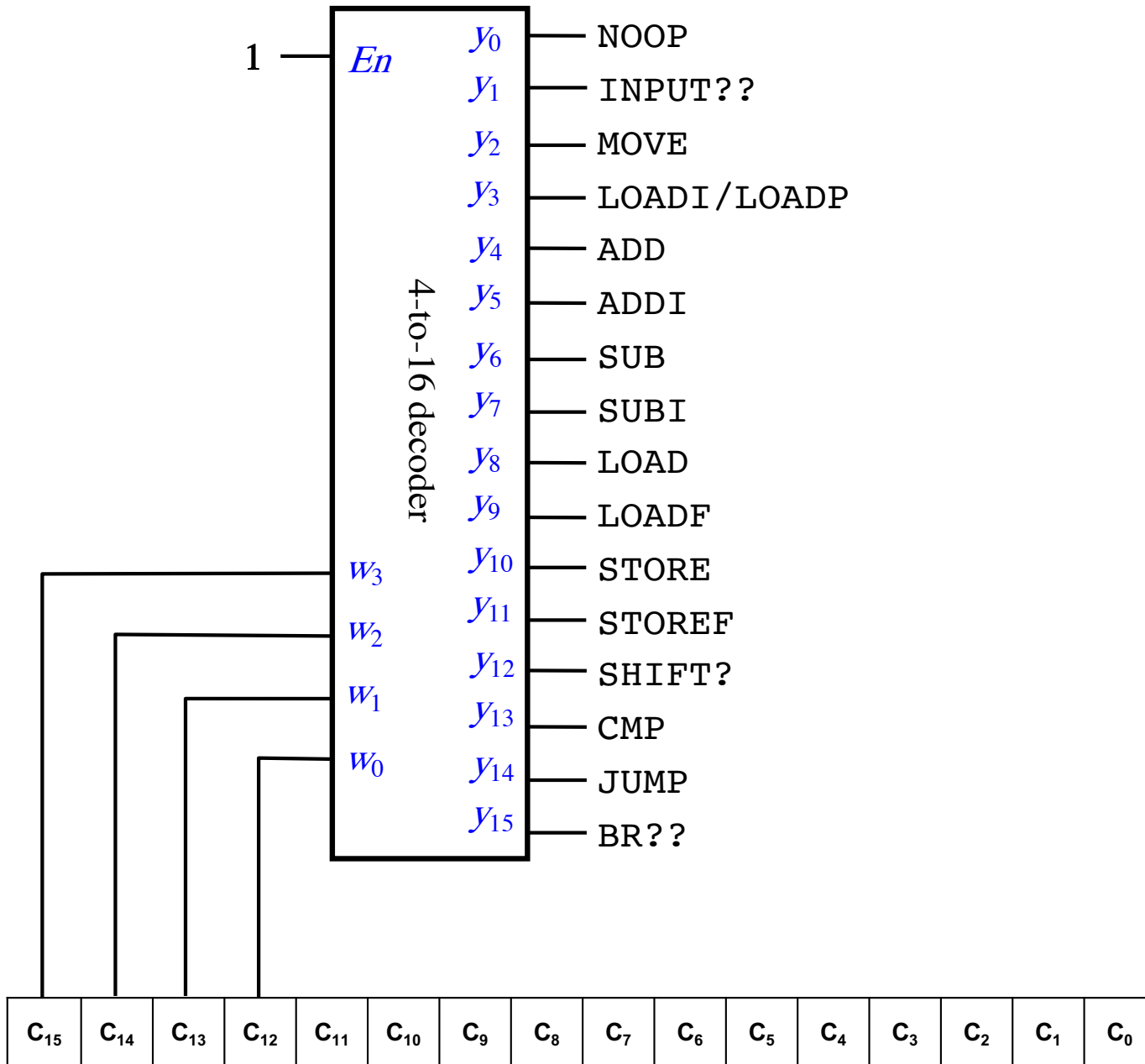


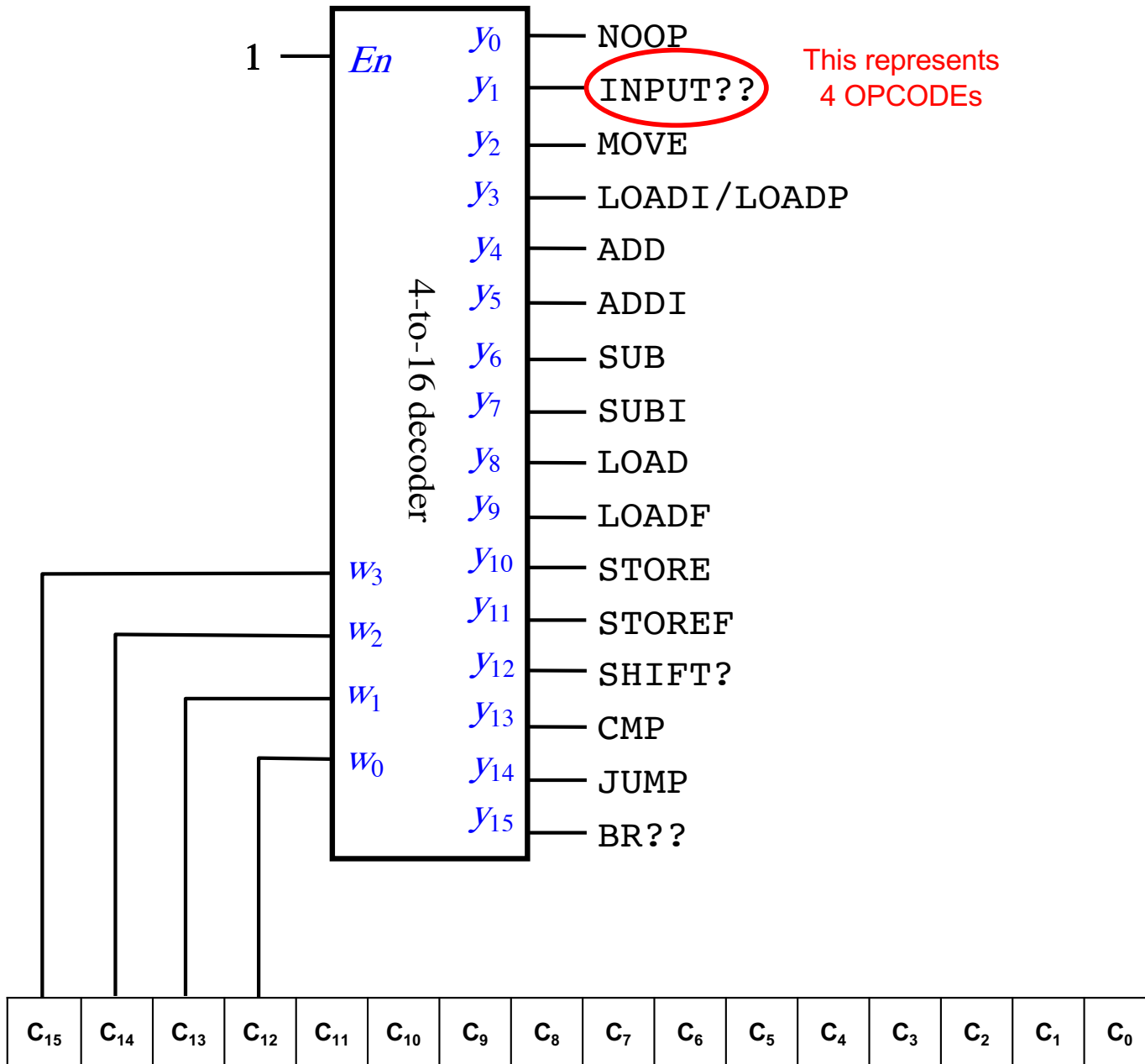
C_{15}	C_{14}	C_{13}	C_{12}	C_{11}	C_{10}	C_9	C_8	C_7	C_6	C_5	C_4	C_3	C_2	C_1	C_0
----------	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------

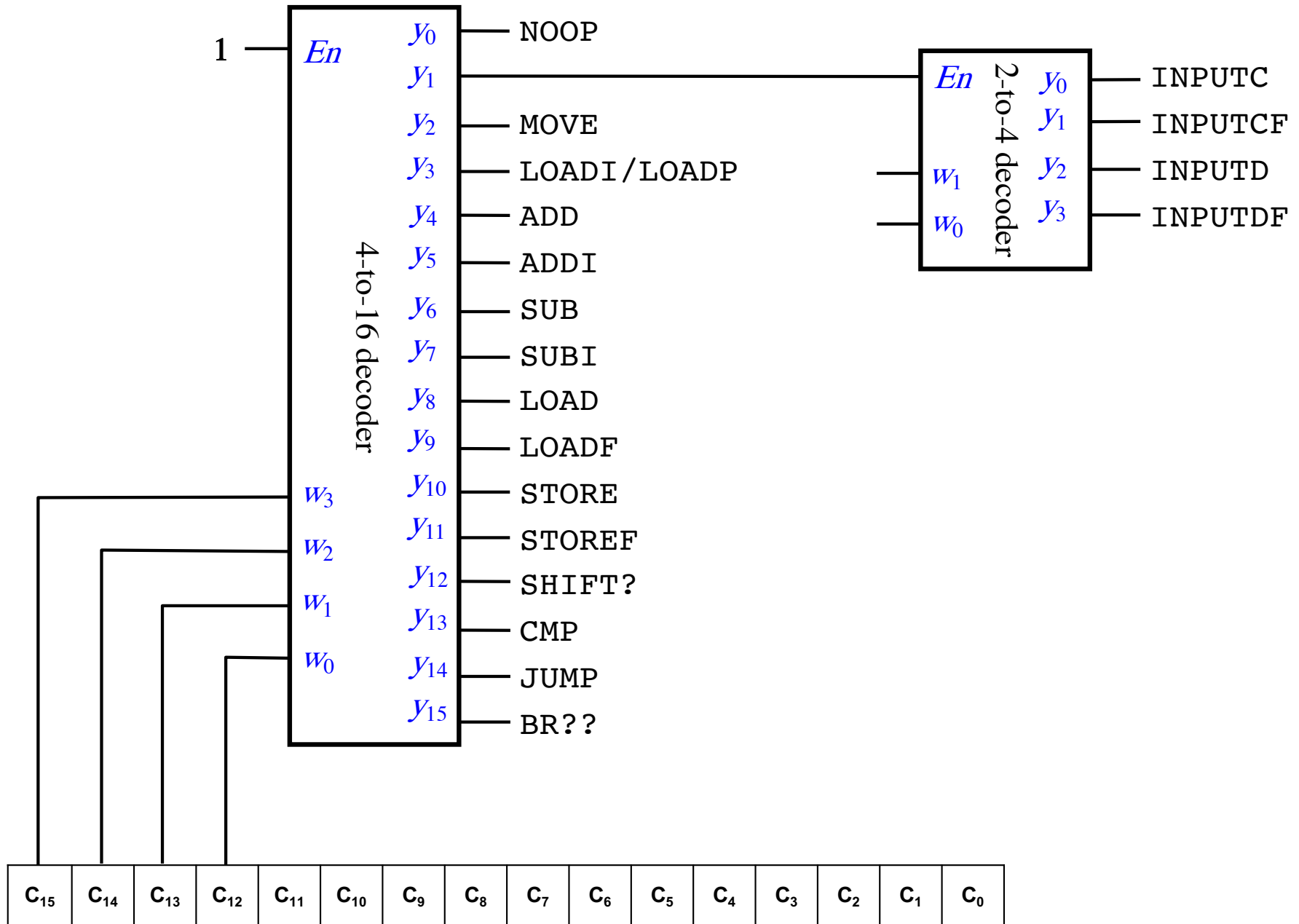


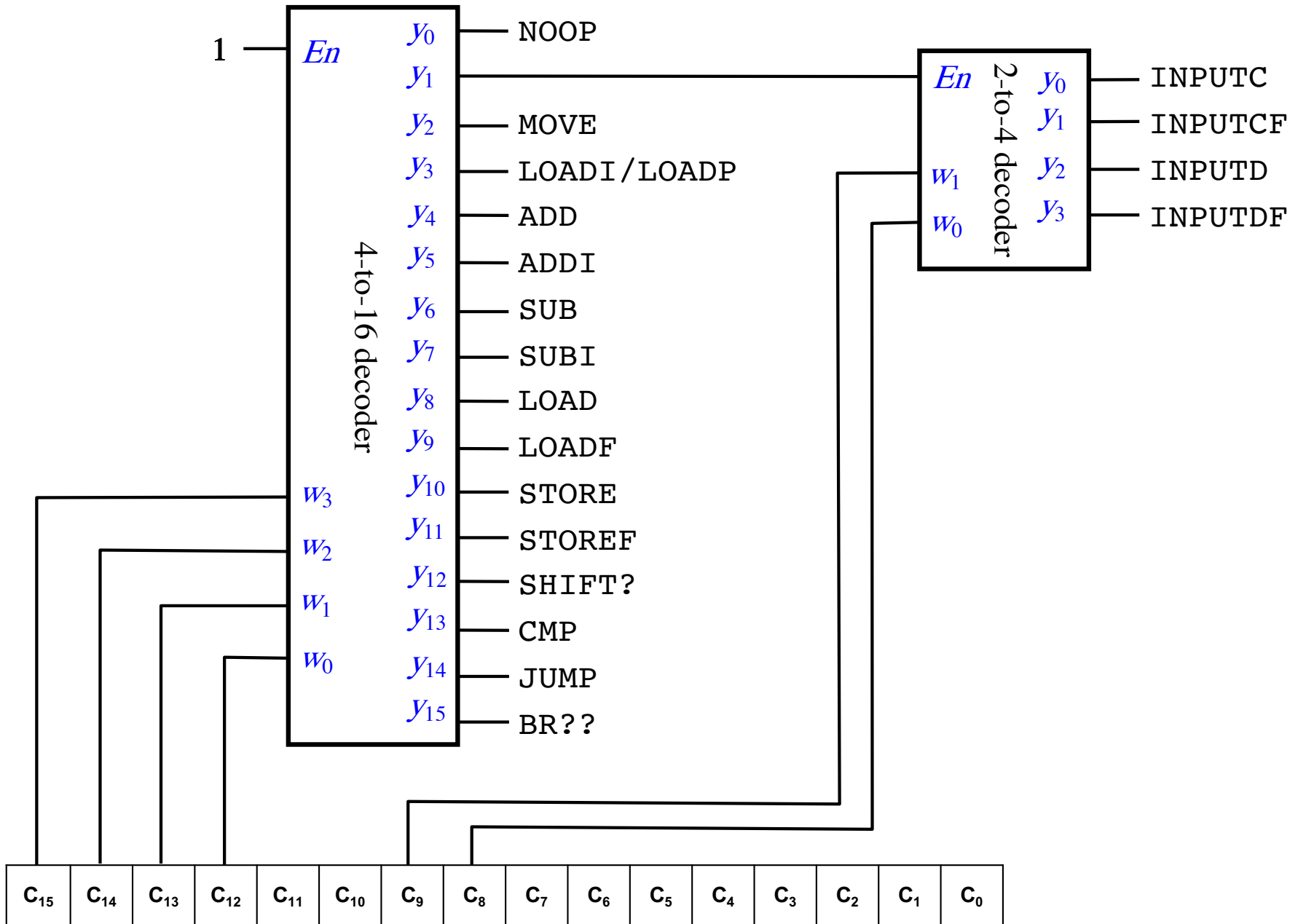
C₁₅	C₁₄	C₁₃	C₁₂	C₁₁	C₁₀	C₉	C₈	C₇	C₆	C₅	C₄	C₃	C₂	C₁	C₀
-----------------------	-----------------------	-----------------------	-----------------------	-----------------------	-----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------

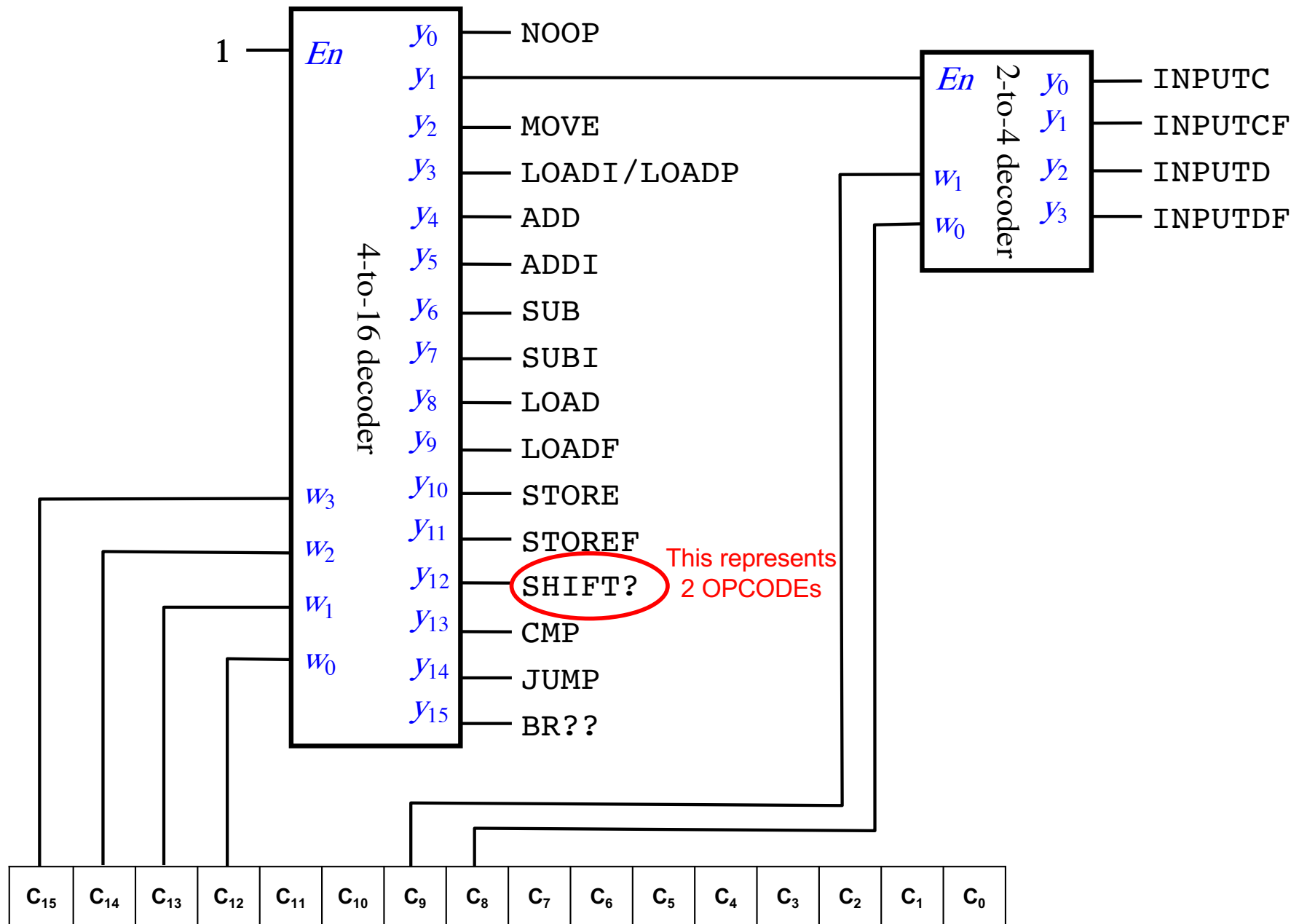


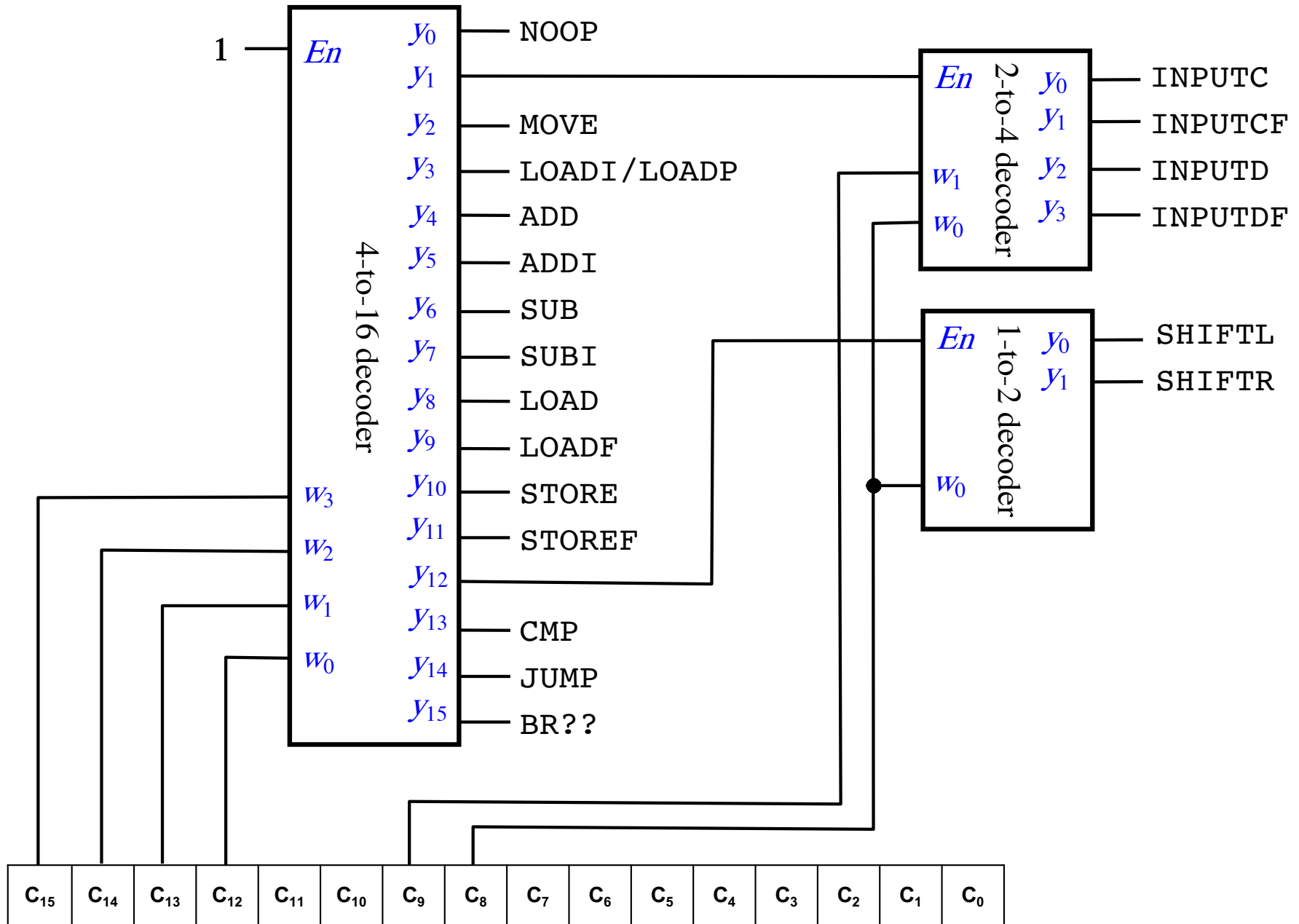


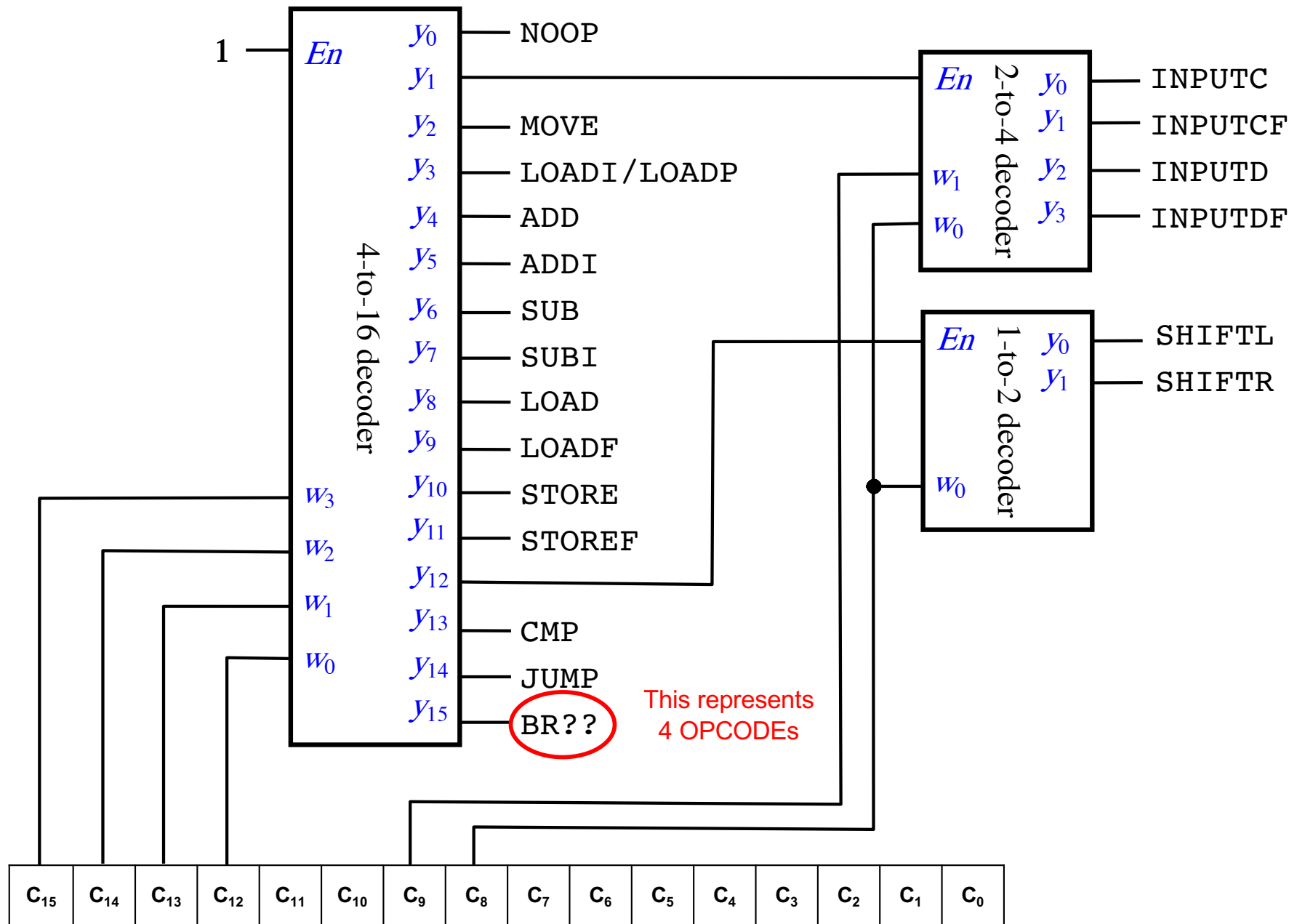


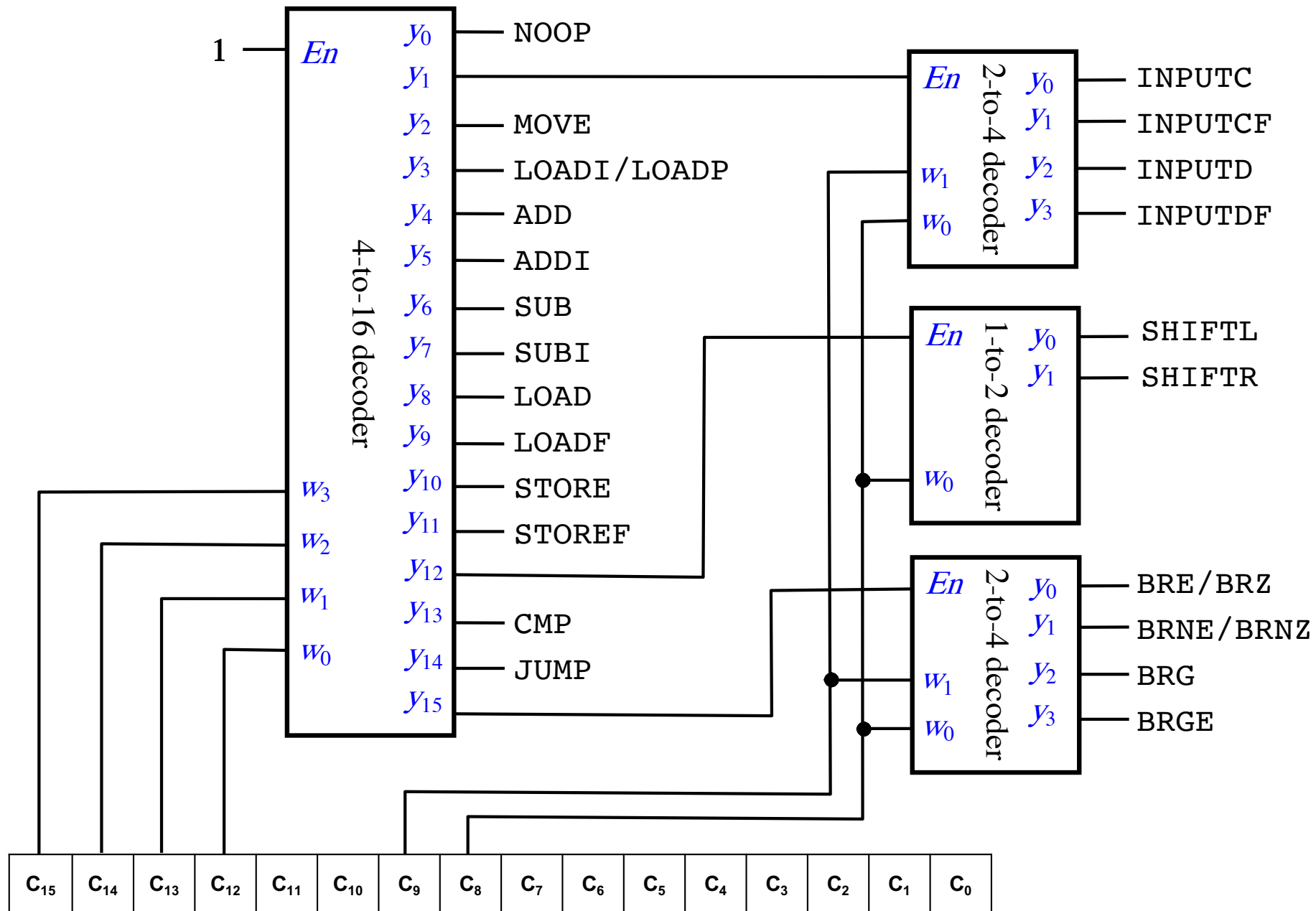


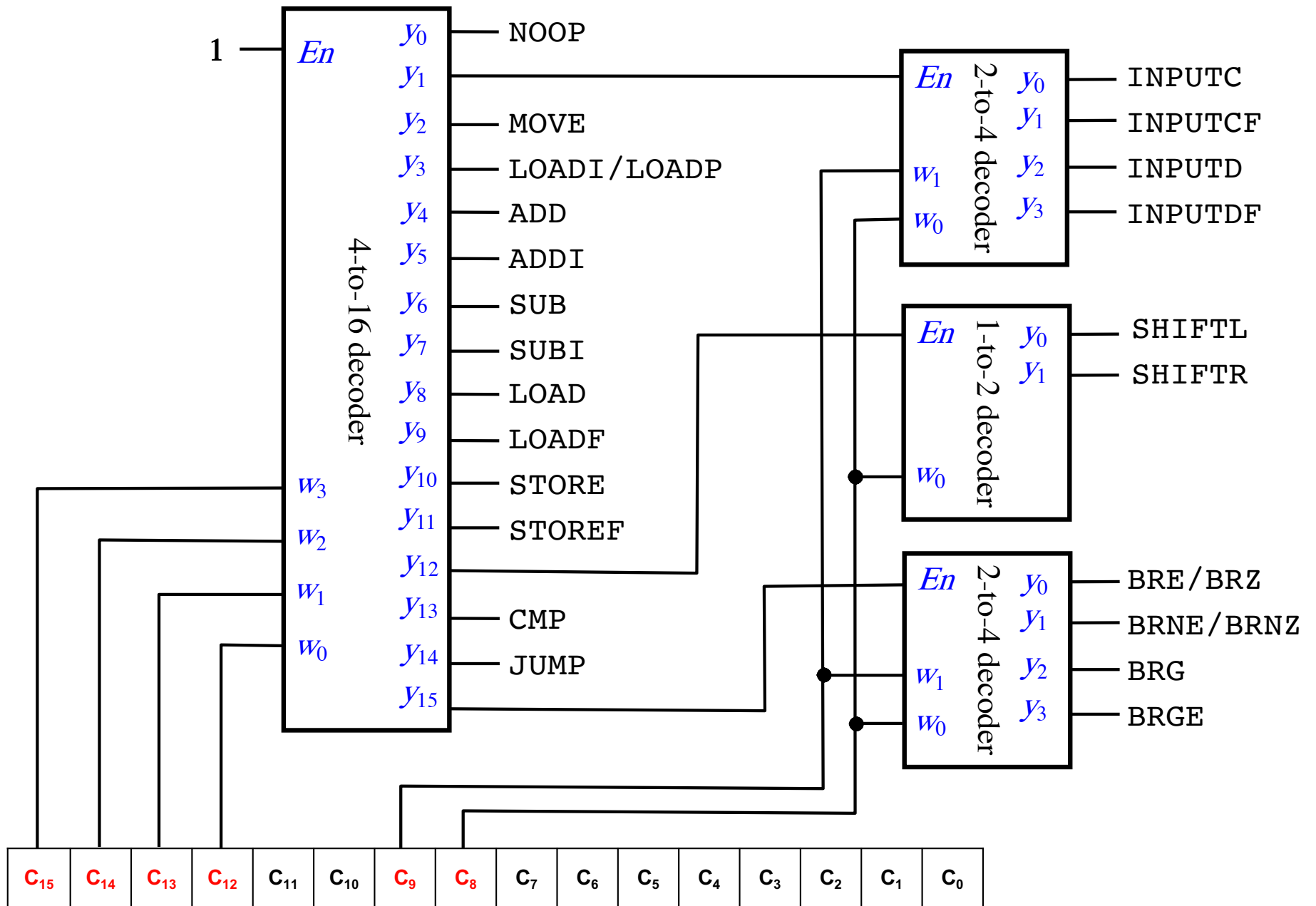




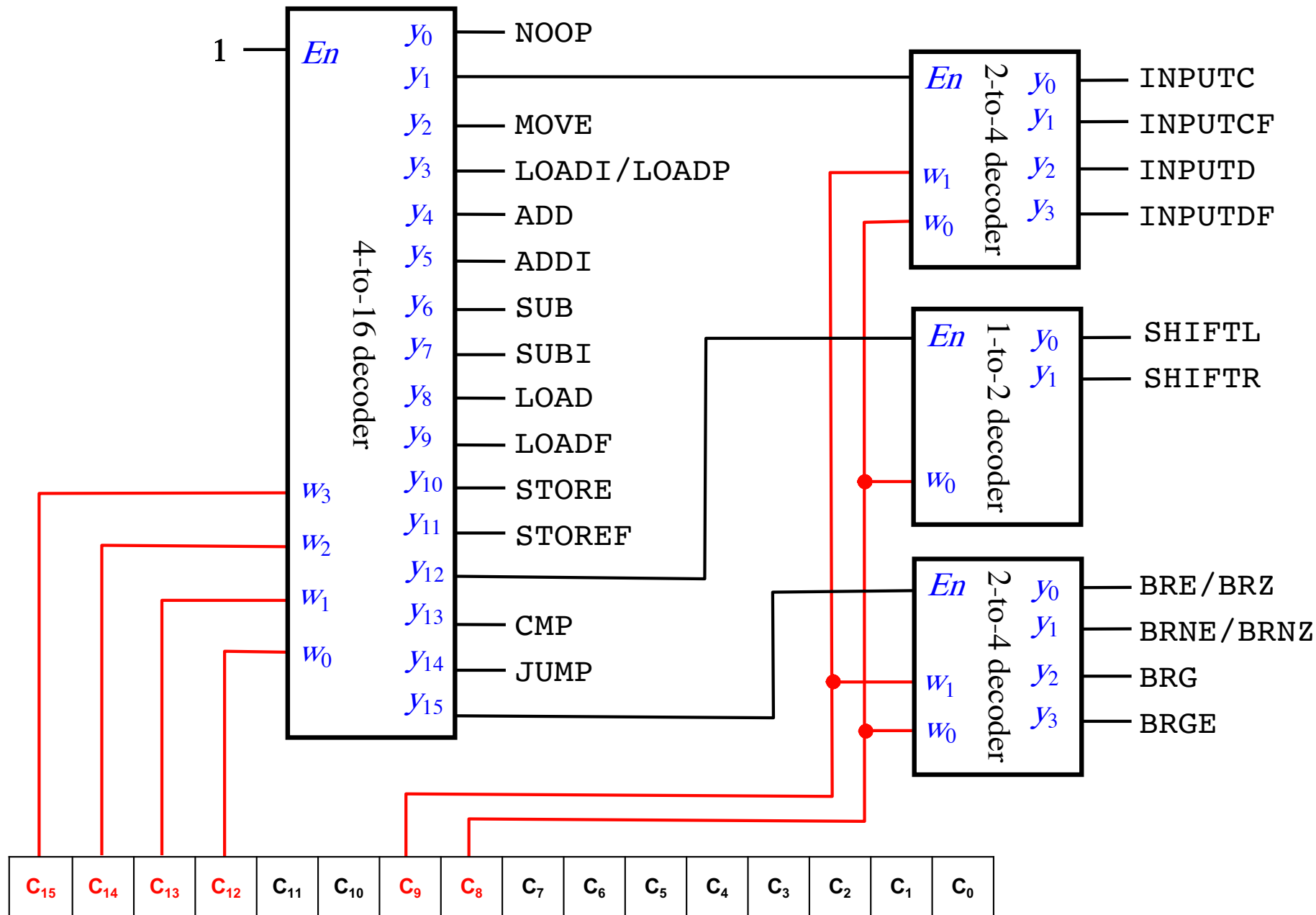




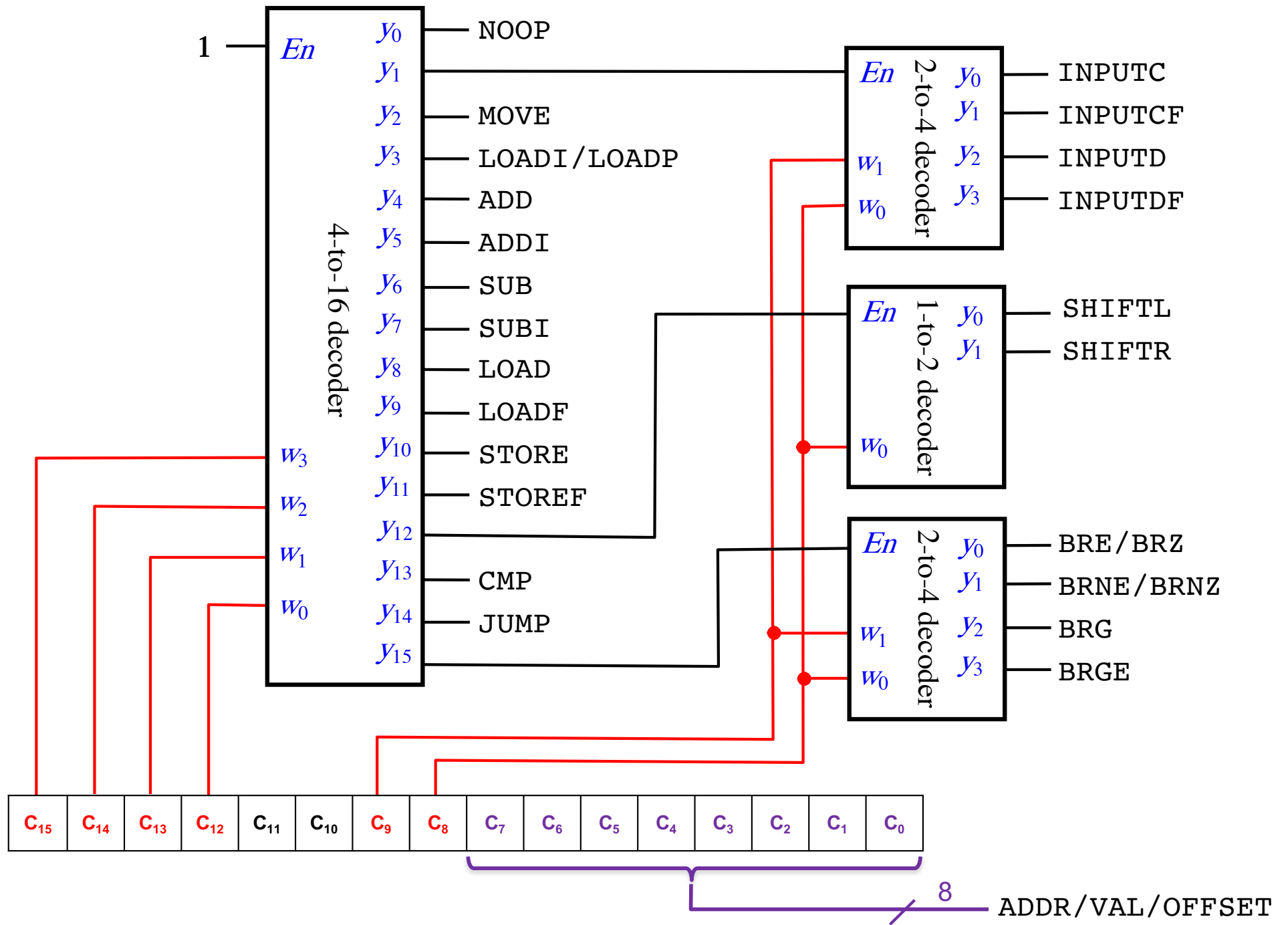


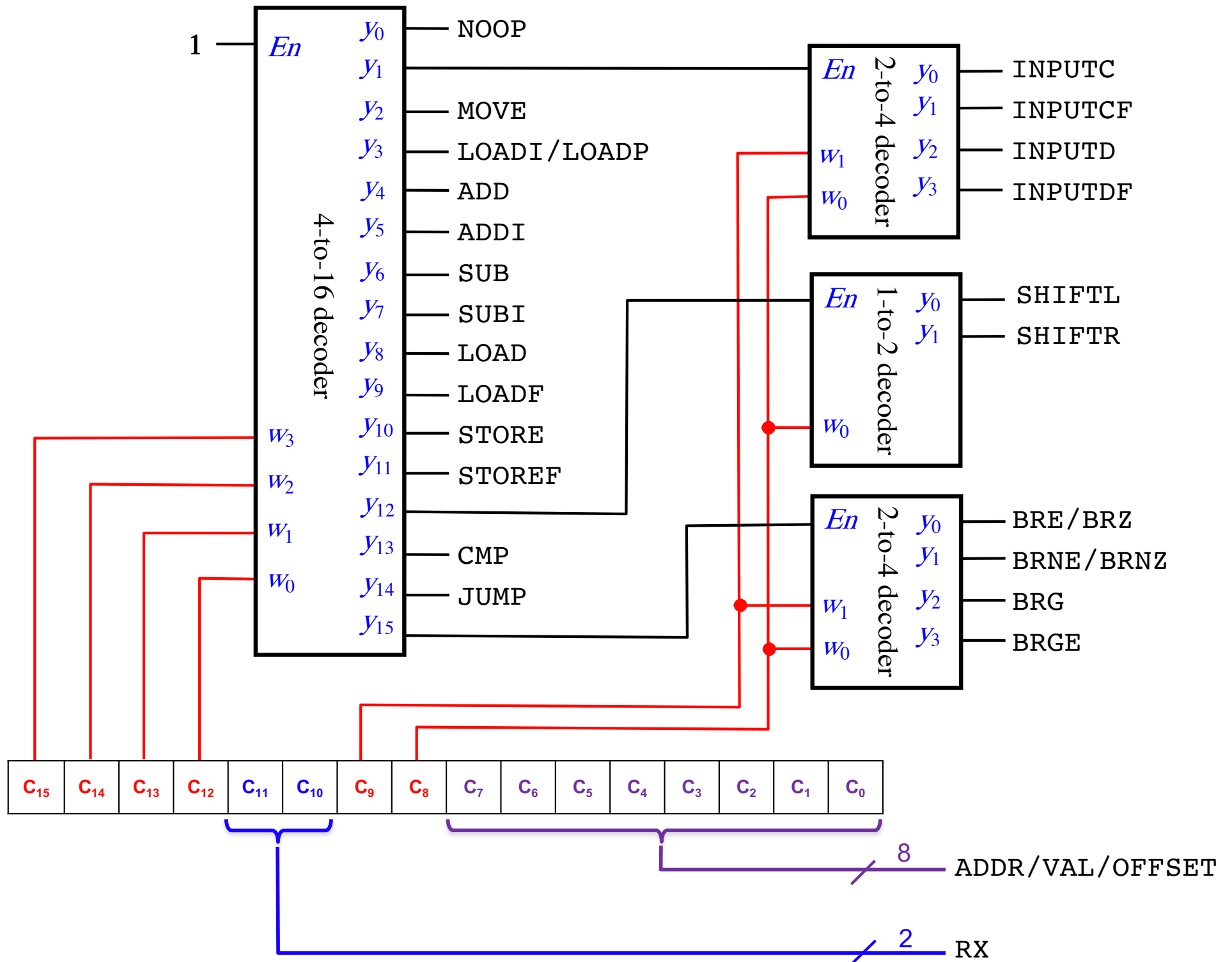


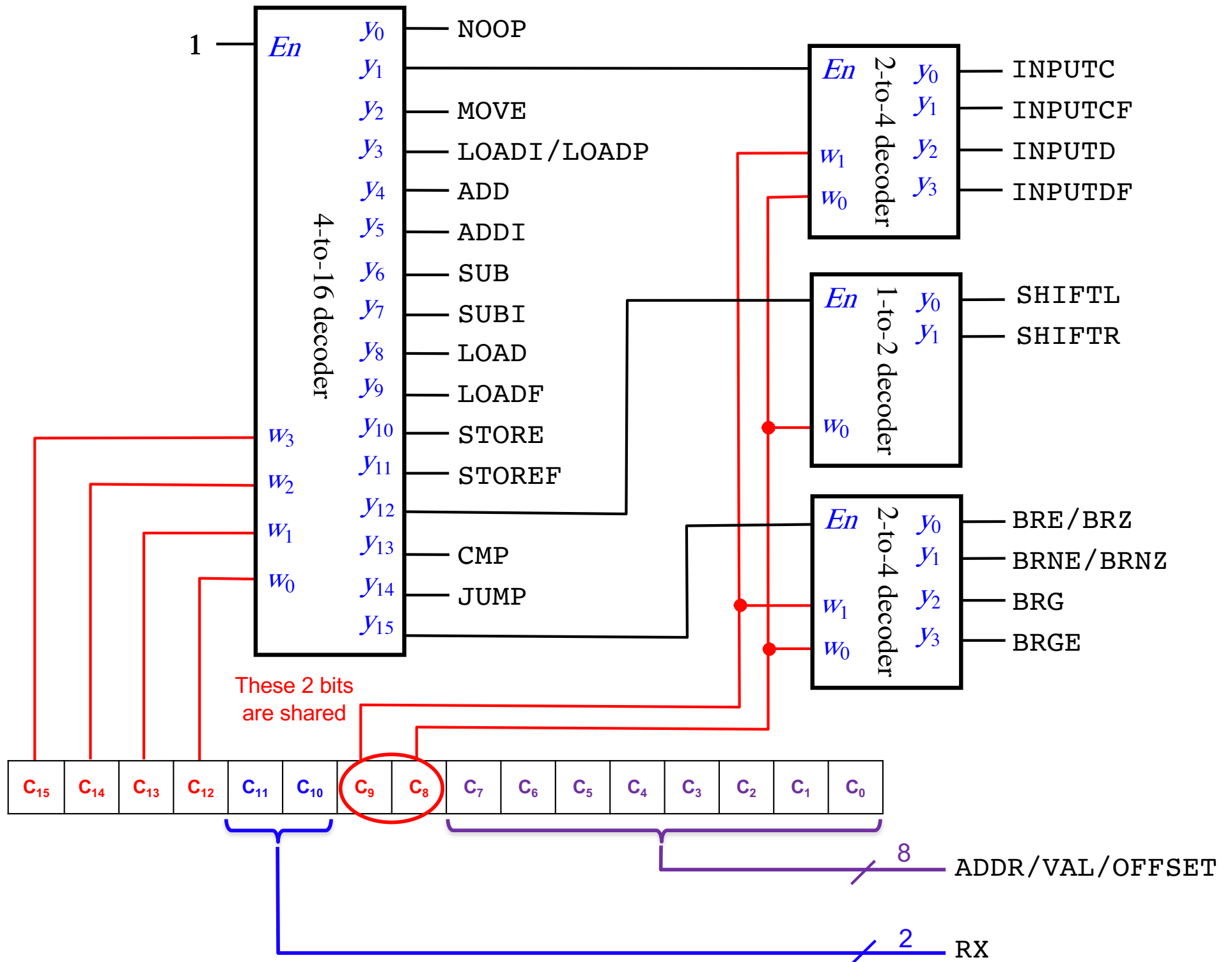
These 6 bits represent the OPCODEs

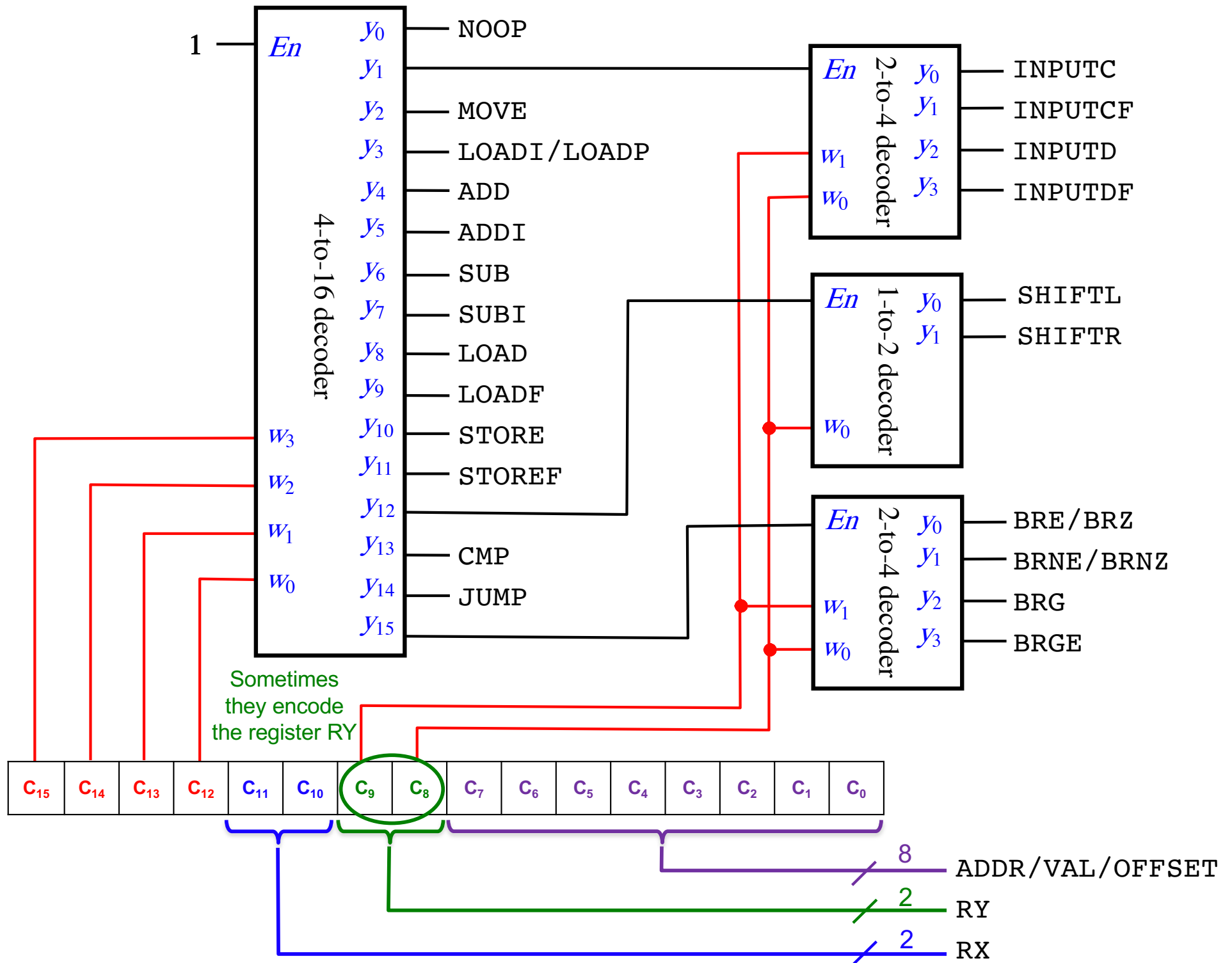


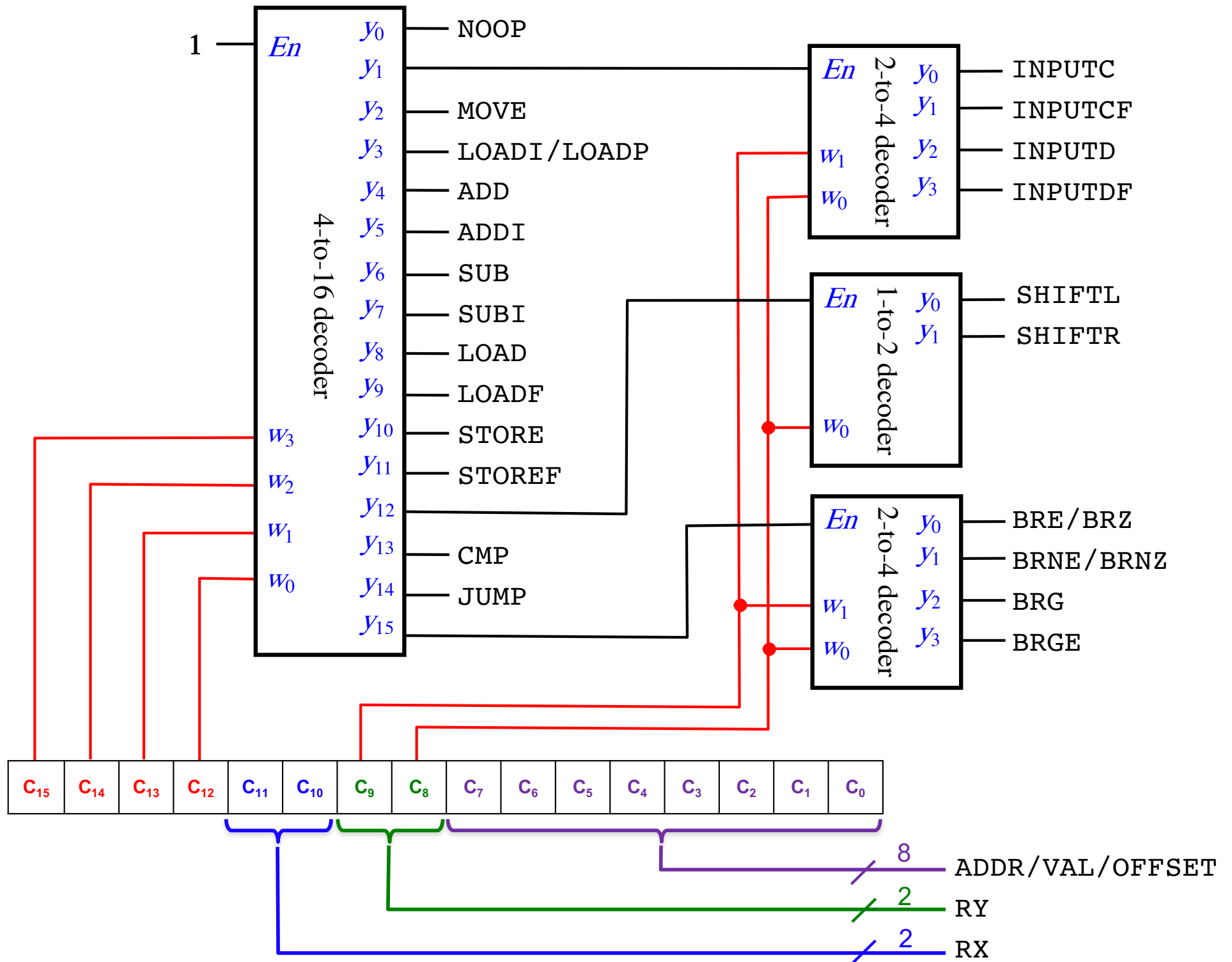
These 6 bits represent the OPCODEs

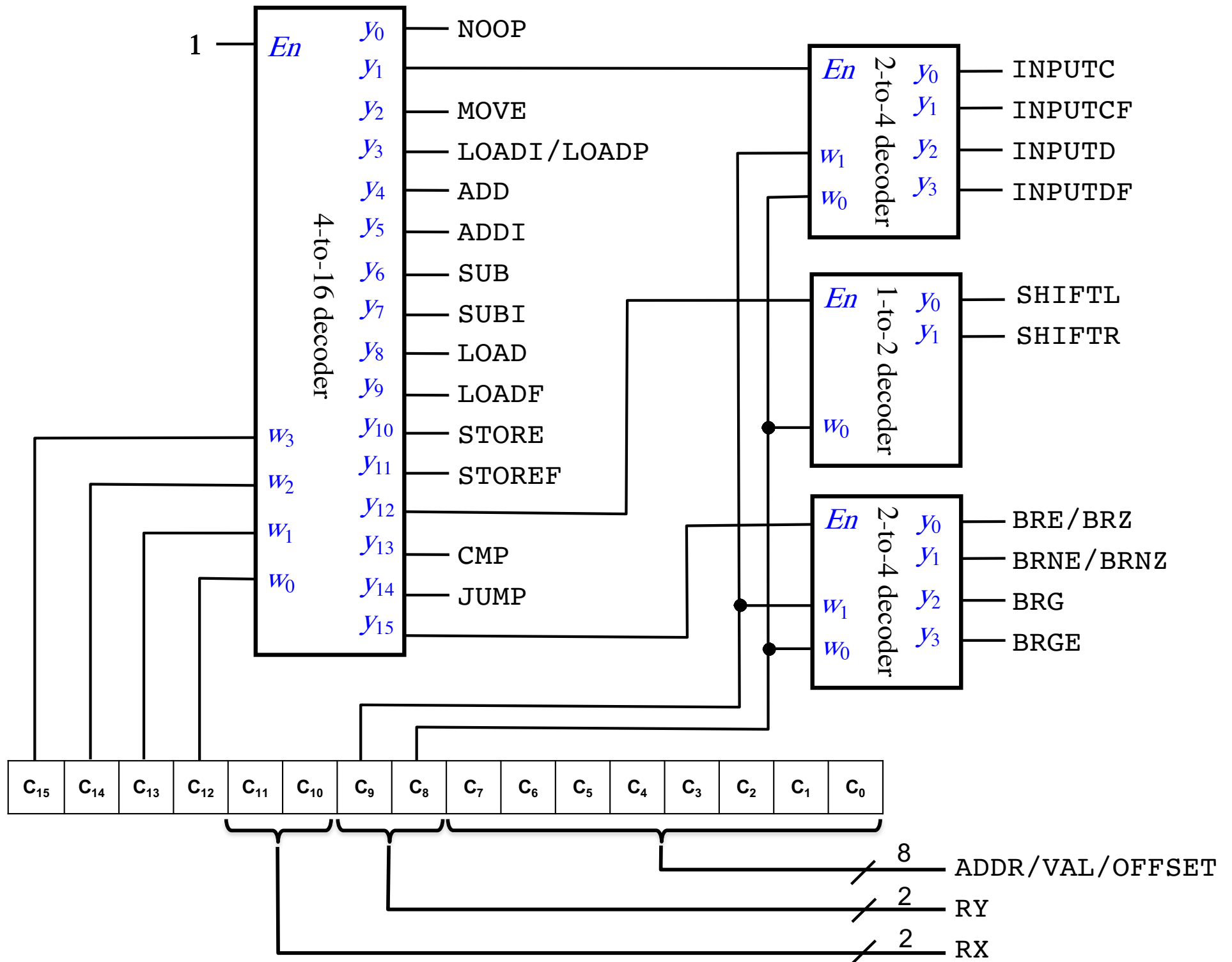




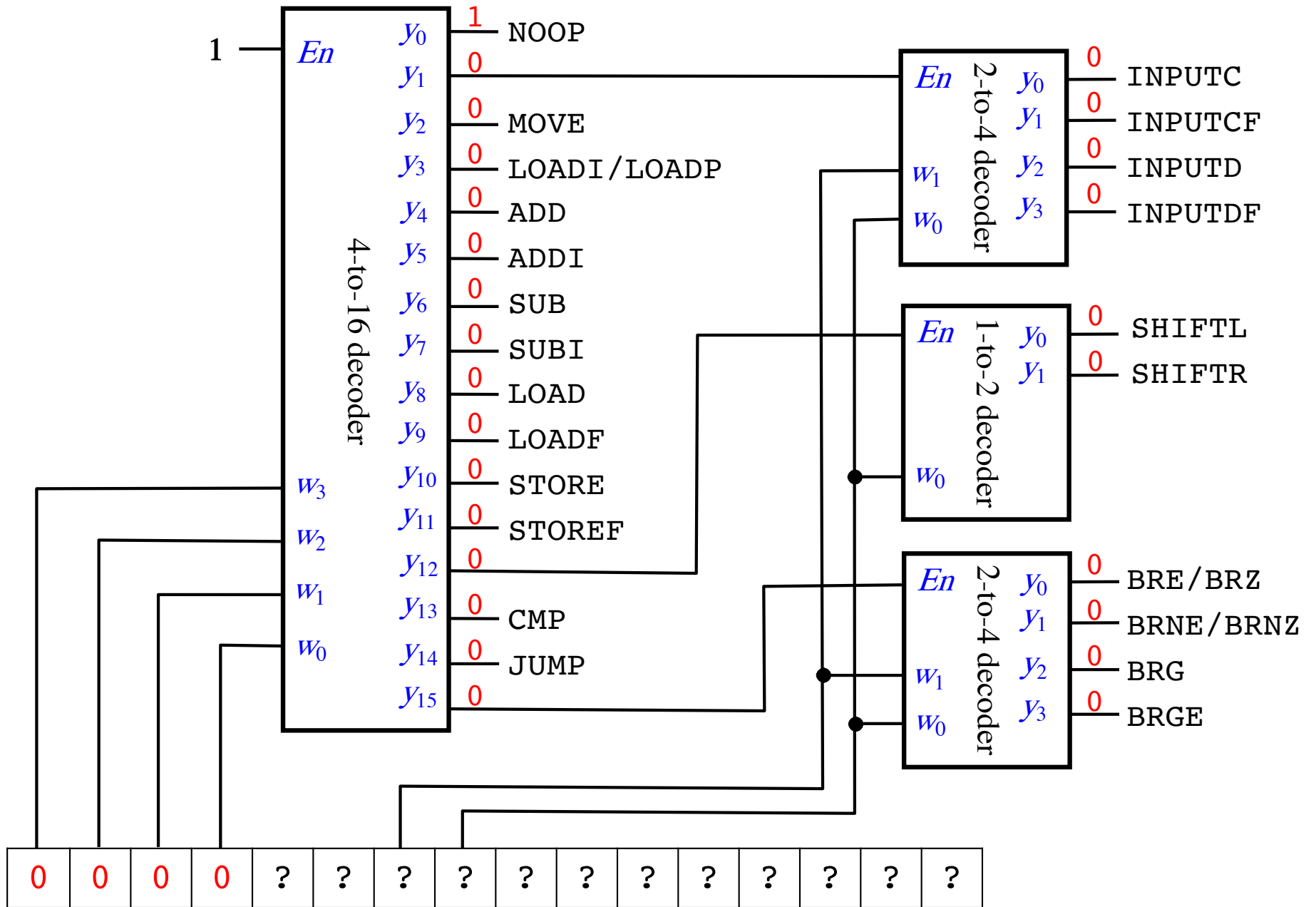




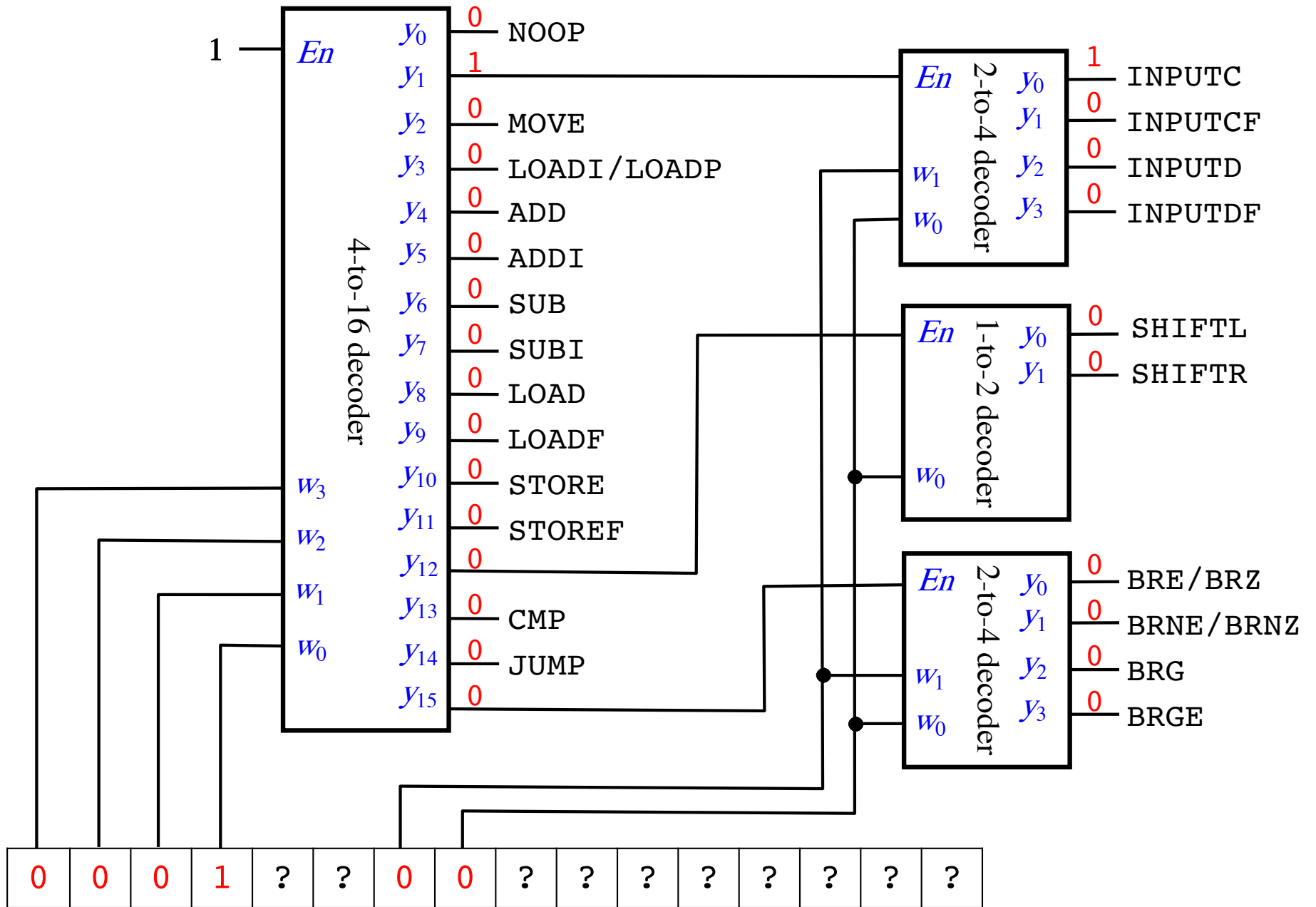




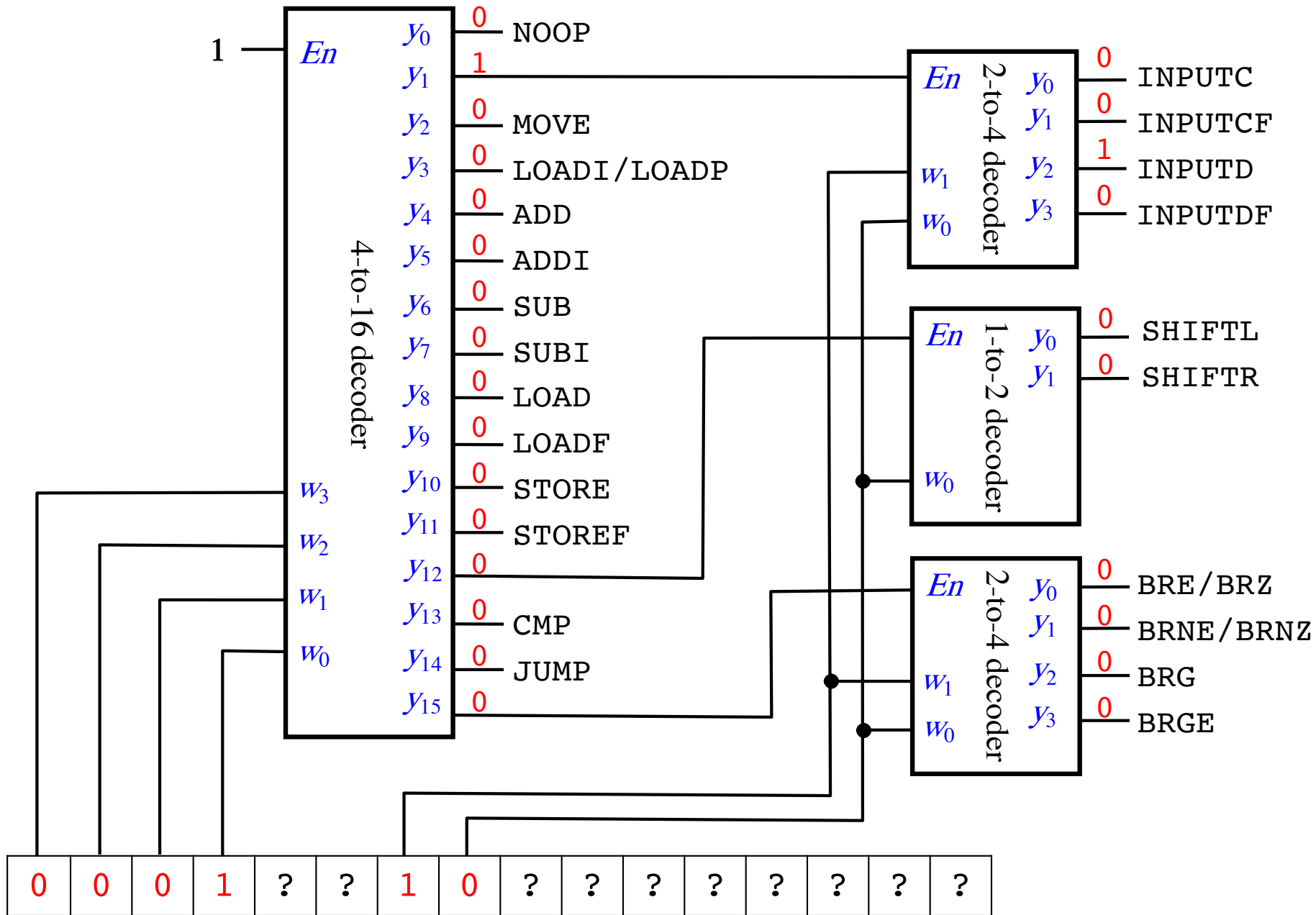
**The OPPOSITE decoder outputs
are one-hot encoded**



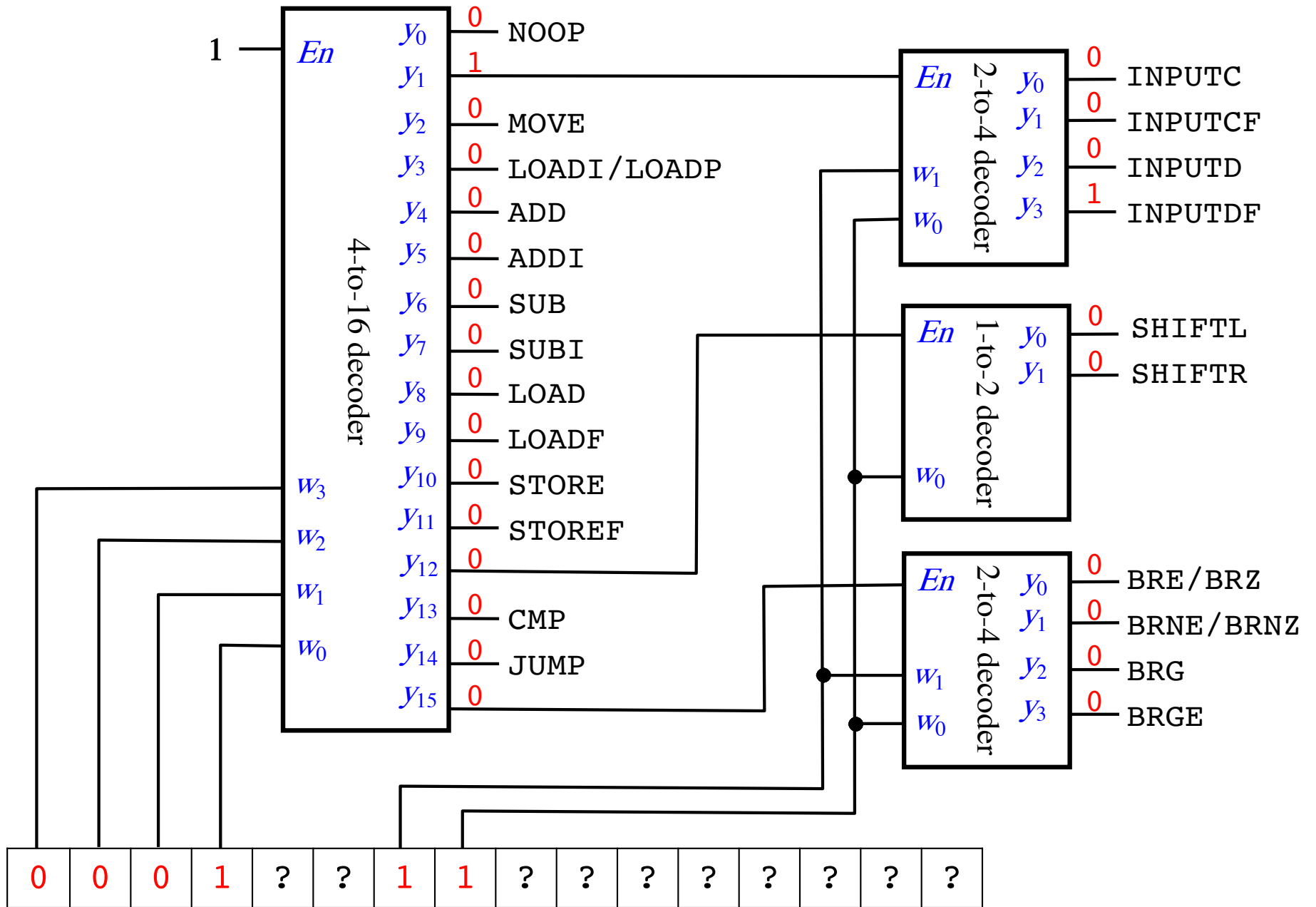
NOOP



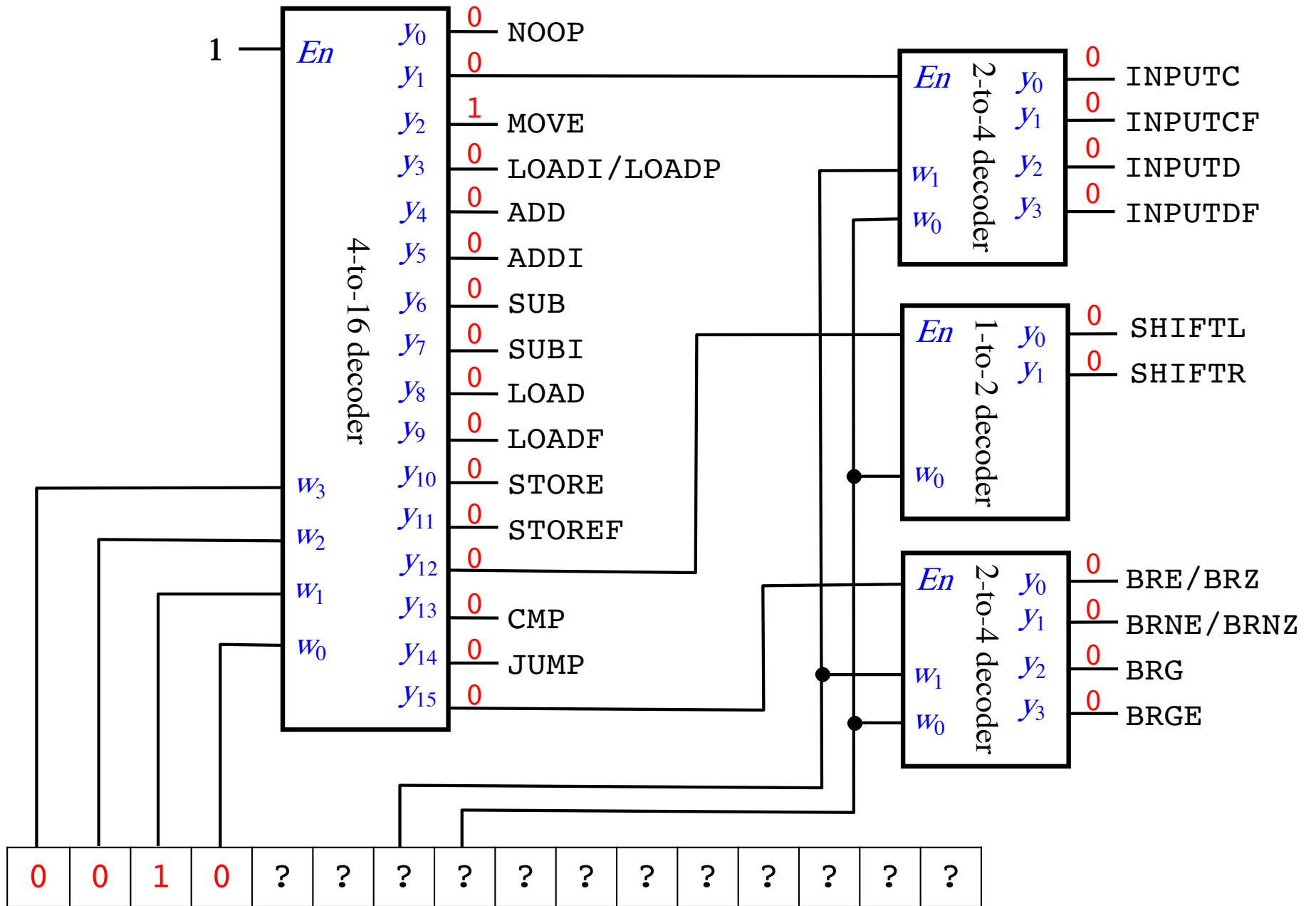
INPUTC



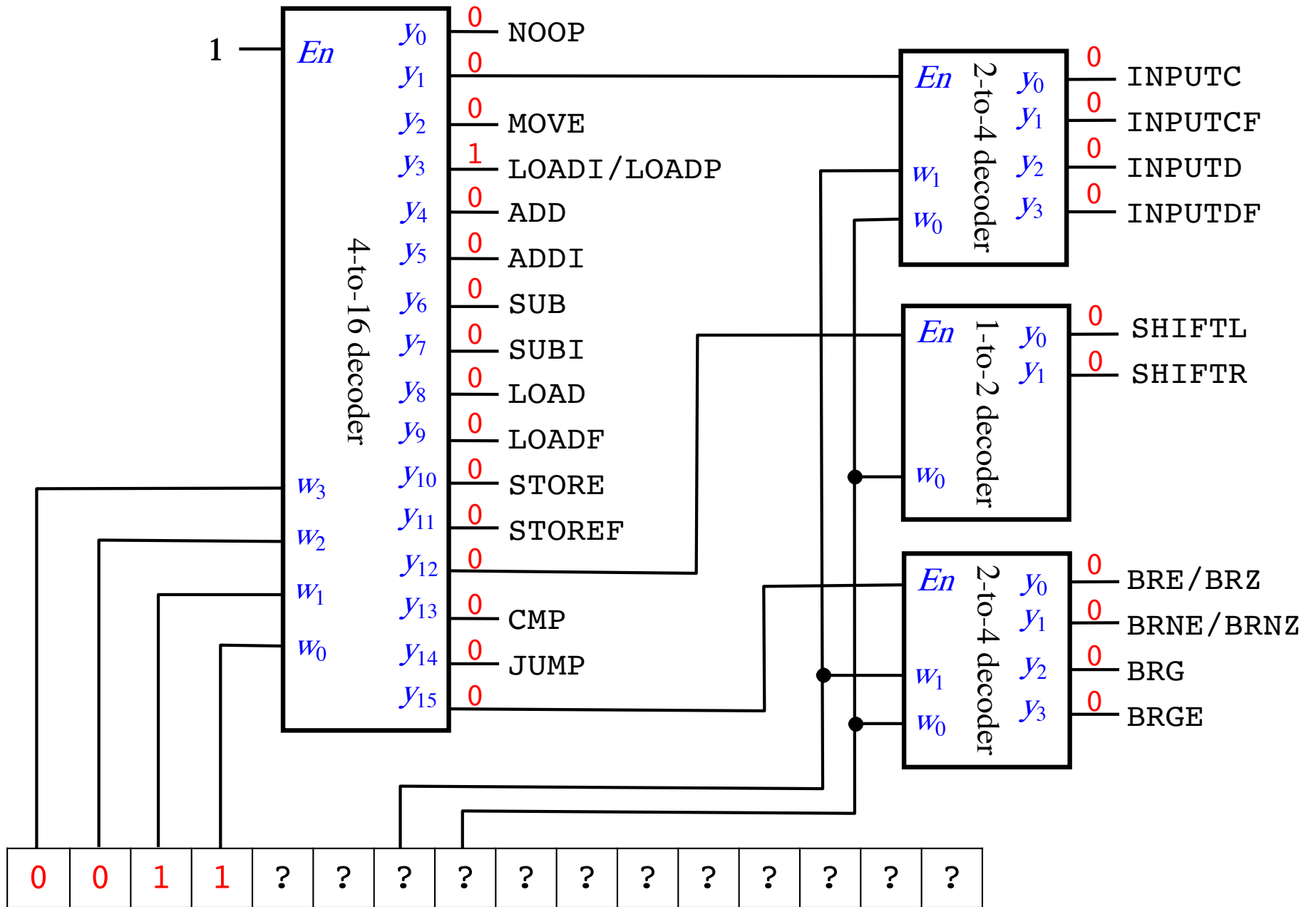
INPUTD



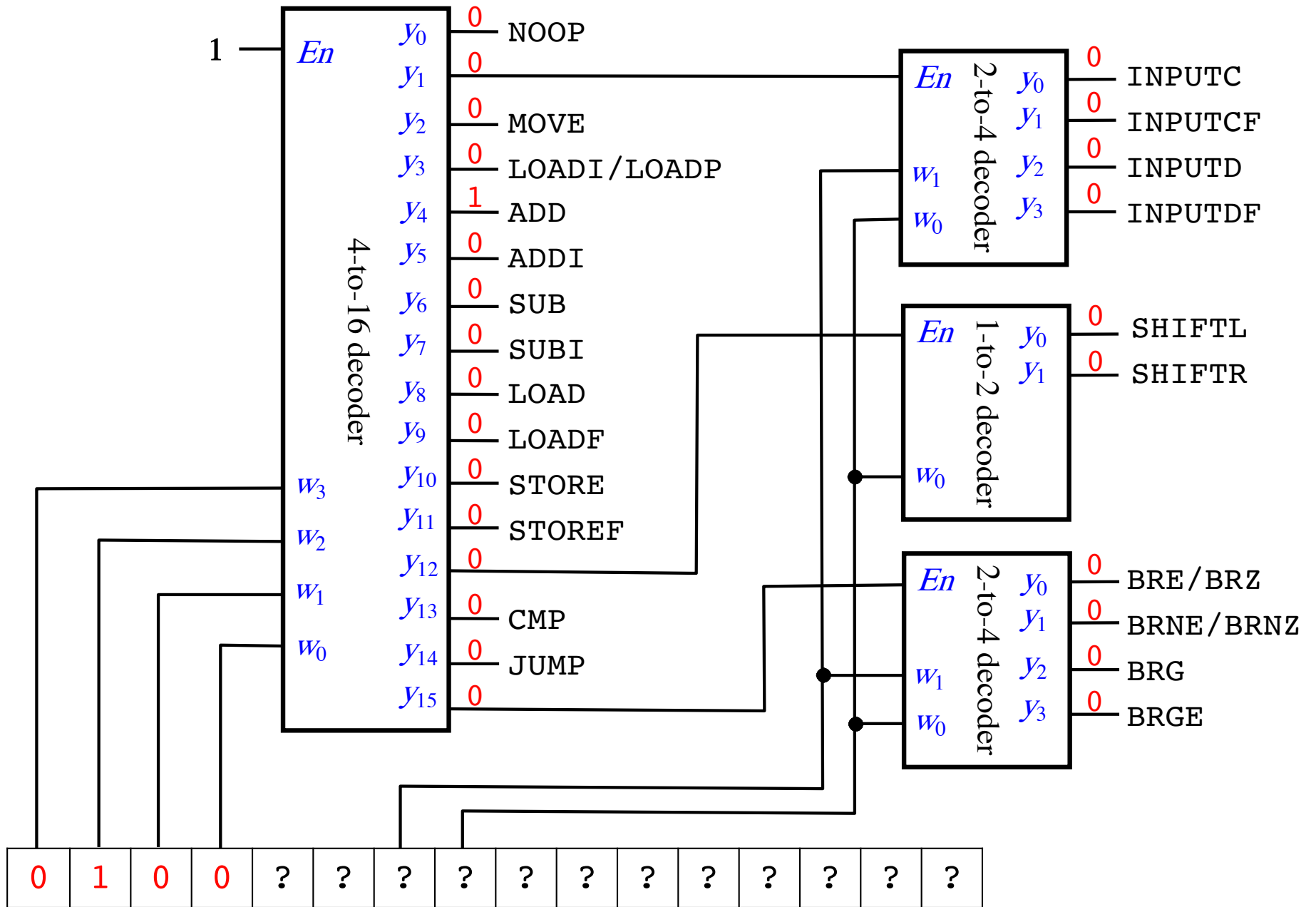
INPUTDF



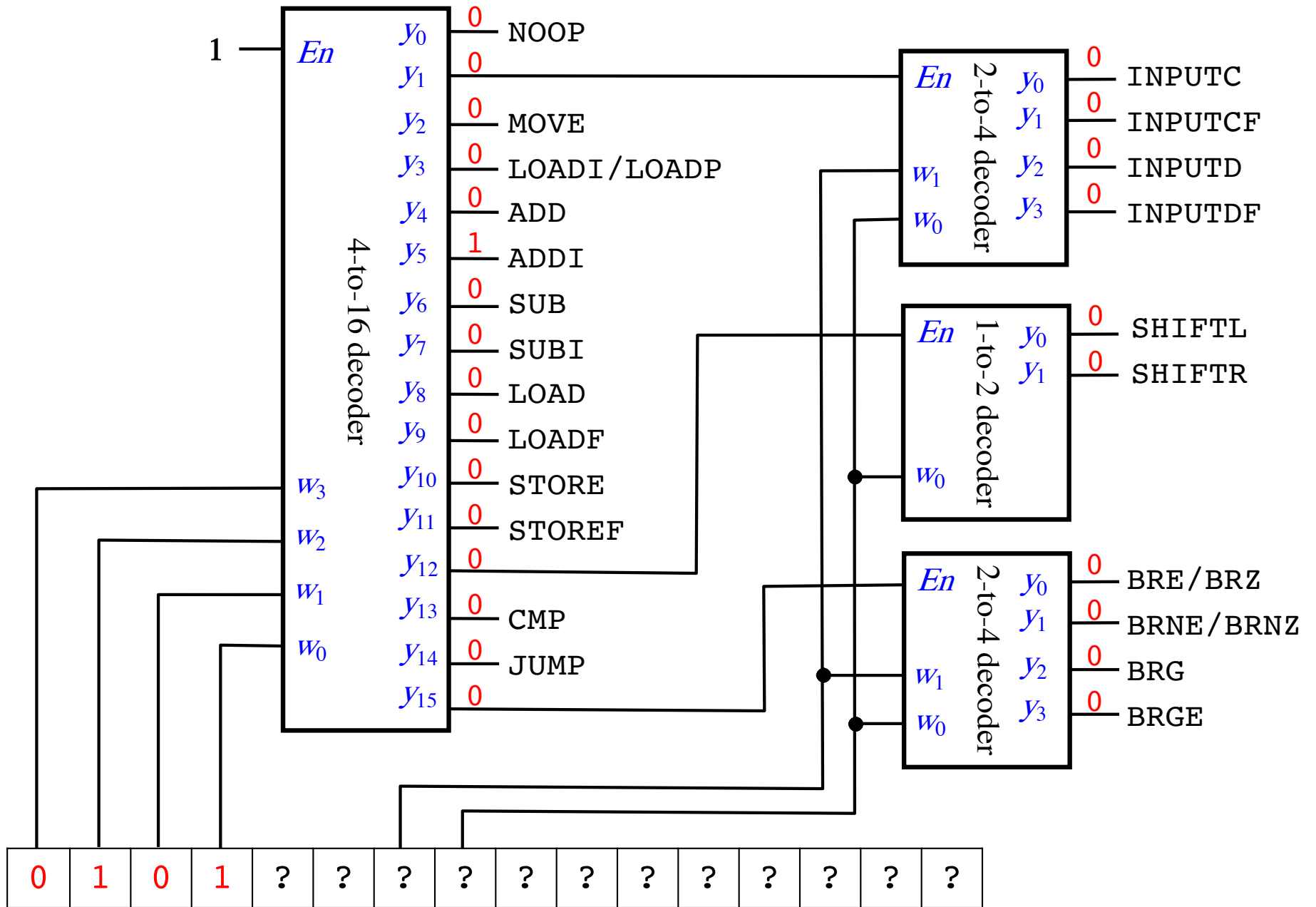
MOVE



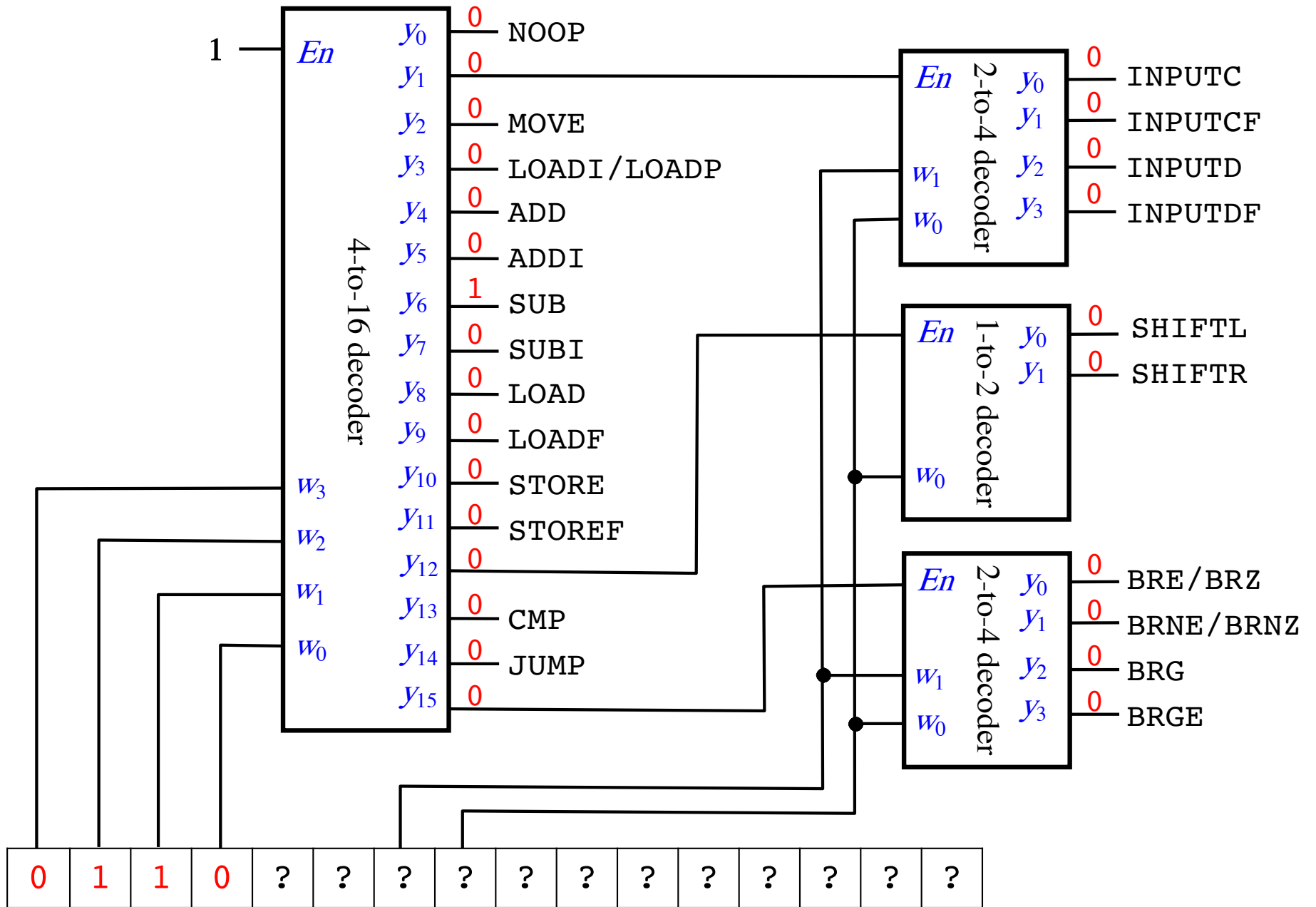
LOADI/LOADP



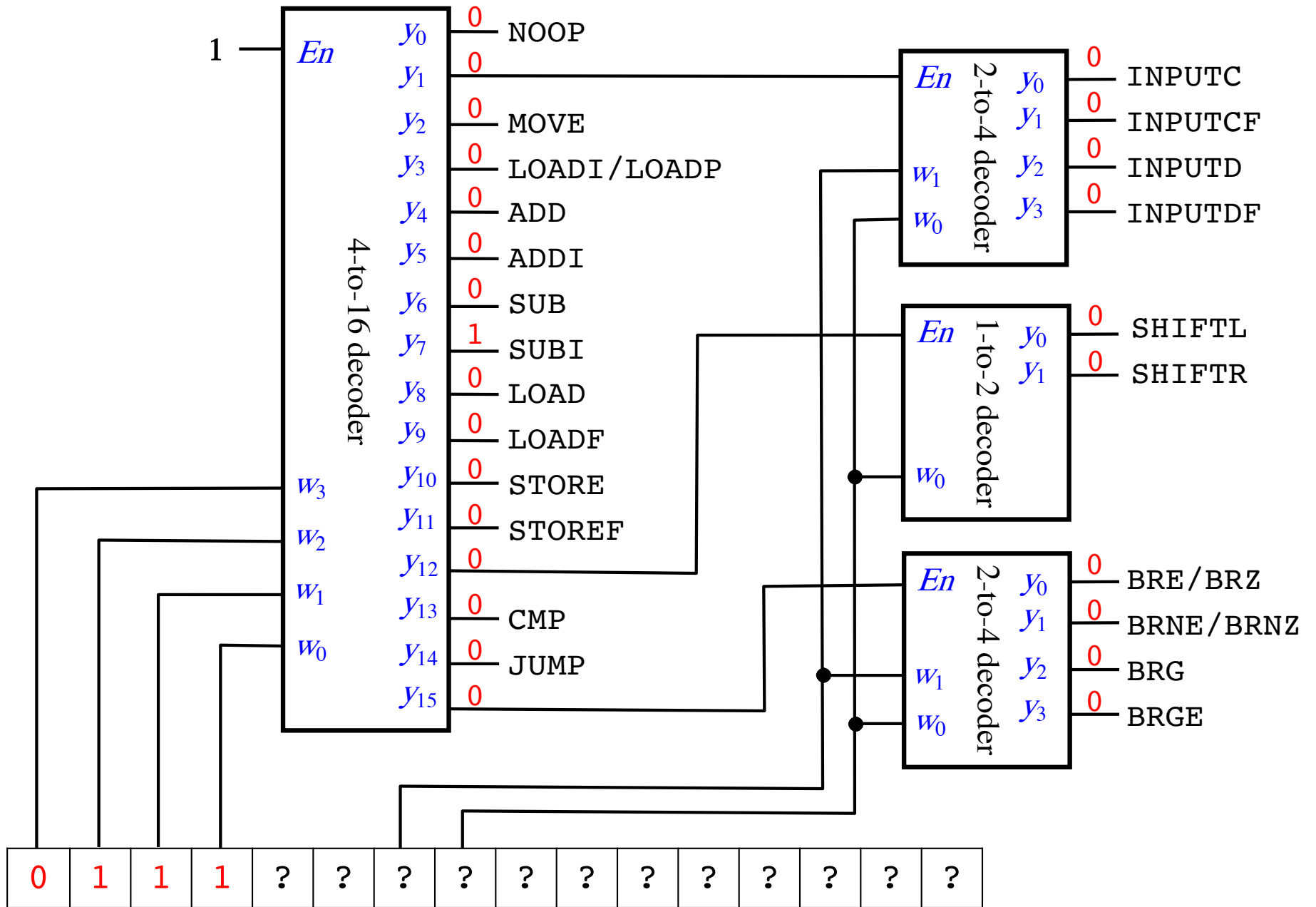
ADD



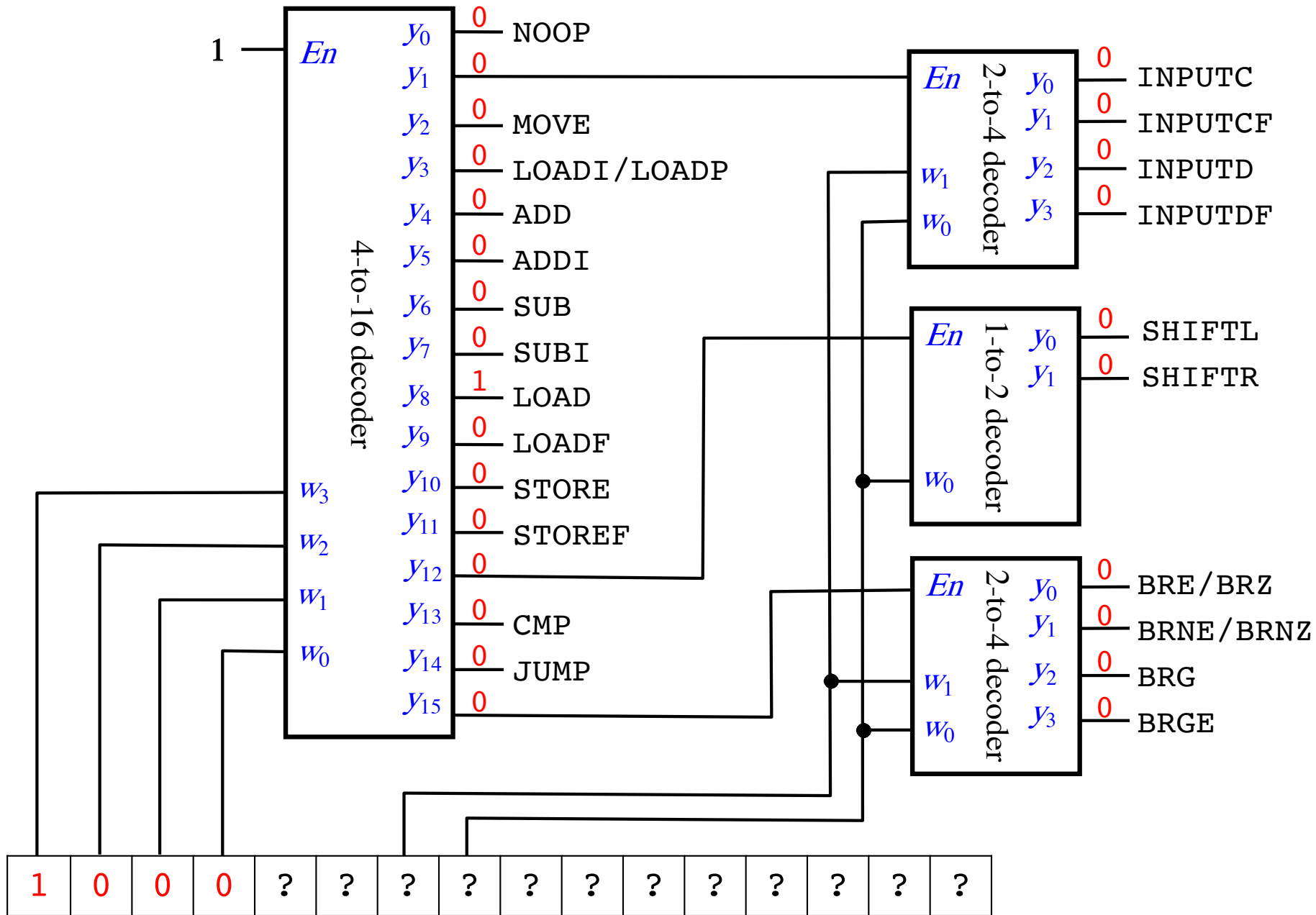
ADDI



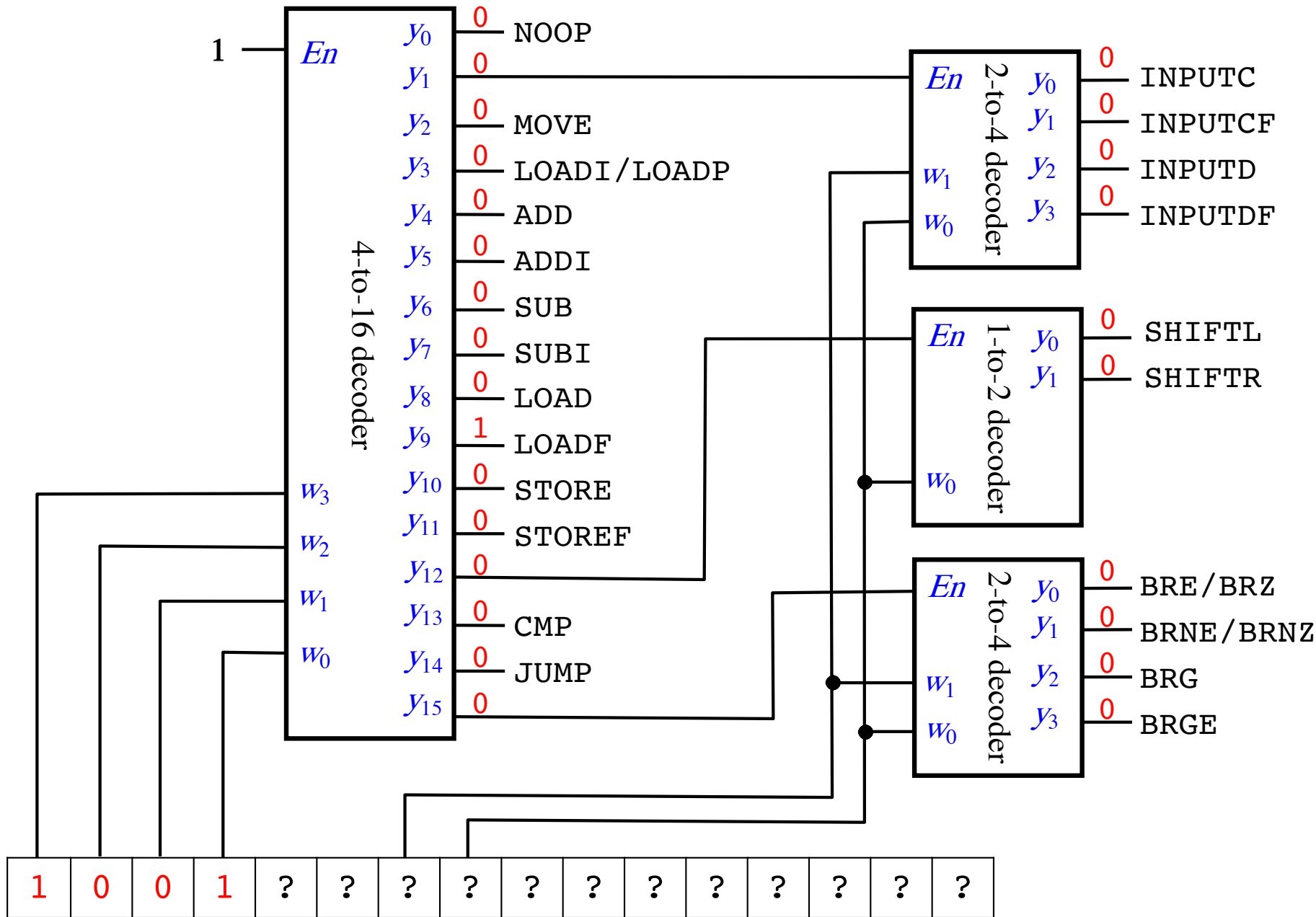
SUB



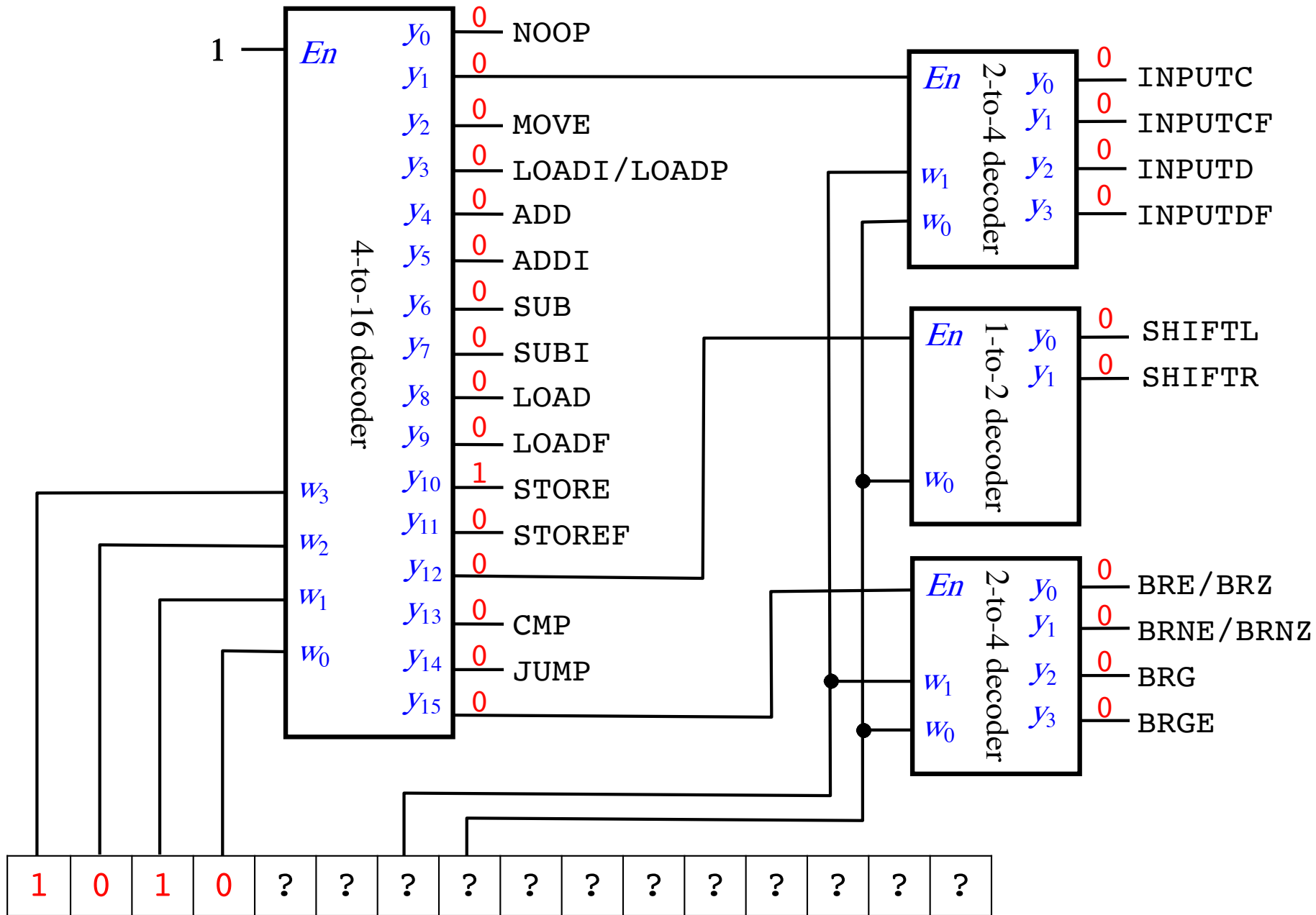
SUBI



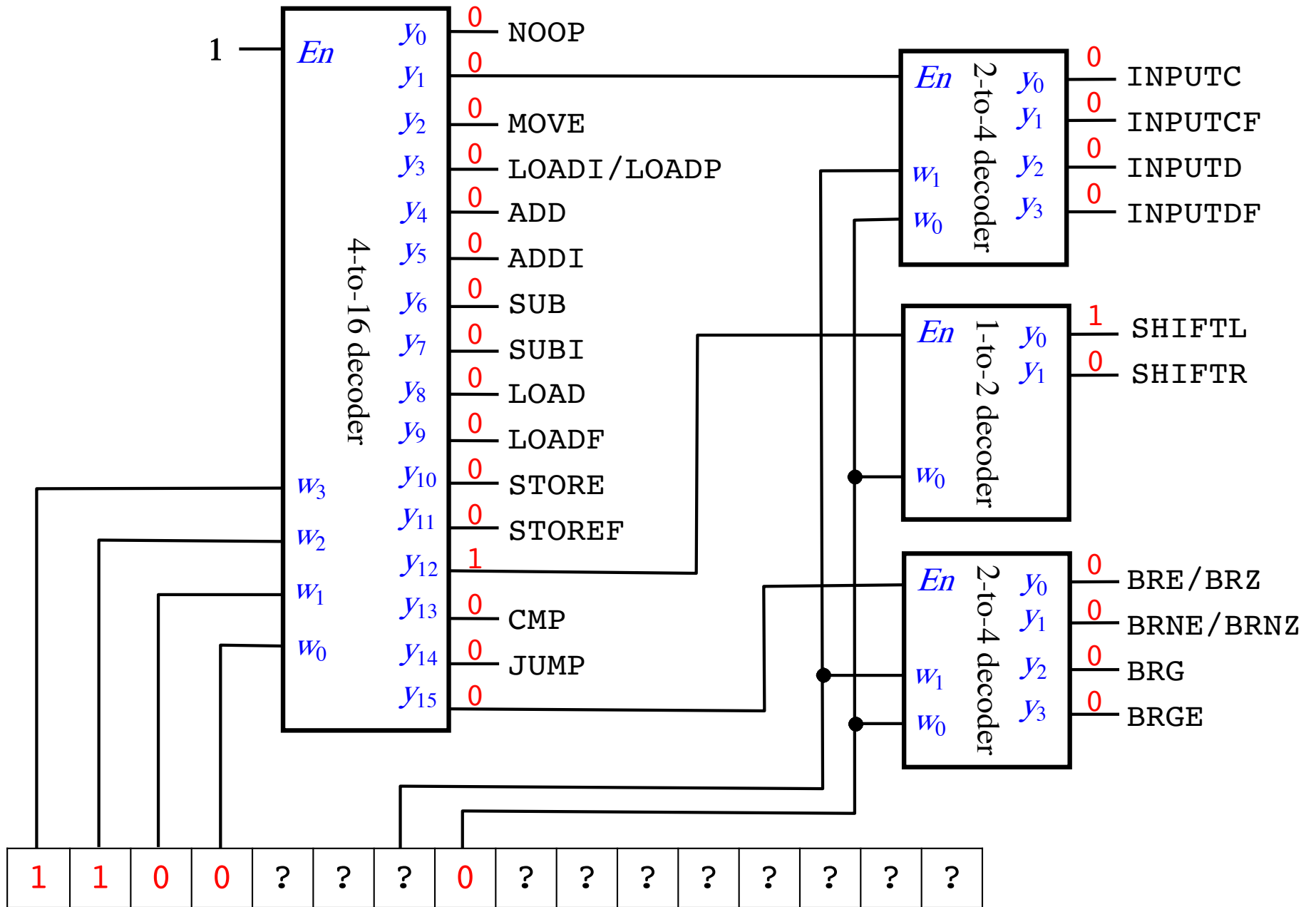
LOAD



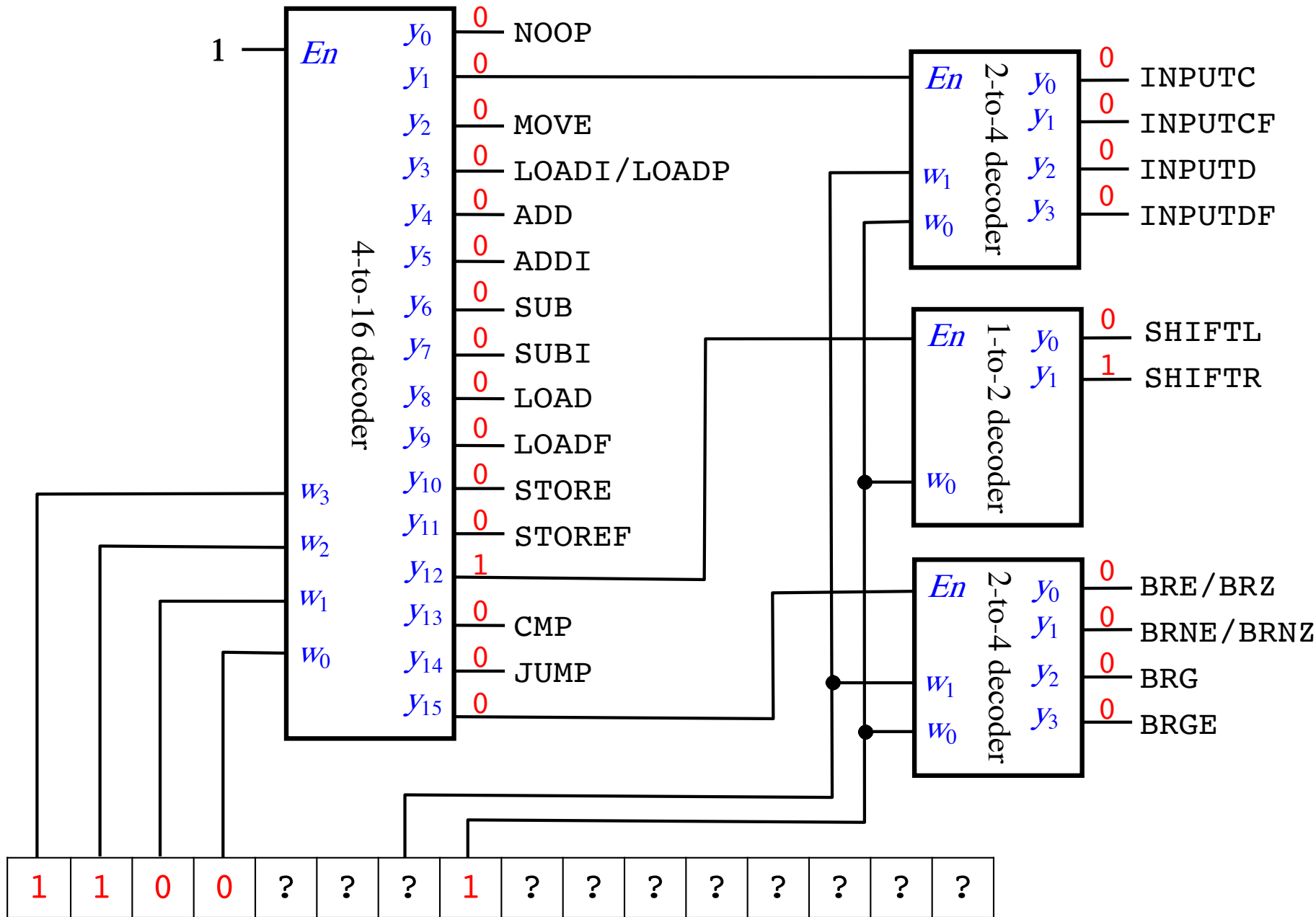
LOADF



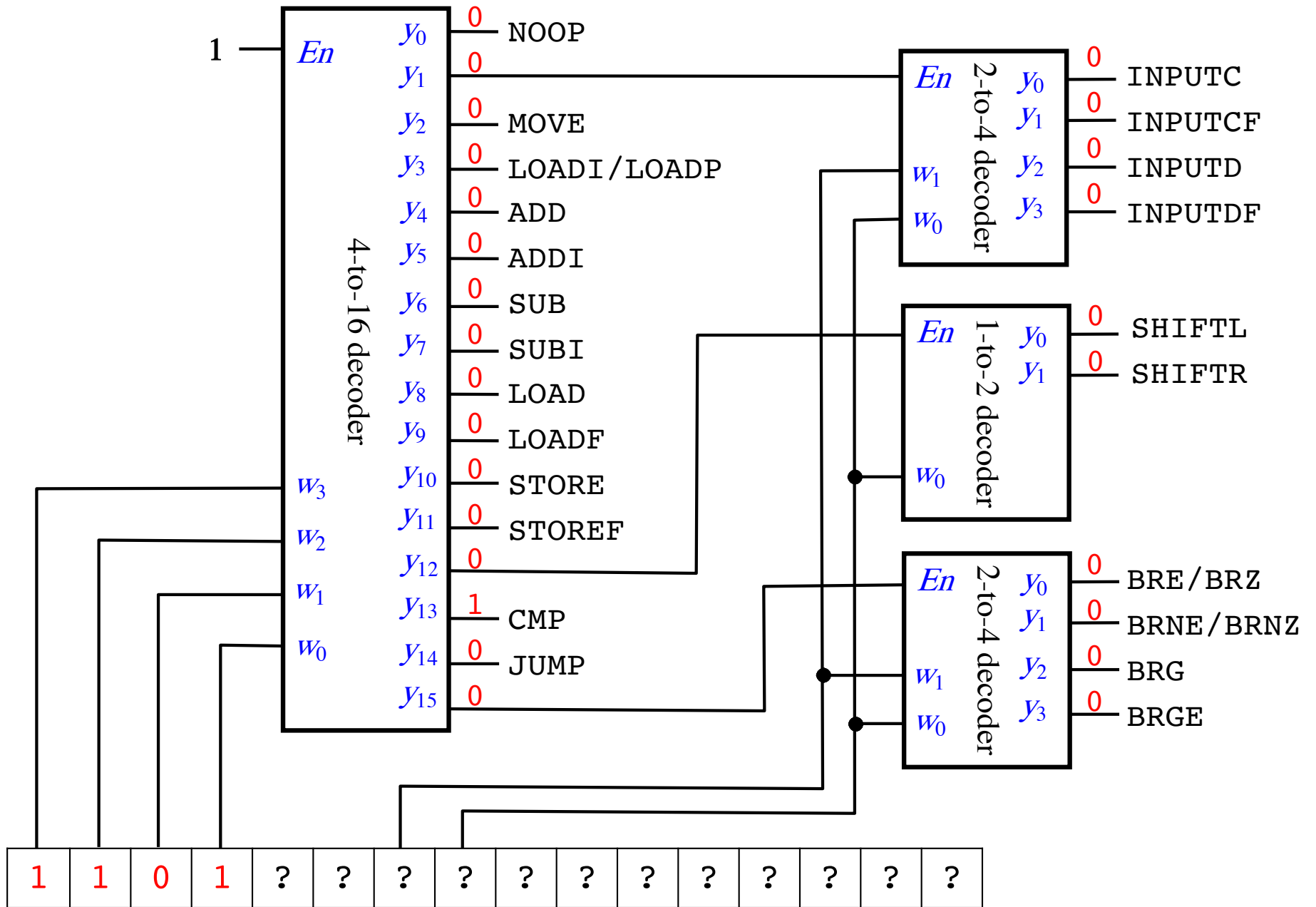
STORE



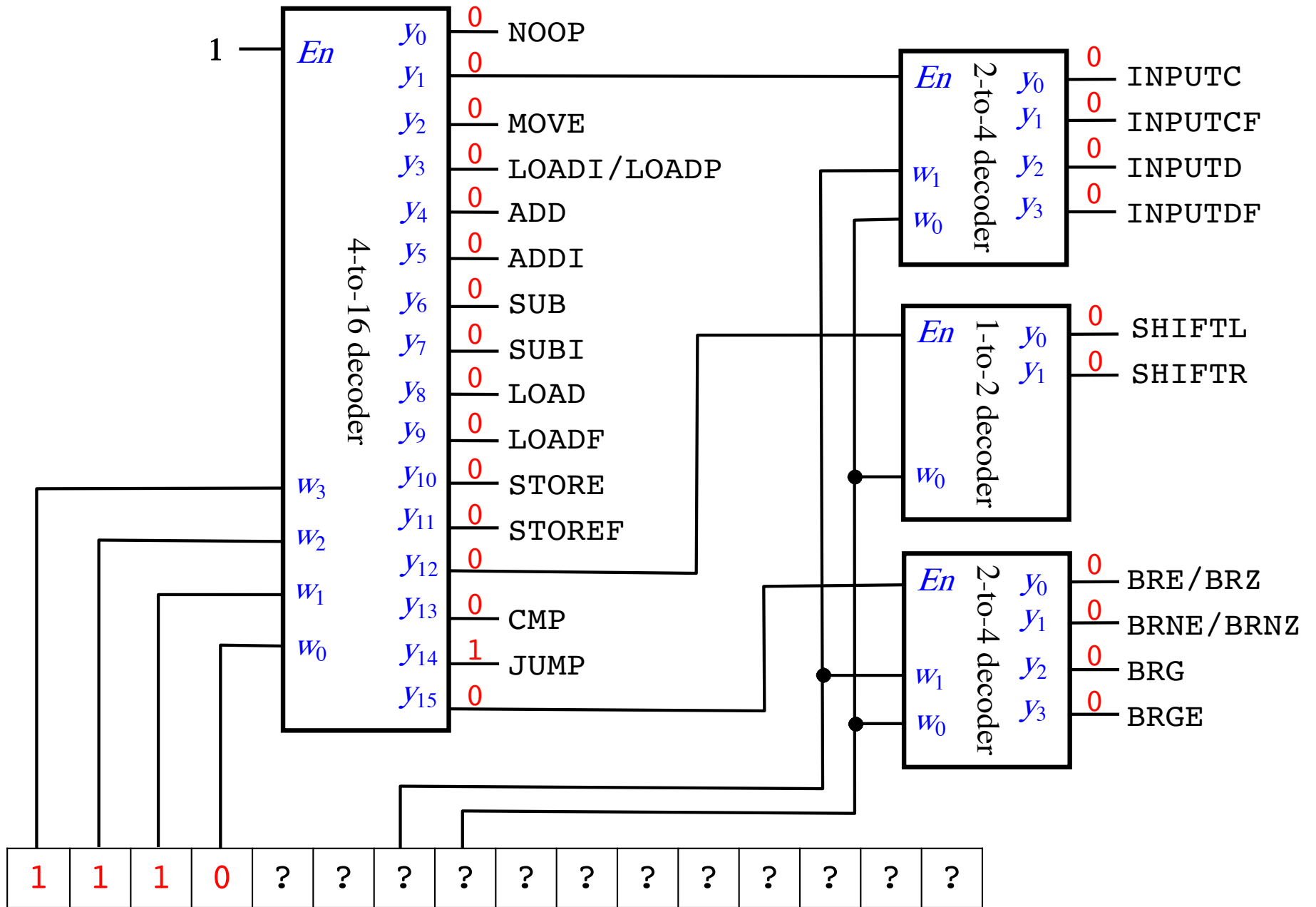
SHIFTL



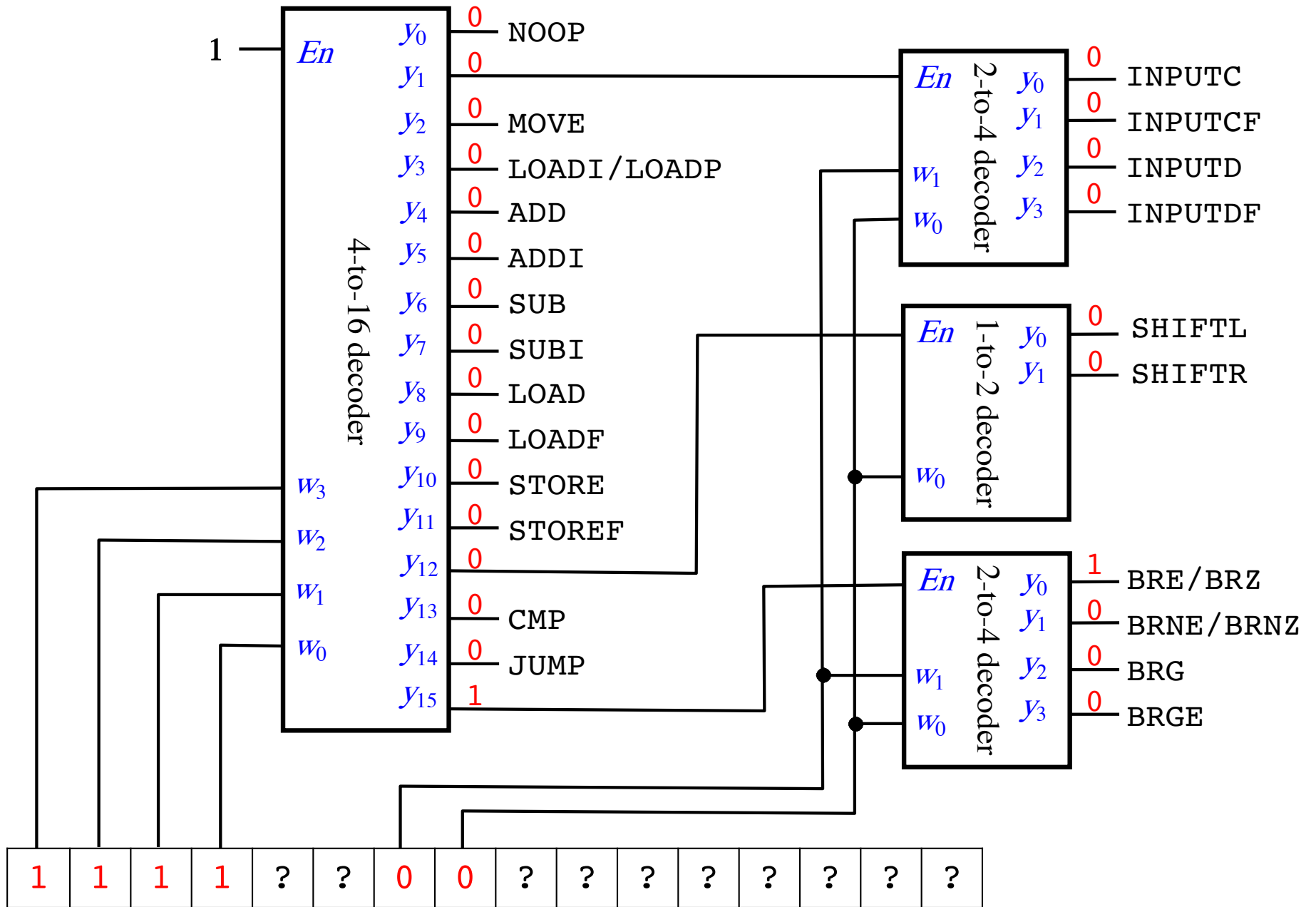
SHIFTR



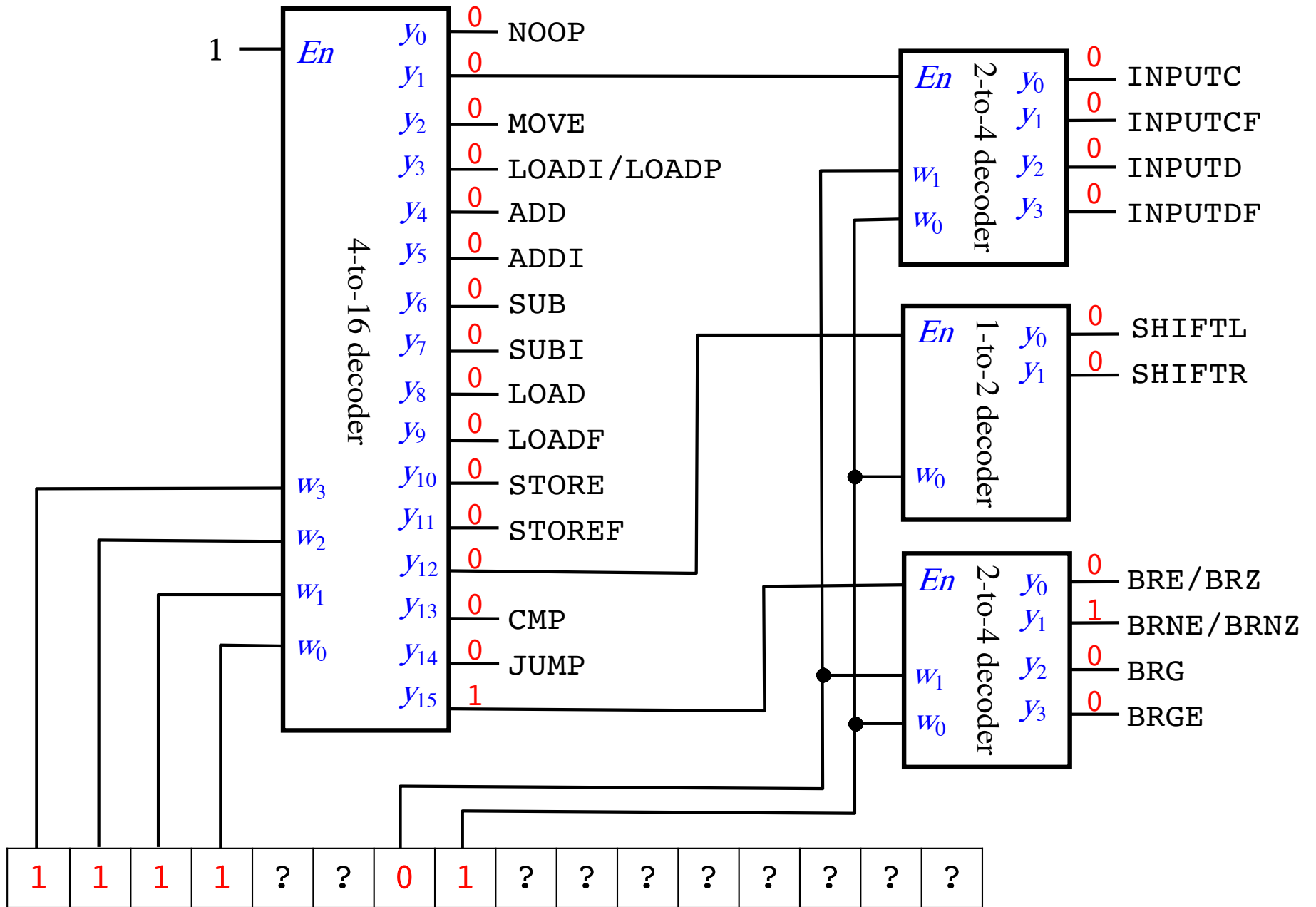
CMP



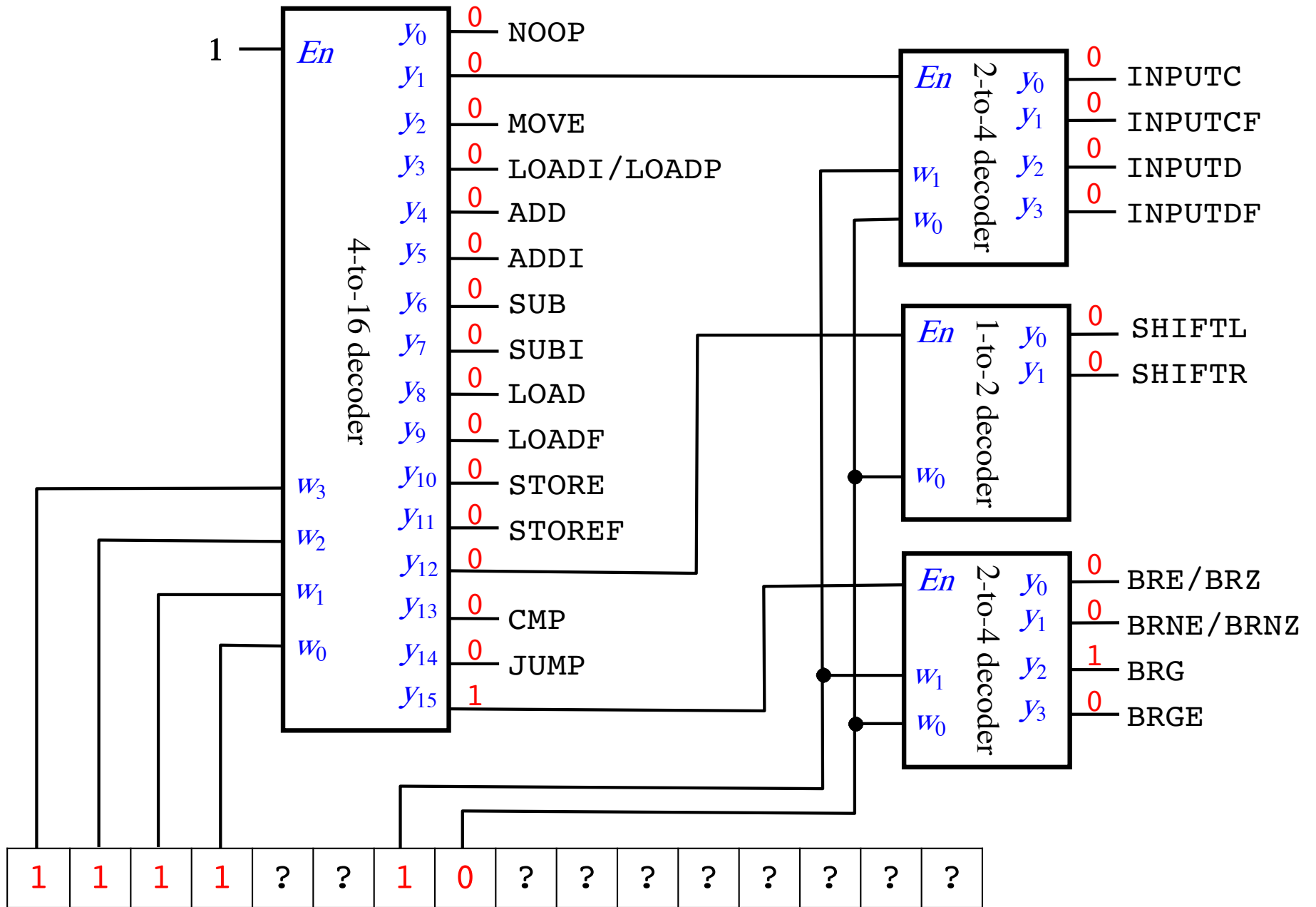
JUMP



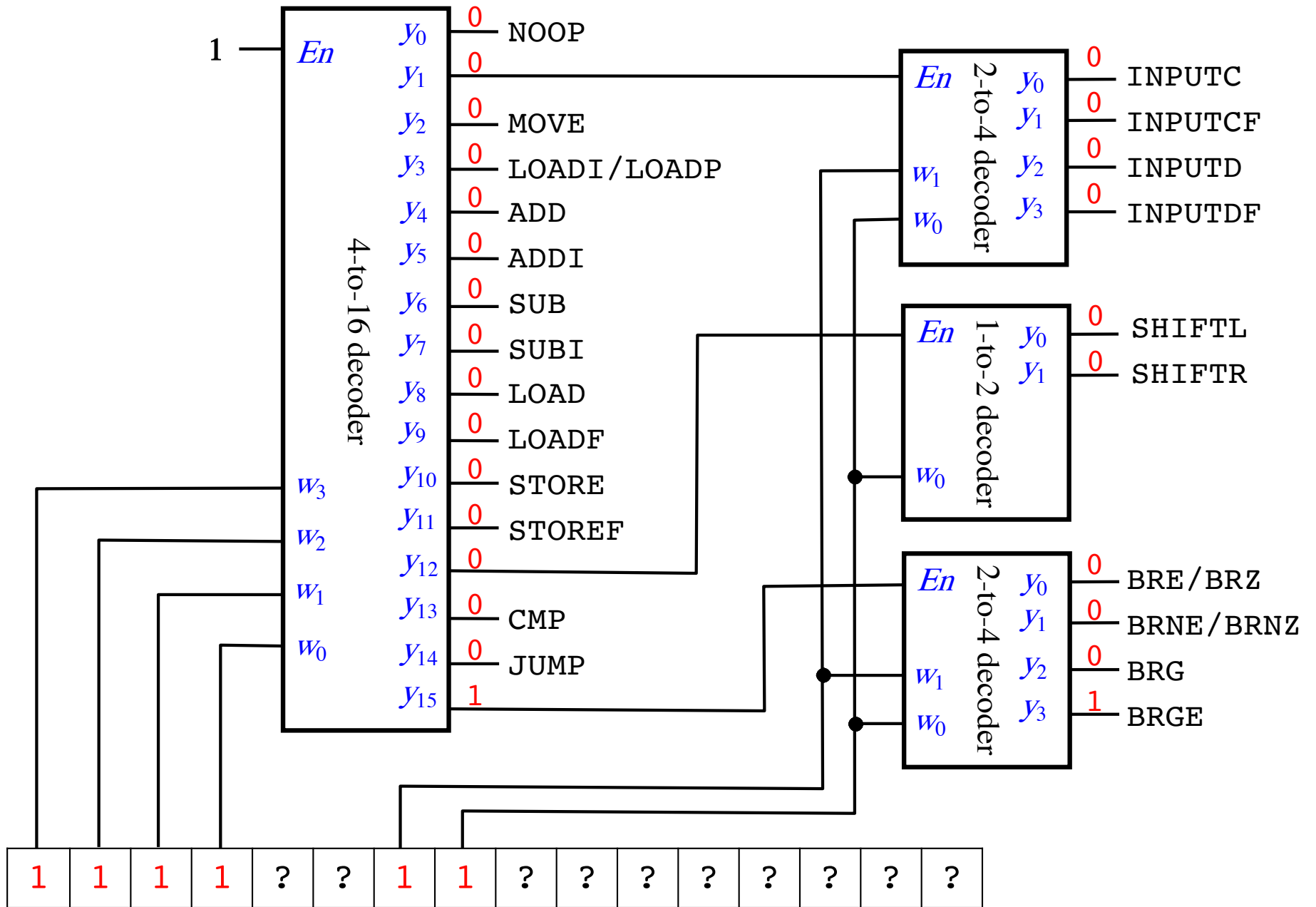
BRE/BRZ



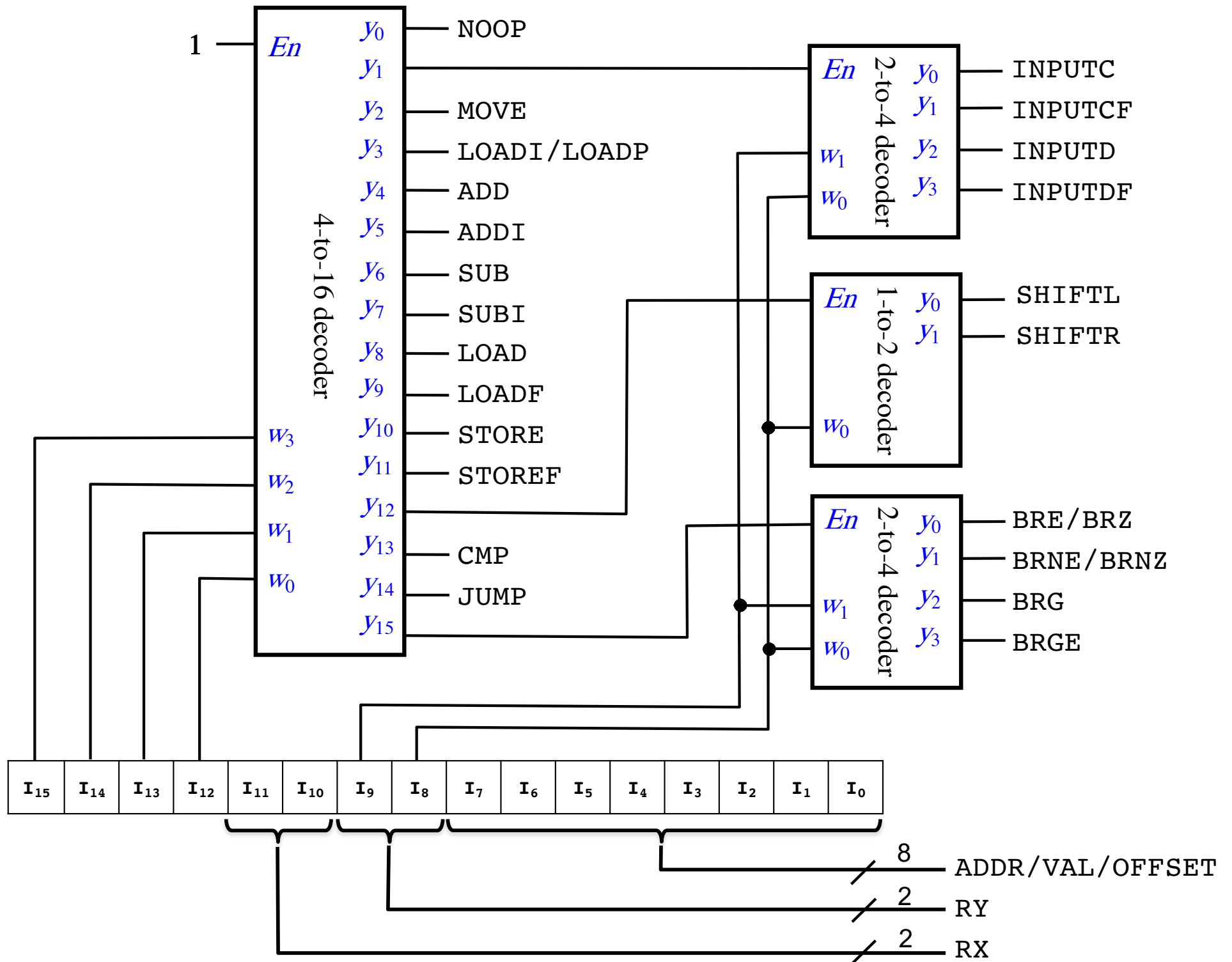
BRNE /BRNZ

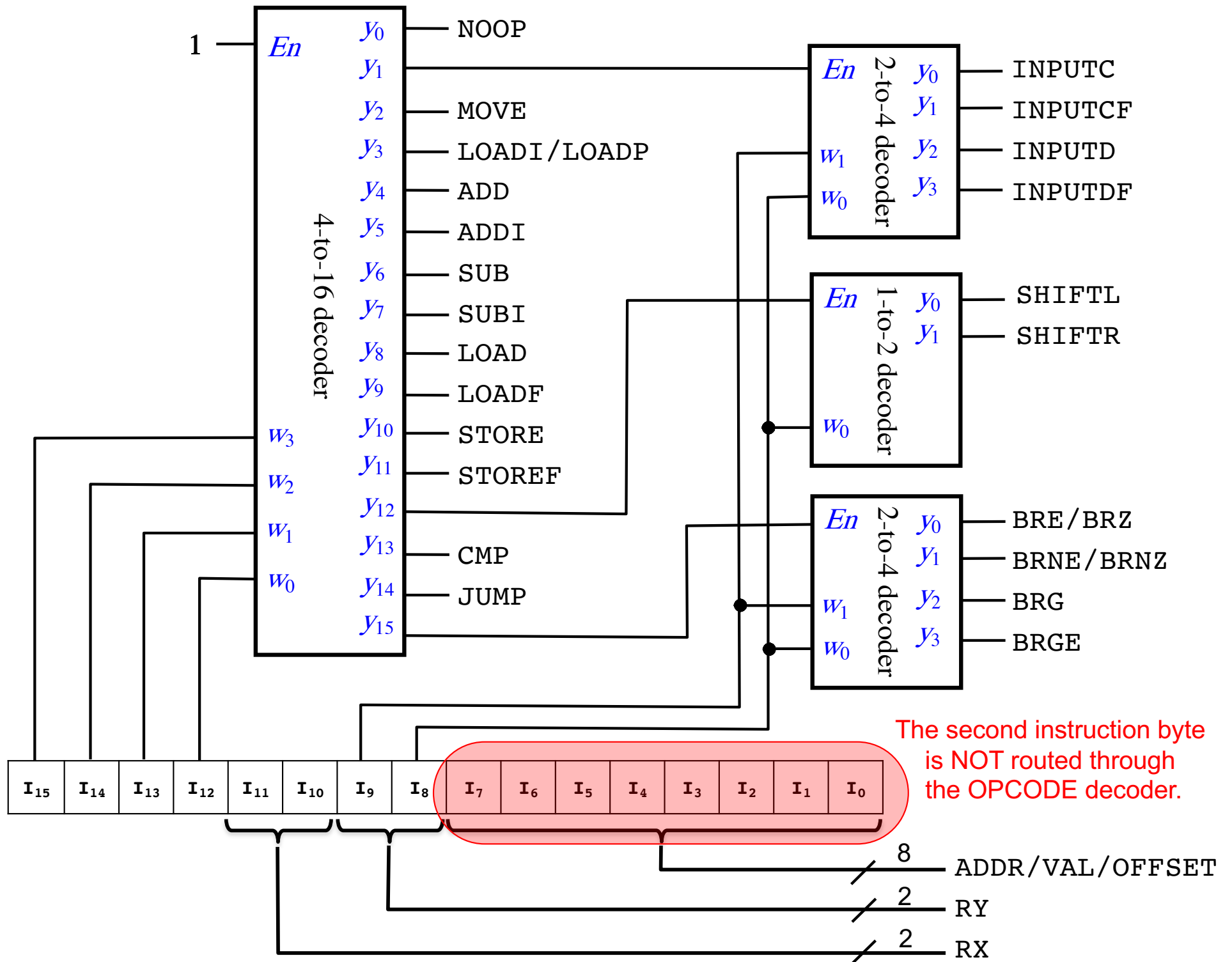


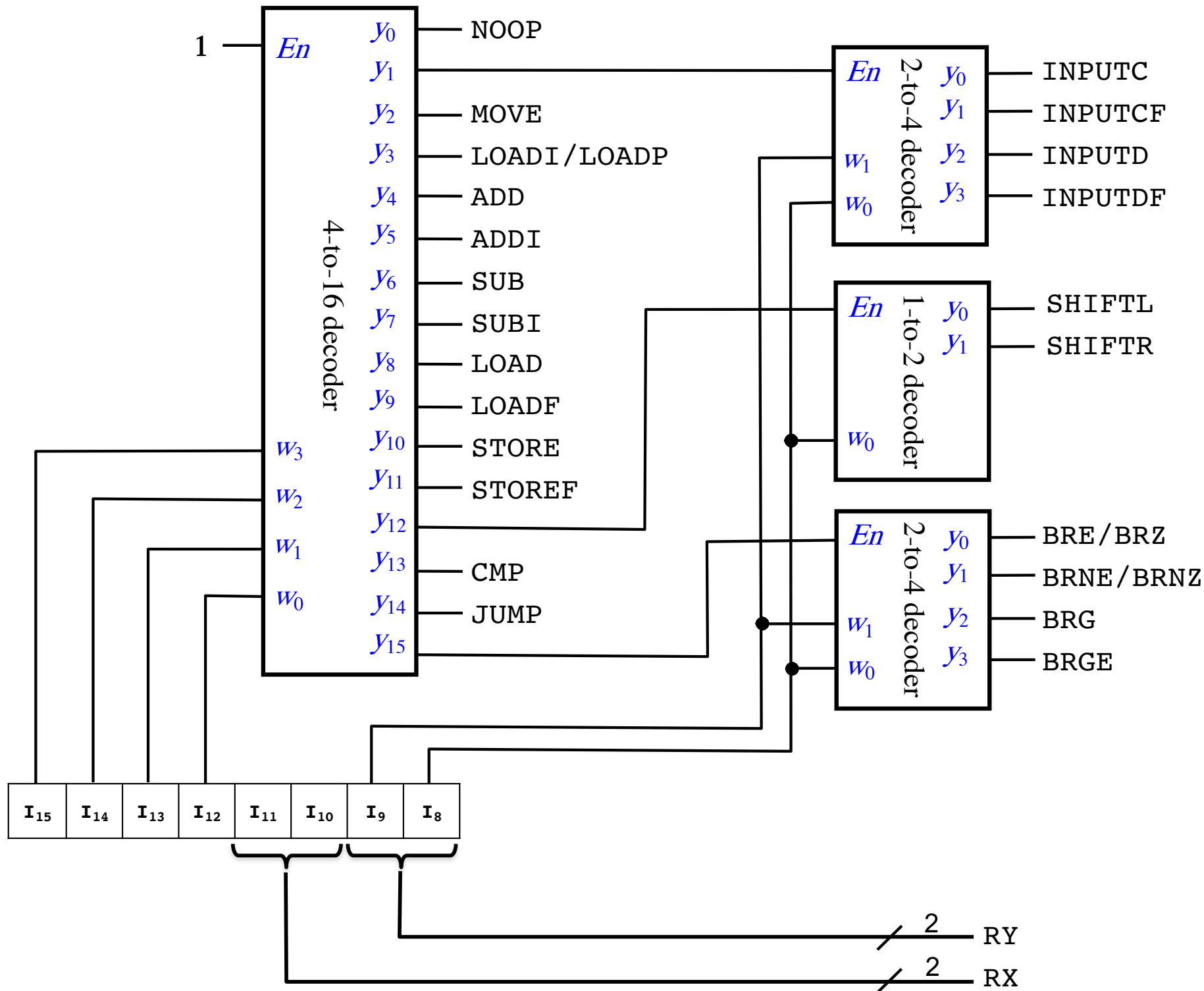
BRG

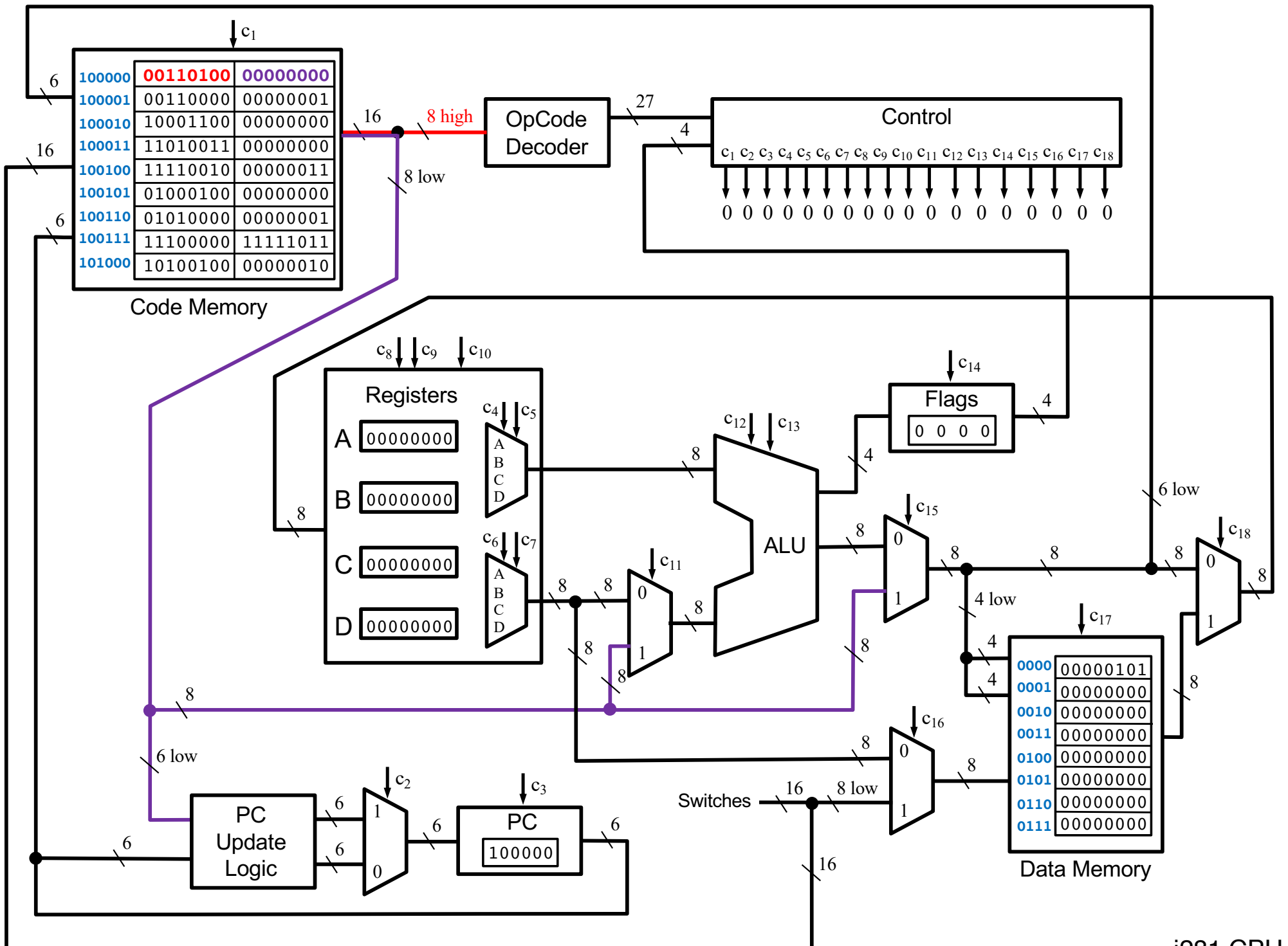


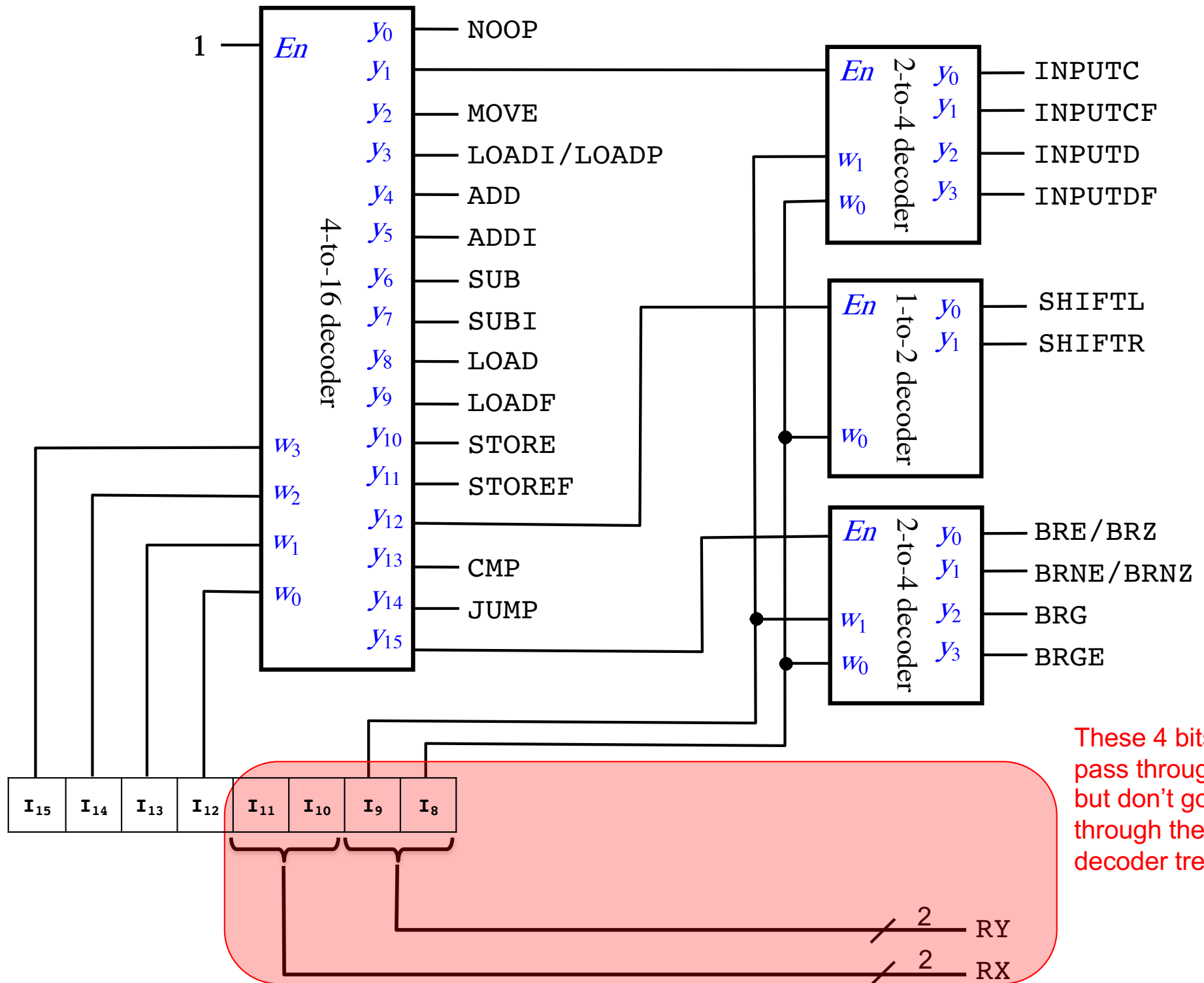
BRGE



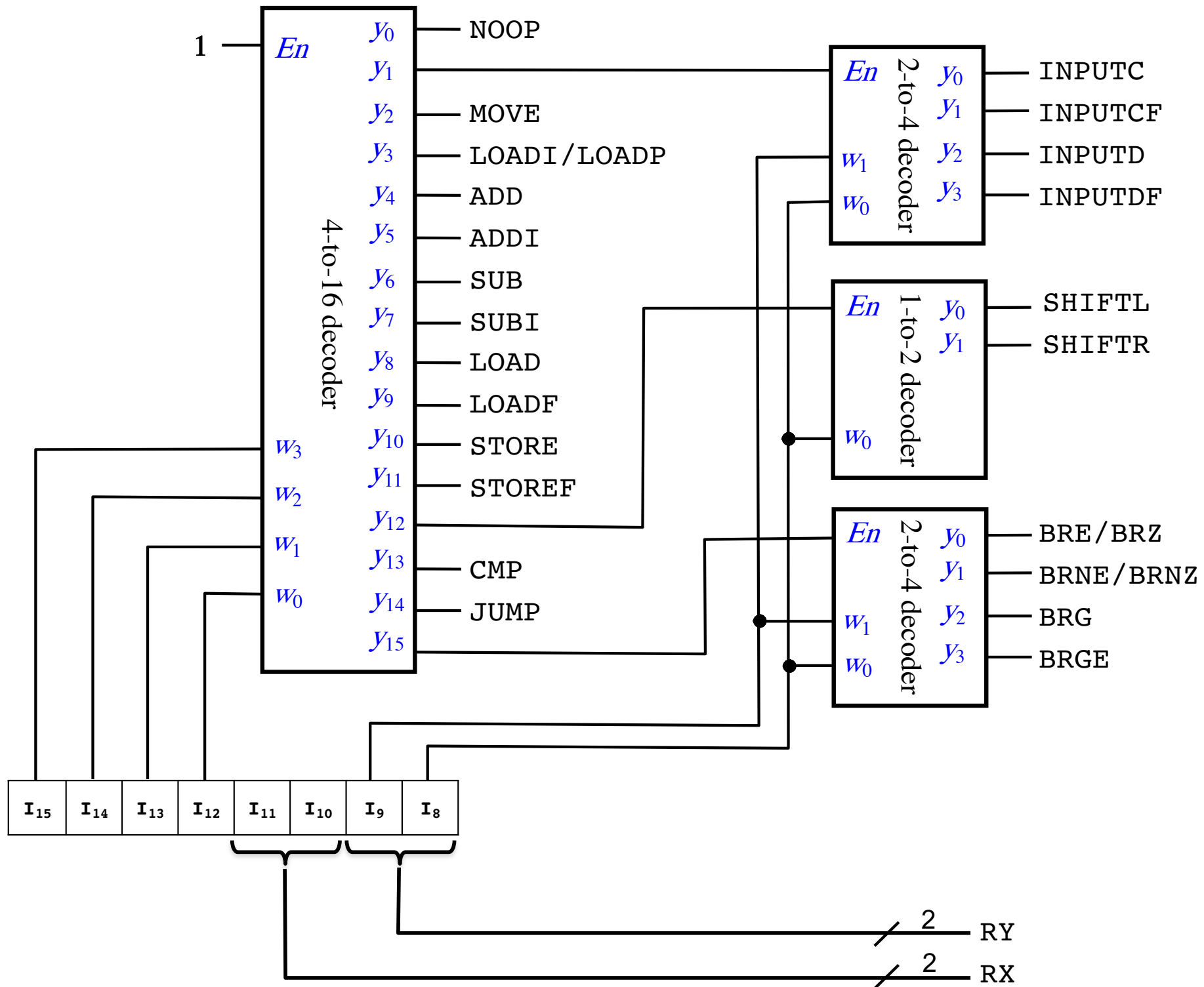


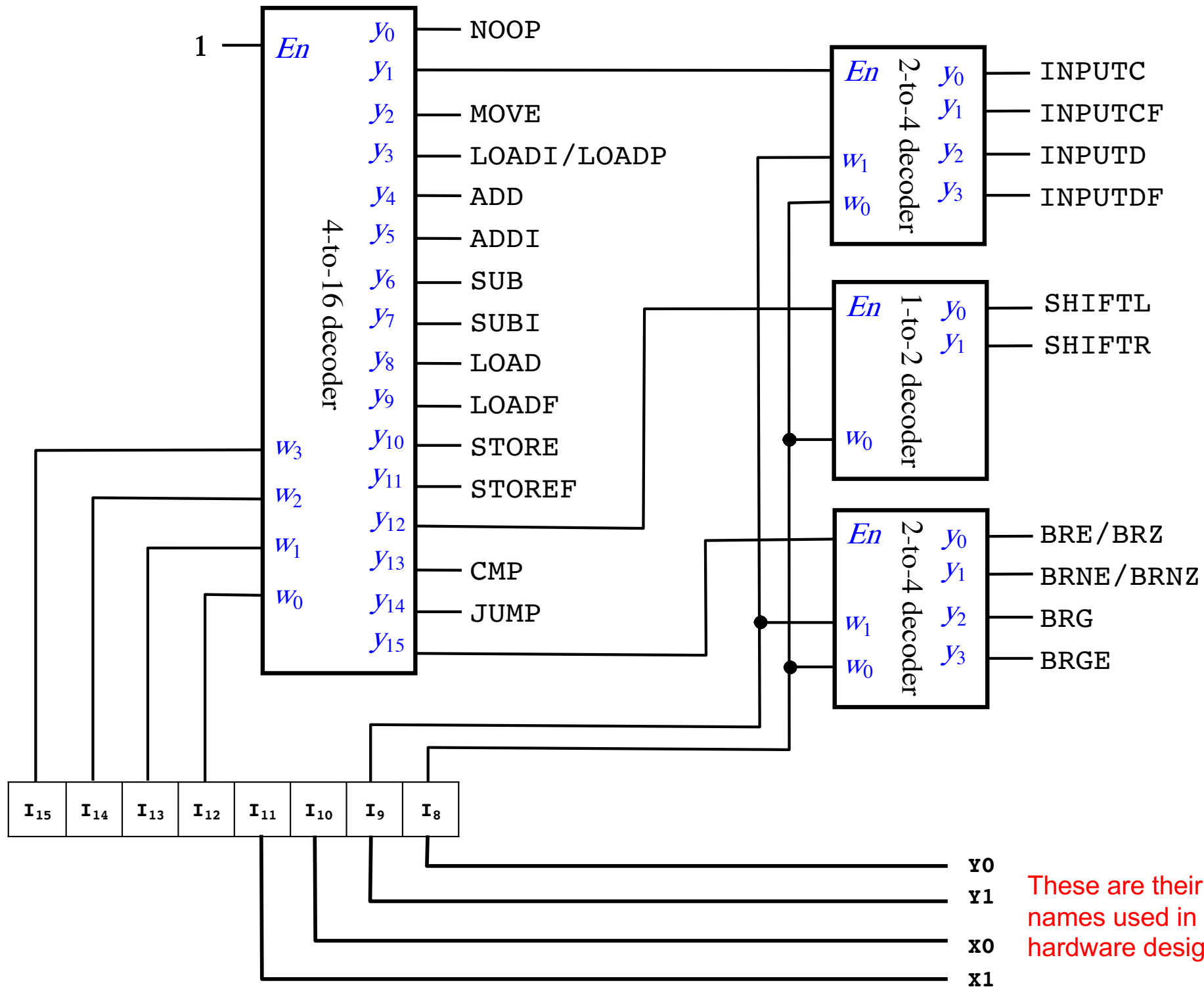




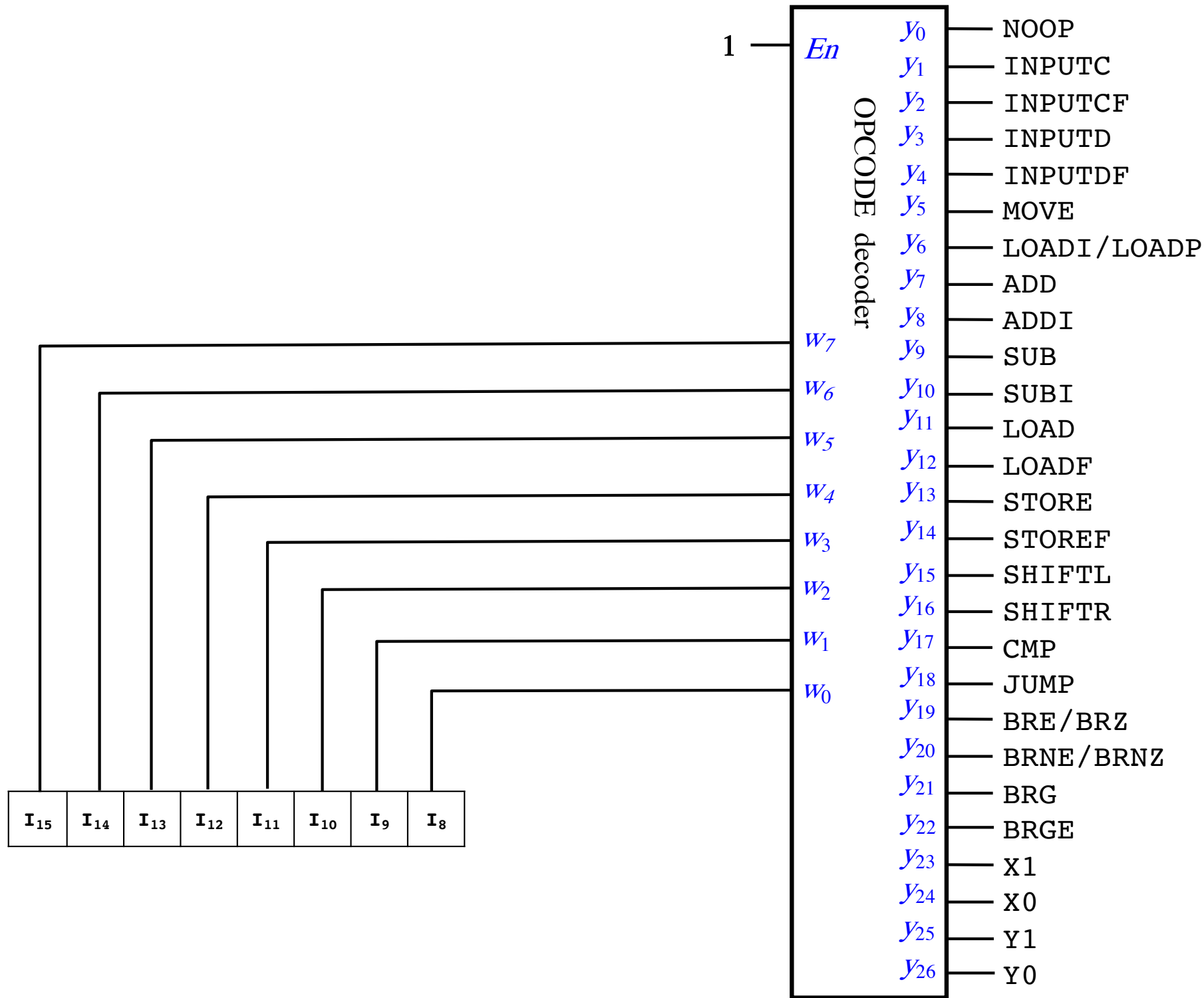


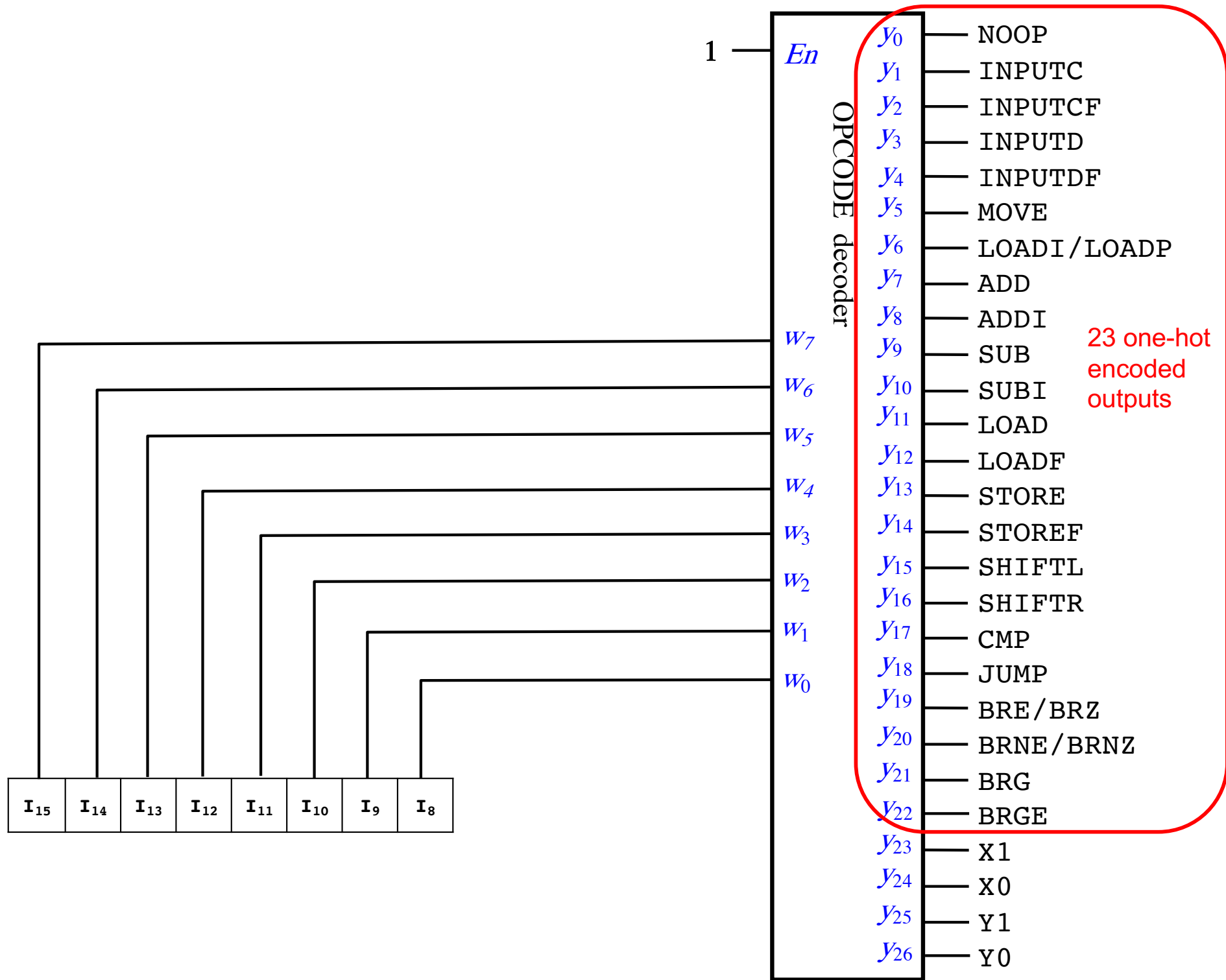
These 4 bits pass through, but don't go through the decoder tree.

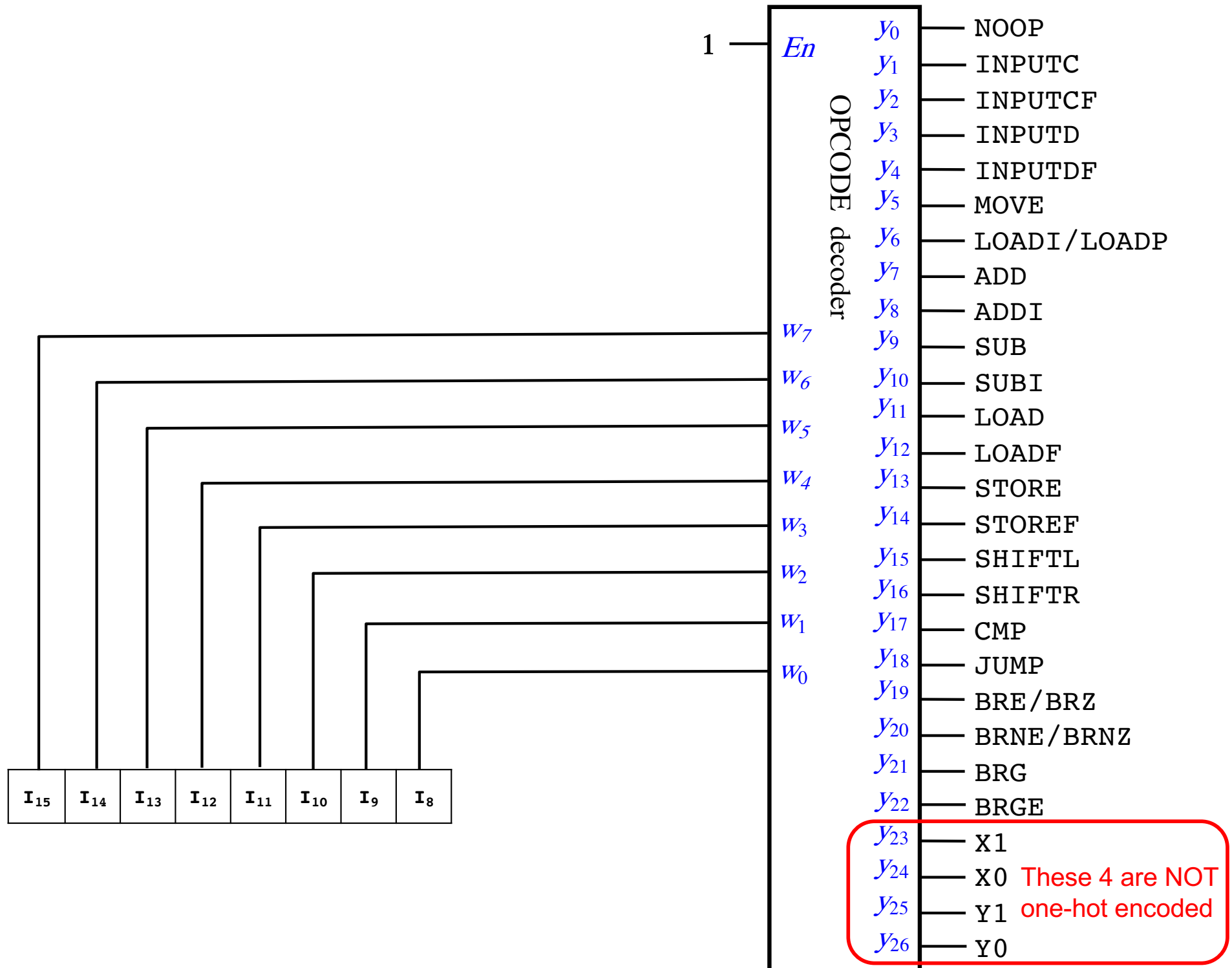


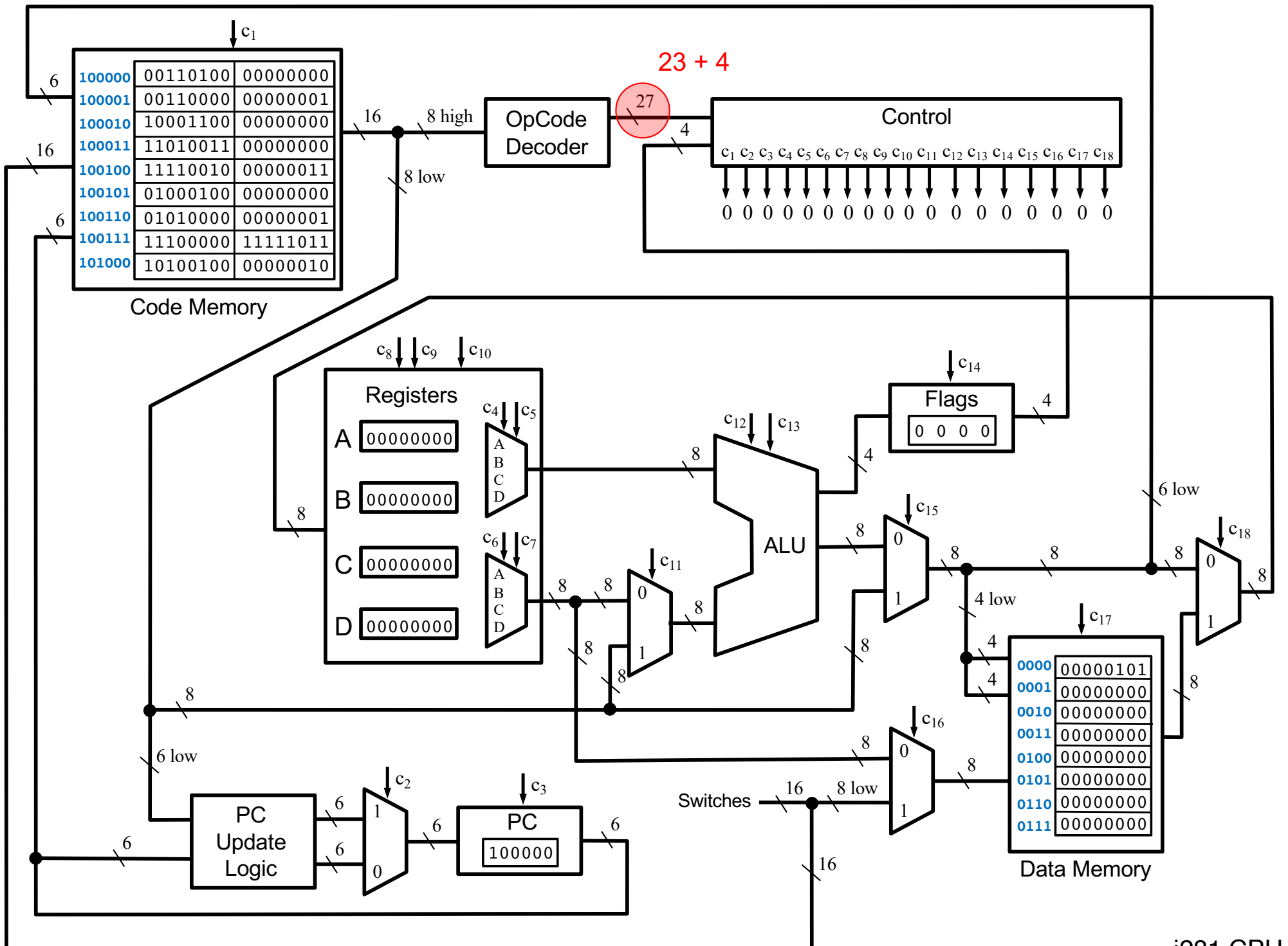


I₁₅	I₁₄	I₁₃	I₁₂	I₁₁	I₁₀	I₉	I₈
-----------------------	-----------------------	-----------------------	-----------------------	-----------------------	-----------------------	----------------------	----------------------









The Control Table

	IMEM_WRITE_ENABLE	PROGRAM_COUNTER_MUX	PROGRAM_COUNTER_WRITE_ENABLE	REGISTERS_PORT0_SELECT1	REGISTERS_PORT0_SELECT0	REGISTERS_PORT1_SELECT1	REGISTERS_PORT1_SELECT0	REGISTERS_WRITE_SELECT1	REGISTERS_WRITE_SELECT0	REGISTERS_WRITE_ENABLE	ALU_SOURCE_MUX	ALU_SELECT1	ALU_SELECT0	FLAGS_WRITE_ENABLE	ALU_RESUT_MUX	DMEM_INPUT_MUX	DMEM_WRITE_ENABLE	REG_WRITEBACK_MUX
NOOP			1															
INPUTC	1		1												1			
INPUTCF	1		1	X1	X0						1	1						
INPUTD			1												1	1	1	
INPUTDF			1	X1	X0						1	1				1	1	
MOVE			1	Y1	Y0			X1	X0	1	1	1						
LOADI/LOADP			1					X1	X0	1					1			
ADD			1	X1	X0	Y1	Y0	X1	X0	1		1		1				
ADDI			1	X1	X0			X1	X0	1	1	1		1				
SUB			1	X1	X0	Y1	Y0	X1	X0	1		1	1	1				
SUBI			1	X1	X0			X1	X0	1	1	1	1	1				
LOAD			1					X1	X0	1					1			1
LOADF			1	Y1	Y0			X1	X0	1	1	1						1
STORE			1			X1	X0								1		1	
STOREF			1	Y1	Y0	X1	X0				1	1					1	
SHIFTL			1	X1	X0			X1	X0	1				1				
SHIFTR			1	X1	X0			X1	X0	1			1	1				
CMP			1	X1	X0	Y1	Y0					1	1	1				
JUMP		1	1															
BRE/BRZ		B1	1															
BRNE/BRNZ		B2	1															
BRG		B3	1															
BRGE		B4	1															

Taken from these bits of the instruction

C ₁₅	C ₁₄	C ₁₃	C ₁₂	C ₁₁	C ₁₀	C ₉	C ₈	C ₇	C ₆	C ₅	C ₄	C ₃	C ₂	C ₁	C ₀
						Y ₁	Y ₀								

	IMEM_WRITE_ENABLE	PROGRAM_COUNTER_MUX	PROGRAM_COUNTER_WRITE_ENABLE	REGISTERS_PORT0_SELECT1	REGISTERS_PORT0_SELECT0	REGISTERS_PORT1_SELECT1	REGISTERS_PORT1_SELECT0	REGISTERS_WRITE_SELECT1	REGISTERS_WRITE_SELECT0	REGISTERS_WRITE_ENABLE	ALU_SOURCE_MUX	ALU_SELECT1	ALU_SELECT0	FLAGS_WRITE_ENABLE	ALU_RESUT_MUX	DMEM_INPUT_MUX	DMEM_WRITE_ENABLE	REG_WRITEBACK_MUX
NOOP			1															
INPUTC	1		1												1			
INPUTCF	1		1	X1	X0						1	1						
INPUTD			1												1	1	1	
INPUTDF			1	X1	X0						1	1				1	1	
MOVE			1	Y1	Y0			X1	X0	1	1	1						
LOADI/LOADP			1					X1	X0	1					1			
ADD			1	X1	X0	Y1	Y0	X1	X0	1		1		1				
ADDI			1	X1	X0			X1	X0	1	1	1		1				
SUB			1	X1	X0	Y1	Y0	X1	X0	1		1	1	1				
SUBI			1	X1	X0			X1	X0	1	1	1	1	1				
LOAD			1					X1	X0	1					1			1
LOADF			1	Y1	Y0			X1	X0	1	1	1						1
STORE			1			X1	X0								1		1	
STOREF			1	Y1	Y0	X1	X0				1	1					1	
SHIFTL			1	X1	X0			X1	X0	1				1				
SHIFTR			1	X1	X0			X1	X0	1			1	1				
CMP			1	X1	X0	Y1	Y0					1	1	1				
JUMP		1	1															
BRE/BRZ		B1	1															
BRNE/BRNZ		B2	1															
BRG		B3	1															
BRGE		B4	1															

Taken from these bits of the instruction

C ₁₅	C ₁₄	C ₁₃	C ₁₂	C ₁₁	C ₁₀	C ₉	C ₈	C ₇	C ₆	C ₅	C ₄	C ₃	C ₂	C ₁	C ₀
						Y ₁	Y ₀								

	IMEM_WRITE_ENABLE	PROGRAM_COUNTER_MUX	PROGRAM_COUNTER_WRITE_ENABLE	REGISTERS_PORT0_SELECT1	REGISTERS_PORT0_SELECT0	REGISTERS_PORT1_SELECT1	REGISTERS_PORT1_SELECT0	REGISTERS_WRITE_SELECT1	REGISTERS_WRITE_SELECT0	REGISTERS_WRITE_ENABLE	ALU_SOURCE_MUX	ALU_SELECT1	ALU_SELECT0	FLAGS_WRITE_ENABLE	ALU_RESUT_MUX	DMEM_INPUT_MUX	DMEM_WRITE_ENABLE	REG_WRITEBACK_MUX
NOOP			1															
INPUTC	1		1												1			
INPUTCF	1		1	X1	X0						1	1						
INPUTD			1												1	1	1	
INPUTDF			1	X1	X0						1	1				1	1	
MOVE			1	Y1	Y0			X1	X0	1	1	1						
LOADI/LOADP			1					X1	X0	1					1			
ADD			1	X1	X0	Y1	Y0	X1	X0	1		1		1				
ADDI			1	X1	X0			X1	X0	1	1	1		1				
SUB			1	X1	X0	Y1	Y0	X1	X0	1		1	1	1				
SUBI			1	X1	X0			X1	X0	1	1	1	1	1				
LOAD			1					X1	X0	1					1			1
LOADF			1	Y1	Y0			X1	X0	1	1	1						1
STORE			1			X1	X0								1		1	
STOREF			1	Y1	Y0	X1	X0				1	1					1	
SHIFTL			1	X1	X0			X1	X0	1				1				
SHIFTR			1	X1	X0			X1	X0	1			1	1				
CMP			1	X1	X0	Y1	Y0					1	1	1				
JUMP		1	1															
BRE/BRZ		B1	1															
BRNE/BRNZ		B2	1															
BRG		B3	1															
BRGE		B4	1															

computed using
the flags register

- B1= ZF
- B2= ~ZF
- B3= AND (~ZF, XNOR(NF, OF))
- B4= XNOR(NF, OF)

- Zero Flag (ZF)
- Negative Flag (NF)
- Overflow Flag (OF)

Sample Assembly Programs for the i281 CPU

The OPCODEs

(Mapped to Machine Language)

The OPCODEs

NOOP

0	0	0	0	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

INPUTC

0	0	0	1	d	d	0	0	C	A	D	D	R	E	S	S
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

INPUTCF

0	0	0	1	R	X	0	1	C	A	D	D	R	E	S	S
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

INPUTD

0	0	0	1	d	d	1	0	D	A	D	D	R	E	S	S
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

INPUTDF

0	0	0	1	R	X	1	1	D	A	D	D	R	E	S	S
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

MOVE

0	0	1	0	R	X	R	Y	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LOADI/LOADP

0	0	1	1	R	X	d	d	I	M	M	E	D	V	A	L
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

The OPCODEs

ADD

0	1	0	0	R	X	R	Y	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

ADDI

0	1	0	1	R	X	d	d	I	M	M	E	D	V	A	L
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

SUB

0	1	1	0	R	X	R	Y	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

SUBI

0	1	1	1	R	X	d	d	I	M	M	E	D	V	A	L
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LOAD

1	0	0	0	R	X	d	d	D	A	D	D	R	E	S	S
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

LOADF

1	0	0	1	R	X	R	Y	D	A	D	D	R	E	S	S
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

STORE

1	0	1	0	R	X	d	d	D	A	D	D	R	E	S	S
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

STOREF

1	0	1	1	R	X	R	Y	D	A	D	D	R	E	S	S
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

The OPCODEs

SHIFTL

1	1	0	0	R	X	d	0	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

SHIFTR

1	1	0	0	R	X	d	1	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

CMP

1	1	0	1	R	X	R	Y	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

JUMP

1	1	1	0	d	d	d	d	P	C	O	F	F	S	E	T
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

BRE/BRZ

1	1	1	1	d	d	0	0	P	C	O	F	F	S	E	T
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

BRNE/BRNZ

1	1	1	1	d	d	0	1	P	C	O	F	F	S	E	T
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

BRG

1	1	1	1	d	d	1	0	P	C	O	F	F	S	E	T
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

BRGE

1	1	1	1	d	d	1	1	P	C	O	F	F	S	E	T
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Do Loop

C Version

```
// Add the numbers from 1 to 5 using a do loop.
```

```
int N=5;
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int i, sum;
```

```
    i=0;
```

```
    sum=0;
```

```
    do
```

```
    {
```

```
        i++;
```

```
        sum+=i;
```

```
    }while( i < N );
```

```
}
```

Assembly Version

```
; Add the numbers from 1 to 5 using a do loop.
```

```
.data
```

```
N      BYTE      5
```

```
sum    BYTE      ?
```

```
.code
```

```
    LOADI A, 0      ; i = 0
```

```
    LOADI B, 0      ; sum=0
```

```
    LOAD D, [N]     ; register D = N
```

```
Do:  ADDI A, 1      ; i++
```

```
    ADD B, A        ; sum+=i
```

```
    CMP D, A        ; N > i ? (register ordering is swapped)
```

```
    BRG Do         ; if true, jump to Do
```

```
End:  STORE [sum], B ; store sum to memory
```

```
; Register allocation:
```

```
; A: i (the variable i is optimized to register A)
```

```
; B: sum
```

```
; C: <not used>
```

```
; D: N
```

Machine Code Version

Data Memory:

00000101

00000000

Code Memory:

0011000000000000

0011010000000000

1000110000000000

0101000000000001

0100010000000000

1101110000000000

1111001011111100

1010010000000001

Assembly v.s. Machine Code

.data

N BYTE 5

sum BYTE ?

.code

LOADI A, 0

LOADI B, 0

LOAD D, [N]

Do: ADDI A, 1

ADD B, A

CMP D, A

BRG Do

End: STORE [sum], B

Data Memory:

00000101

00000000

Code Memory:

0011000000000000

0011010000000000

1000110000000000

0101000000000001

0100010000000000

1101110000000000

1111001011111100

1010010000000001

Assembly v.s. Machine Code

.data

N BYTE 5

sum BYTE ?

.code

LOADI A, 0

LOADI B, 0

LOAD D, [N]

Do: ADDI A, 1

ADD B, A

CMP D, A

BRG Do

End: STORE [sum], B

Data Memory:

00000101

00000000

Code Memory:

00110000_00000000

00110100_00000000

10001100_00000000

01010000_00000001

01000100_00000000

11011100_00000000

11110010_11111100

10100100_00000001

Assembly v.s. Machine Code

.data

N BYTE 5

sum BYTE ?

.code

LOADI A, 0

LOADI B, 0

LOAD D, [N]

Do: ADDI A, 1

ADD B, A

CMP D, A

BRG Do

End: STORE [sum], B

Data Memory:

00000101

00000000

Code Memory:

0011_00_00_00000000

0011_01_00_00000000

1000_11_00_00000000

0101_00_00_00000001

0100_01_00_00000000

1101_11_00_00000000

1111_00_10_11111100

1010_01_00_00000001

Assembly v.s. Machine Code

.data

N **BYTE** **5**
sum **BYTE** **?**

Data Memory:

00000101
00000000

.code

LOADI **A, 0**
 LOADI **B, 0**
 LOAD **D, [N]**
Do: **ADDI** **A, 1**
 ADD **B, A**
 CMP **D, A**
 BRG **Do**
End: **STORE** **[sum], B**

Code Memory:

0011_00_00_00000000
0011_01_00_00000000
1000_11_00_00000000
0101_00_00_00000001
0100_01_00_00000000
1101_11_00_00000000
1111_00_10_11111100
1010_01_00_00000001

Assembly v.s. Machine Code

.data

N BYTE 5

sum BYTE ?

.code

LOADI A, 0

LOADI B, 0

LOAD D, [N]

Do: ADDI A, 1

ADD B, A

CMP D, A

BRG Do

End: STORE [sum], B

Data Memory:

00000101

00000000

Code Memory:

0011_00_00_00000000

0011_01_00_00000000

1000_11_00_00000000

0101_00_00_00000001

0100_01_00_00000000

1101_11_00_00000000

1111_00_10_11111100

1010_01_00_00000001

Assembly v.s. Machine Code

.data

N **BYTE** **5**

sum **BYTE** **?**

.code

LOADI **A, 0**

LOADI **B, 0**

LOAD **D, [N]**

Do: **ADDI** **A, 1**

ADD **B, A**

CMP **D, A**

BRG **Do**

End: **STORE** **[sum], B**

Data Memory:

00000101

00000000

Code Memory:

0011_00_00_00000000

0011_01_00_00000000

1000_11_00_00000000

0101_00_00_00000001

0100_01_00_00000000

1101_11_00_00000000

1111_00_10_11111100

1010_01_00_00000001

Assembly v.s. Machine Code

.data

N **BYTE** **5**
sum **BYTE** **?**

Data Memory:

00000101
00000000

.code

LOADI **A**, **0**
 LOADI **B**, **0**
 LOAD **D**, [**N**]
Do: **ADDI** **A**, **1**
 ADD **B**, **A**
 CMP **D**, **A**
 BRG **Do**
End: **STORE** [**sum**], **B**

Code Memory:

0011_00_00_00000000
0011_01_00_00000000
1000_11_00_00000000
0101_00_00_00000001
0100_01_00_00000000
1101_11_00_00000000
1111_00_10_11111100
1010_01_00_00000001

Assembly v.s. Machine Code

.data

N **BYTE** **5**

sum **BYTE** **?**

.code

LOADI **A**, **0**

LOADI **B**, **0**

LOAD **D**, [**N**]

Do: **ADDI** **A**, **1**

ADD **B**, **A**

CMP **D**, **A**

BRG **Do**

End: **STORE** [**sum**], **B**

Data Memory:

00000101

00000000

Code Memory:

0011_00_00_00000000

0011_01_00_00000000

1000_11_00_00000000

0101_00_00_00000001

0100_01_00_00000000

1101_11_00_00000000

1111_00_10_11111100

1010_01_00_00000001

Assembly v.s. Machine Code

.data

N **BYTE** **5**
sum **BYTE** **?**

Data Memory:

00000101
00000000

.code

LOADI **A**, **0**
LOADI **B**, **0**
LOAD **D**, [**N**]
Do: **ADDI** **A**, **1**
 ADD **B**, **A**
 CMP **D**, **A**
 BRG **Do**
End: **STORE** [**sum**], **B**

Code Memory:

0011_00_00_00000000
0011_01_00_00000000
1000_11_00_00000000
0101_00_00_00000001
0100_01_00_00000000
1101_11_00_00000000
1111_00_10_11111100
1010_01_00_00000001

Assembly v.s. Machine Code

.data

N **BYTE** **5**

sum **BYTE** **?**

.code

LOADI **A**, **0**

LOADI **B**, **0**

LOAD **D**, [**N**]

Do: **ADDI** **A**, **1**

ADD **B**, **A**

CMP **D**, **A**

BRG **Do**

End: **STORE** [**sum**], **B**

Data Memory:

00000101

00000000

Code Memory:

0011_00_dd_00000000

0011_01_dd_00000000

1000_11_dd_00000000

0101_00_dd_00000001

0100_01_00_dddddddd

1101_11_00_dddddddd

1111_dd_10_11111100

1010_01_dd_00000001

Assembly v.s. Machine Code

.data

N **BYTE** **5**
sum **BYTE** **?**

Data Memory:

00000101
00000000

.code

LOADI **A**, **0**
LOADI **B**, **0**
LOAD **D**, [**N**]
Do: **ADDI** **A**, **1**
 ADD **B**, **A**
 CMP **D**, **A**
 BRG **Do**
End: **STORE** [**sum**], **B**

Code Memory:

0011_00_00_00000000
0011_01_00_00000000
1000_11_00_00000000
0101_00_00_00000001
0100_01_00_00000000
1101_11_00_00000000
1111_00_10_11111100
1010_01_00_00000001

Bubble Sort

C Version

```
int array[] = {7, 3, 2, 1, 6, 4, 5, 8};
int last = 7; // last valid index in the array
int temp;
int i, j;

int main()
{
    for (i = 0; i < last; i++)
        for (j = 0; j < last-i; j++)
            if (array[j] > array[j+1]){
                temp = array[j];
                array[j] = array[j+1];
                array[j+1] = temp;
            }

    //for(i = 0; i < N; i++){
    //    printf("%d, ", array[i]);
    //}
}
```

C Version

```
int array[] = {7, 3, 2, 1, 6, 4, 5, 8};
int last = 7; // last valid index in the array
int temp;
int i, j;

int main()
{
    for (i = 0; i < last; i++)
        for (j = 0; j < last-i; j++)
            if (array[j] > array[j+1]){
                temp = array[j];
                array[j] = array[j+1];
                array[j+1] = temp;
            }

    //for(i = 0; i < N; i++){
    //    printf("%d, ", array[i]);
    //}
}
```

Assembly Version

```
.data
array  BYTE 7, 3, 2, 1, 6, 4, 5, 8
last   BYTE 7
temp   BYTE ?

.code

        LOADI  A, 0                ; i = 0;
Outer:  LOAD   D, [last]           ; Load last into D
        LOADI  B, 0                ; j = 0;
        CMP    A, D                ; i < last
        BRGE   End                ; If i >= last break out of the outer loop
Inner:  LOAD   D, [last]           ; Re-Load last into D (this register is shared)
        SUB    D, A                ; D = D - A (i.e., D = last - i)
        CMP    B, D                ; j < last - i
        BRGE   Iinc               ; If j >= last-i branch to Iinc
If:     LOADF  C, [array+B]        ; C = array[j]
        LOADF  D, [array+B+1]      ; D = array[j+1] (compiler adds 1 to addr. of array)
        CMP    D, C                ; if array[j+1] < array[j] (switched direction)
        BRGE   Jinc
Swap:   STOREF [array+B], D
        STOREF [array+B+1], C
Jinc:   ADDI   B, 1                ; j++
        JUMP   Inner
Iinc:   ADDI   A, 1                ; i++
        JUMP   Outer
End:    NOOP                       ; Do nothing

; Register allocation:
; A: i
; B: j
; C: array[j]
; D: last, array[j+1]

; Notes: i and j are optimized away. They exist only in registers, not in the main memory.
```

Assembly Version

```
.data
array  BYTE 7, 3, 2, 1, 6, 4, 5, 8
last   BYTE 7
temp   BYTE ?

.code

        LOADI  A, 0           ; i = 0;
Outer:  LOAD   D, [last]      ; Load last into D
        LOADI  B, 0           ; j = 0;
        CMP    A, D           ; i < last
        BRGE  End            ; If i >= last break out of the outer loop
Inner:  LOAD   D, [last]      ; Re-Load last into D (this register is shared)
        SUB    D, A           ; D = D - A (i.e., D = last - i)
        CMP    B, D           ; j < last - i
        BRGE  Iinc           ; If j >= last-i branch to Iinc
If:     LOADF  C, [array+B]   ; C = array[j]
        LOADF  D, [array+B+1] ; D = array[j+1] (compiler adds 1 to addr. of array)
        CMP    D, C           ; if array[j+1] < array[j] (switched direction)
        BRGE  Jinc
Swap:   STOREF [array+B], D
        STOREF [array+B+1], C
Jinc:   ADDI   B, 1           ; j++
        JUMP   Inner
Iinc:   ADDI   A, 1           ; i++
        JUMP   Outer
End:    NOOP                ; Do nothing

; Register allocation:
; A: i
; B: j
; C: array[j]
; D: last, array[j+1]

; Notes: i and j are optimized away. They exist only in registers, not in the main memory.
```


Machine Code Version

```
.data
array  BYTE 7, 3, 2, 1, 6, 4, 5, 8
last   BYTE 7
temp   BYTE ?
```

```
.code

        LOADI  A, 0
Outer:  LOAD   D, [last]
        LOADI  B, 0
        CMP    A, D
        BRGE  End
Inner:  LOAD   D, [last]
        SUB    D, A
        CMP    B, D
        BRGE  Iinc
If:     LOADF  C, [array+B]
        LOADF  D, [array+B+1]
        CMP    D, C
        BRGE  Jinc
Swap:   STOREF [array+B], D
        STOREF [array+B+1], C
Jinc:   ADDI   B, 1
        JUMP  Inner
Iinc:   ADDI   A, 1
        JUMP  Outer
End:    NOOP
```

Machine Code Version

		Data Memory:
.data		
array	BYTE 7, 3, 2, 1, 6, 4, 5, 8	00000111
last	BYTE 7	00000011
temp	BYTE ?	00000010
.code		00000001
	LOADI A, 0	00000110
Outer:	LOAD D, [last]	00000100
	LOADI B, 0	00000101
	CMP A, D	00001000
	BRGE End	00000111
Inner:	LOAD D, [last]	00000000
	SUB D, A	
	CMP B, D	
	BRGE Iinc	
If:	LOADF C, [array+B]	
	LOADF D, [array+B+1]	
	CMP D, C	
	BRGE Jinc	
Swap:	STOREF [array+B], D	
	STOREF [array+B+1], C	
Jinc:	ADDI B, 1	
	JUMP Inner	
Iinc:	ADDI A, 1	
	JUMP Outer	
End:	NOOP	

Machine Code Version

```
.data
array  BYTE 7, 3, 2, 1, 6, 4, 5, 8
last   BYTE 7
temp   BYTE ?

.code

        LOADI  A, 0
Outer:  LOAD    D, [last]
        LOADI  B, 0
        CMP    A, D
        BRGE  End
Inner:  LOAD    D, [last]
        SUB    D, A
        CMP    B, D
        BRGE  Iinc
If:     LOADF  C, [array+B]
        LOADF  D, [array+B+1]
        CMP    D, C
        BRGE  Jinc
Swap:  STOREF  [array+B], D
        STOREF [array+B+1], C
Jinc:  ADDI   B, 1
        JUMP  Inner
Iinc:  ADDI   A, 1
        JUMP  Outer
End:   NOOP
```

Data Memory:

```
00000111 //array[0]
00000011 //array[1]
00000010 //array[2]
00000001 //array[3]
00000110 //array[4]
00000100 //array[5]
00000101 //array[6]
00001000 //array[7]
00000111 //last
00000000 //temp
```


Machine Code Version

		Address	Data Memory:
.data			
array	BYTE 7, 3, 2, 1, 6, 4, 5, 8	0000	00000111 //array[0]
last	BYTE 7	0001	00000011 //array[1]
temp	BYTE ?	0010	00000010 //array[2]
		0011	00000001 //array[3]
.code		0100	00000110 //array[4]
Outer:	LOADI A, 0	0101	00000100 //array[5]
	LOAD D, [last]	0110	00000101 //array[6]
	LOADI B, 0	0111	00001000 //array[7]
	CMP A, D	1000	00000111 //last
	BRGE End	1001	00000000 //temp
Inner:	LOAD D, [last]		
	SUB D, A		
	CMP B, D		
	BRGE Iinc		
If:	LOADF C, [array+B]		
	LOADF D, [array+B+1]		
	CMP D, C		
	BRGE Jinc		
Swap:	STOREF [array+B], D		
	STOREF [array+B+1], C		
Jinc:	ADDI B, 1		
	JUMP Inner		
Iinc:	ADDI A, 1		
	JUMP Outer		
End:	NOOP		

Machine Code Version

		Address	Data Memory:
.data			
array	BYTE 7, 3, 2, 1, 6, 4, 5, 8	0000	00000111 //array[0]
last	BYTE 7	0001	00000011 //array[1]
temp	BYTE ?	0010	00000010 //array[2]
		0011	00000001 //array[3]
.code		0100	00000110 //array[4]
Outer:	LOADI A, 0	0101	00000100 //array[5]
	LOAD D, [last]	0110	00000101 //array[6]
	LOADI B, 0	0111	00001000 //array[7]
	CMP A, D	1000	00000111 //last
	BRGE End	1001	00000000 //temp
Inner:	LOAD D, [last]	1010	00000000
	SUB D, A	1011	00000000
	CMP B, D	1100	00000000
	BRGE Iinc	1101	00000000
If:	LOADF C, [array+B]	1110	00000000
	LOADF D, [array+B+1]	1111	00000000
	CMP D, C		
	BRGE Jinc		
Swap:	STOREF [array+B], D		
	STOREF [array+B+1], C		
Jinc:	ADDI B, 1		
	JUMP Inner		
Iinc:	ADDI A, 1		
	JUMP Outer		
End:	NOOP		

Machine Code Version

```
.data
array  BYTE 7, 3, 2, 1, 6, 4, 5, 8
last   BYTE 7
temp   BYTE ?
```

```
.code

        LOADI  A, 0
Outer:  LOAD   D, [last]
        LOADI  B, 0
        CMP    A, D
        BRGE  End
Inner:  LOAD   D, [last]
        SUB    D, A
        CMP    B, D
        BRGE  Iinc
If:     LOADF  C, [array+B]
        LOADF  D, [array+B+1]
        CMP    D, C
        BRGE  Jinc
Swap:   STOREF [array+B], D
        STOREF [array+B+1], C
Jinc:   ADDI   B, 1
        JUMP  Inner
Iinc:   ADDI   A, 1
        JUMP  Outer
End:    NOOP
```

Machine Code Version

```
.data
array  BYTE 7, 3, 2, 1, 6, 4, 5, 8
last   BYTE 7
temp   BYTE ?
```

```
.code
        LOADI  A, 0
Outer:  LOAD   D, [last]
        LOADI  B, 0
        CMP    A, D
        BRGE  End
Inner:  LOAD   D, [last]
        SUB    D, A
        CMP    B, D
        BRGE  Iinc
If:     LOADF  C, [array+B]
        LOADF  D, [array+B+1]
        CMP    D, C
        BRGE  Jinc
Swap:   STOREF [array+B], D
        STOREF [array+B+1], C
Jinc:   ADDI   B, 1
        JUMP  Inner
Iinc:   ADDI   A, 1
        JUMP  Outer
End:    NOOP
```

Code Memory:

```
0011000000000000
1000110000001000
0011010000000000
1101001100000000
1111001100001110
1000110000001000
0110110000000000
1101011100000000
1111001100001000
1001100100000000
1001110100000001
1101111000000000
1111001100000010
1011110100000000
1011100100000001
0101010000000001
1110000011110100
0101000000000001
1110000011101110
0000000000000000
```

Machine Code Version

```
.data
array  BYTE 7, 3, 2, 1, 6, 4, 5, 8
last   BYTE 7
temp   BYTE ?
```

```
.code
                                Address  Code Memory:
Outer:  LOADI  A, 0              100000  0011000000000000
        LOAD   D, [last]        100001  1000110000001000
        LOADI  B, 0              100010  0011010000000000
        CMP    A, D              100011  1101001100000000
        BRGE   End               100100  1111001100001110
Inner:  LOAD   D, [last]        100101  1000110000001000
        SUB    D, A              100110  0110110000000000
        CMP    B, D              100111  1101011100000000
        BRGE   Iinc              101000  1111001100001000
If:     LOADF  C, [array+B]      101001  1001100100000000
        LOADF  D, [array+B+1]    101010  1001110100000001
        CMP    D, C              101011  1101111000000000
        BRGE   Jinc              101100  1111001100000010
Swap:   STOREF [array+B], D      101101  1011110100000000
        STOREF [array+B+1], C    101110  1011100100000001
Jinc:   ADDI   B, 1              101111  0101010000000001
        JUMP   Inner             110000  1110000011110100
Iinc:   ADDI   A, 1              110001  0101000000000001
        JUMP   Outer             110010  1110000011101110
End:    NOOP                      110011  0000000000000000
```


Assembly v.s. Machine Code

		Code Memory:
.code		0011000000000000
	LOADI A, 0	0011000000000000
Outer:	LOAD D, [last]	1000110000001000
	LOADI B, 0	0011010000000000
	CMP A, D	1101001100000000
	BRGE End	1111001100001110
Inner:	LOAD D, [last]	1000110000001000
	SUB D, A	0110110000000000
	CMP B, D	1101011100000000
	BRGE Iinc	1111001100001000
If:	LOADF C, [array+B]	1001100100000000
	LOADF D, [array+B+1]	1001110100000001
	CMP D, C	1101111000000000
	BRGE Jinc	1111001100000010
Swap:	STOREF [array+B], D	1011110100000000
	STOREF [array+B+1], C	1011100100000001
Jinc:	ADDI B, 1	0101010000000001
	JUMP Inner	1110000011110100
Iinc:	ADDI A, 1	0101000000000001
	JUMP Outer	1110000011101110
End:	NOOP	0000000000000000

Assembly v.s. Machine Code

		Code Memory:
.code		
	LOADI A, 0	00110000_00000000
Outer:	LOAD D, [last]	10001100_00001000
	LOADI B, 0	00110100_00000000
	CMP A, D	11010011_00000000
	BRGE End	11110011_00001110
Inner:	LOAD D, [last]	10001100_00001000
	SUB D, A	01101100_00000000
	CMP B, D	11010111_00000000
	BRGE Iinc	11110011_00001000
If:	LOADF C, [array+B]	10011001_00000000
	LOADF D, [array+B+1]	10011101_00000001
	CMP D, C	11011110_00000000
	BRGE Jinc	11110011_00000010
Swap:	STOREF [array+B], D	10111101_00000000
	STOREF [array+B+1], C	10111001_00000001
Jinc:	ADDI B, 1	01010100_00000001
	JUMP Inner	11100000_11110100
Iinc:	ADDI A, 1	01010000_00000001
	JUMP Outer	11100000_11101110
End:	NOOP	00000000_00000000

Assembly v.s. Machine Code

		Code Memory:
.code		
	LOADI A, 0	0011_00_00_00000000
Outer:	LOAD D, [last]	1000_11_00_00001000
	LOADI B, 0	0011_01_00_00000000
	CMP A, D	1101_00_11_00000000
	BRGE End	1111_00_11_00001110
Inner:	LOAD D, [last]	1000_11_00_00001000
	SUB D, A	0110_11_00_00000000
	CMP B, D	1101_01_11_00000000
	BRGE Iinc	1111_00_11_00001000
If:	LOADF C, [array+B]	1001_10_01_00000000
	LOADF D, [array+B+1]	1001_11_01_00000001
	CMP D, C	1101_11_10_00000000
	BRGE Jinc	1111_00_11_00000010
Swap:	STOREF [array+B], D	1011_11_01_00000000
	STOREF [array+B+1], C	1011_10_01_00000001
Jinc:	ADDI B, 1	0101_01_00_00000001
	JUMP Inner	1110_00_00_11110100
Iinc:	ADDI A, 1	0101_00_00_00000001
	JUMP Outer	1110_00_00_11101110
End:	NOOP	0000_00_00_00000000

Assembly v.s. Machine Code

		Code Memory:
.code		0011_00_00_00000000
	LOADI A, 0	
Outer:	LOAD D, [last]	1000_11_00_00001000
	LOADI B, 0	0011_01_00_00000000
	CMP A, D	1101_00_11_00000000
	BRGE End	1111_00_11_00001110
Inner:	LOAD D, [last]	1000_11_00_00001000
	SUB D, A	0110_11_00_00000000
	CMP B, D	1101_01_11_00000000
	BRGE Iinc	1111_00_11_00001000
If:	LOADF C, [array+B]	1001_10_01_00000000
	LOADF D, [array+B+1]	1001_11_01_00000001
	CMP D, C	1101_11_10_00000000
	BRGE Jinc	1111_00_11_00000010
Swap:	STOREF [array+B], D	1011_11_01_00000000
	STOREF [array+B+1], C	1011_10_01_00000001
Jinc:	ADDI B, 1	0101_01_00_00000001
	JUMP Inner	1110_00_00_11110100
Iinc:	ADDI A, 1	0101_00_00_00000001
	JUMP Outer	1110_00_00_11101110
End:	NOOP	0000_00_00_00000000

Assembly v.s. Machine Code

		Code Memory:
.code		
	LOADI A, 0	0011_00_00_00000000
Outer:	LOAD D, [last]	1000_11_00_00001000
	LOADI B, 0	0011_01_00_00000000
	CMP A, D	1101_00_11_00000000
	BRGE End	1111_00_11_00001110
Inner:	LOAD D, [last]	1000_11_00_00001000
	SUB D, A	0110_11_00_00000000
	CMP B, D	1101_01_11_00000000
	BRGE Iinc	1111_00_11_00001000
If:	LOADF C, [array+B]	1001_10_01_00000000
	LOADF D, [array+B+1]	1001_11_01_00000001
	CMP D, C	1101_11_10_00000000
	BRGE Jinc	1111_00_11_00000010
Swap:	STOREF [array+B], D	1011_11_01_00000000
	STOREF [array+B+1], C	1011_10_01_00000001
Jinc:	ADDI B, 1	0101_01_00_00000001
	JUMP Inner	1110_00_00_11110100
Iinc:	ADDI A, 1	0101_00_00_00000001
	JUMP Outer	1110_00_00_11101110
End:	NOOP	0000_00_00_00000000

Assembly v.s. Machine Code

		Code Memory:
.code		
	LOADI A, 0	0011_00_00_00000000
Outer:	LOAD D, [last]	1000_11_00_00001000
	LOADI B, 0	0011_01_00_00000000
	CMP A, D	1101_00_11_00000000
	BRGE End	1111_00_11_00001110
Inner:	LOAD D, [last]	1000_11_00_00001000
	SUB D, A	0110_11_00_00000000
	CMP B, D	1101_01_11_00000000
	BRGE Iinc	1111_00_11_00001000
If:	LOADF C, [array+B]	1001_10_01_00000000
	LOADF D, [array+B+1]	1001_11_01_00000001
	CMP D, C	1101_11_10_00000000
	BRGE Jinc	1111_00_11_00000010
Swap:	STOREF [array+B], D	1011_11_01_00000000
	STOREF [array+B+1], C	1011_10_01_00000001
Jinc:	ADDI B, 1	0101_01_00_00000001
	JUMP Inner	1110_00_00_11110100
Iinc:	ADDI A, 1	0101_00_00_00000001
	JUMP Outer	1110_00_00_11101110
End:	NOOP	0000_00_00_00000000

Assembly v.s. Machine Code

		Code Memory:
.code		
	LOADI A, 0	0011_00_00_00000000
Outer:	LOAD D, [last]	1000_11_00_00001000
	LOADI B, 0	0011_01_00_00000000
	CMP A, D	1101_00_11_00000000
	BRGE End	1111_00_11_00001110
Inner:	LOAD D, [last]	1000_11_00_00001000
	SUB D, A	0110_11_00_00000000
	CMP B, D	1101_01_11_00000000
	BRGE Iinc	1111_00_11_00001000
If:	LOADF C, [array+B]	1001_10_01_00000000
	LOADF D, [array+B+1]	1001_11_01_00000001
	CMP D, C	1101_11_10_00000000
	BRGE Jinc	1111_00_11_00000010
Swap:	STOREF [array+B], D	1011_11_01_00000000
	STOREF [array+B+1], C	1011_10_01_00000001
Jinc:	ADDI B, 1	0101_01_00_00000001
	JUMP Inner	1110_00_00_11110100
Iinc:	ADDI A, 1	0101_00_00_00000001
	JUMP Outer	1110_00_00_11101110
End:	NOOP	0000_00_00_00000000

Assembly v.s. Machine Code

		Code Memory:
.code		
	LOADI A, 0	0011_00_00_00000000
Outer:	LOAD D, [last]	1000_11_00_00001000
	LOADI B, 0	0011_01_00_00000000
	CMP A, D	1101_00_11_00000000
	BRGE End	1111_00_11_00001110
Inner:	LOAD D, [last]	1000_11_00_00001000
	SUB D, A	0110_11_00_00000000
	CMP B, D	1101_01_11_00000000
	BRGE Iinc	1111_00_11_00001000
If:	LOADF C, [array+B]	1001_10_01_00000000
	LOADF D, [array+B+1]	1001_11_01_00000001
	CMP D, C	1101_11_10_00000000
	BRGE Jinc	1111_00_11_00000010
Swap:	STOREF [array+B], D	1011_11_01_00000000
	STOREF [array+B+1], C	1011_10_01_00000001
Jinc:	ADDI B, 1	0101_01_00_00000001
	JUMP Inner	1110_00_00_11110100
Iinc:	ADDI A, 1	0101_00_00_00000001
	JUMP Outer	1110_00_00_11101110
End:	NOOP	0000_00_00_00000000

Assembly v.s. Machine Code

		Code Memory:
.code		
	LOADI A, 0	0011_00_00_00000000
Outer:	LOAD D, [last]	1000_11_00_00001000
	LOADI B, 0	0011_01_00_00000000
	CMP A, D	1101_00_11_00000000
	BRGE End	1111_00_11_00001110
Inner:	LOAD D, [last]	1000_11_00_00001000
	SUB D, A	0110_11_00_00000000
	CMP B, D	1101_01_11_00000000
	BRGE Iinc	1111_00_11_00001000
If:	LOADF C, [array+B]	1001_10_01_00000000
	LOADF D, [array+B+1]	1001_11_01_00000001
	CMP D, C	1101_11_10_00000000
	BRGE Jinc	1111_00_11_00000010
Swap:	STOREF [array+B], D	1011_11_01_00000000
	STOREF [array+B+1], C	1011_10_01_00000001
Jinc:	ADDI B, 1	0101_01_00_00000001
	JUMP Inner	1110_00_00_11110100
Iinc:	ADDI A, 1	0101_00_00_00000001
	JUMP Outer	1110_00_00_11101110
End:	NOOP	0000_00_00_00000000

Assembly v.s. Machine Code

		Code Memory:
.code		
	LOADI A, 0	0011_00_00_00000000
Outer:	LOAD D, [last]	1000_11_00_00001000
	LOADI B, 0	0011_01_00_00000000
	CMP A, D	1101_00_11_00000000
	BRGE End	1111_00_11_00001110
Inner:	LOAD D, [last]	1000_11_00_00001000
	SUB D, A	0110_11_00_00000000
	CMP B, D	1101_01_11_00000000
	BRGE Iinc	1111_00_11_00001000
If:	LOADF C, [array+B]	1001_10_01_00000000
	LOADF D, [array+B+1]	1001_11_01_00000001
	CMP D, C	1101_11_10_00000000
	BRGE Jinc	1111_00_11_00000010
Swap:	STOREF [array+B], D	1011_11_01_00000000
	STOREF [array+B+1], C	1011_10_01_00000001
Jinc:	ADDI B, 1	0101_01_00_00000001
	JUMP Inner	1110_00_00_11110100
Iinc:	ADDI A, 1	0101_00_00_00000001
	JUMP Outer	1110_00_00_11101110
End:	NOOP	0000_00_00_00000000

Assembly v.s. Machine Code

		Code Memory:
.code		
	LOADI A, 0	0011_00_00_00000000
Outer:	LOAD D, [last]	1000_11_00_00001000
	LOADI B, 0	0011_01_00_00000000
	CMP A, D	1101_00_11_00000000
	BRGE End	1111_00_11_00001110
Inner:	LOAD D, [last]	1000_11_00_00001000
	SUB D, A	0110_11_00_00000000
	CMP B, D	1101_01_11_00000000
	BRGE Iinc	1111_00_11_00001000
If:	LOADF C, [array+B]	1001_10_01_00000000
	LOADF D, [array+B+1]	1001_11_01_00000001
	CMP D, C	1101_11_10_00000000
	BRGE Jinc	1111_00_11_00000010
Swap:	STOREF [array+B], D	1011_11_01_00000000
	STOREF [array+B+1], C	1011_10_01_00000001
Jinc:	ADDI B, 1	0101_01_00_00000001
	JUMP Inner	1110_00_00_11110100
Iinc:	ADDI A, 1	0101_00_00_00000001
	JUMP Outer	1110_00_00_11101110
End:	NOOP	0000_00_00_00000000

Assembly v.s. Machine Code

		Code Memory:
.code		0011_00_dd_00000000
	LOADI A, 0	
Outer:	LOAD D, [last]	1000_11_dd_00001000
	LOADI B, 0	0011_01_dd_00000000
	CMP A, D	1101_00_11_dddddddd
	BRGE End	1111_dd_11_00001110
Inner:	LOAD D, [last]	1000_11_dd_00001000
	SUB D, A	0110_11_00_dddddddd
	CMP B, D	1101_01_11_dddddddd
	BRGE Iinc	1111_dd_11_00001000
If:	LOADF C, [array+B]	1001_10_01_00000000
	LOADF D, [array+B+1]	1001_11_01_00000001
	CMP D, C	1101_11_10_dddddddd
	BRGE Jinc	1111_dd_11_00000010
Swap:	STOREF [array+B], D	1011_11_01_00000000
	STOREF [array+B+1], C	1011_10_01_00000001
Jinc:	ADDI B, 1	0101_01_dd_00000001
	JUMP Inner	1110_dd_dd_11110100
Iinc:	ADDI A, 1	0101_00_dd_00000001
	JUMP Outer	1110_dd_dd_11101110
End:	NOOP	0000_dd_dd_dddddddd

Assembly v.s. Machine Code

		Code Memory:
.code		
	LOADI A, 0	0011_00_00_00000000
Outer:	LOAD D, [last]	1000_11_00_00001000
	LOADI B, 0	0011_01_00_00000000
	CMP A, D	1101_00_11_00000000
	BRGE End	1111_00_11_00001110
Inner:	LOAD D, [last]	1000_11_00_00001000
	SUB D, A	0110_11_00_00000000
	CMP B, D	1101_01_11_00000000
	BRGE Iinc	1111_00_11_00001000
If:	LOADF C, [array+B]	1001_10_01_00000000
	LOADF D, [array+B+1]	1001_11_01_00000001
	CMP D, C	1101_11_10_00000000
	BRGE Jinc	1111_00_11_00000010
Swap:	STOREF [array+B], D	1011_11_01_00000000
	STOREF [array+B+1], C	1011_10_01_00000001
Jinc:	ADDI B, 1	0101_01_00_00000001
	JUMP Inner	1110_00_00_11110100
Iinc:	ADDI A, 1	0101_00_00_00000001
	JUMP Outer	1110_00_00_11101110
End:	NOOP	0000_00_00_00000000

Questions?

THE END